REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE,

FOR THE YEAR

1873—74.

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GENERAL REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE,

FOR 1873–74.

PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

Sir Richard Meade, the Chief Commissioner, was absent at Baroda, on special duty, for which he was deputed by His Excellency the Viceroy from 28th October 1873 to 4th March 1874. During his absence the duties of Chief Commissioner were conducted by Mr. Gordon, the Judicial Commissioner; Colonel Pearse, the Commissioner of Nundydroog, acting as Judicial Commissioner.

2. Among the more prominent measures and events of the year may be mentioned the initiation of the "Munsiff's scheme," by its introduction into the Nundydroog Division; the commencement of the reorganization of the Police, throughout the Province; the reduction of the Siledar Force with the view of restricting its strength to 1,000 sabres; the introduction of the new Postal tariff in the local Anche Department; the commencement and completion of several new roads especially in the ghât country; the introduction of the Forest Depôt system in Ashtagram and Nagar; the modification of the still-head duty on arrack throughout the Province; the introduction of new forms of account in the Revenue Department; the exercise of systematic control over Municipalities; and the introduction of a scheme of temporary remuneration for village servants. Among minor items may be mentioned the Camp of Exercise held near Bangalore in January, at which a Regiment of Mysore Siledars acquitted itself, with credit; the improvements at the Lal Bagh carried out under Colonel Puckle's supervision, and the formation of a Keddah in the Mysore District on a plan conceived by Mr. Sanderson, in which a large number of elephants were captured.

3. The Survey and Settlement Department continued its work in the Province during the year with fair, but not exceptionally good results. There was a small decrease in the number of acres (943,655) measured. On the other hand there was a considerable increase in the number (1,051,076) of acres classified. These variations are simply due to the character of the country in which operations were carried on. The measurers worked in the "Malnad" where holdings are small and the land generally wooded, while the classifiers were occupied in the "Maidan" country, where their work was light and easy. During the year the new settlement was introduced into a portion of the Shikarpur Taluk, and all was ready for its introduction into the Sagar and Honnali Taluks. The Chief Commissioner was, however, anxious that before these important taluks were resettled, the opinion of the District Officers on the Survey Commissioner's proposals should be obtained, for he felt that not only would the additional test of accuracy thereby obtained be in itself useful, but also that it is becoming more and more imperatively necessary for District Officers to become familiarized and interested with the details of a system, the working of which will hereafter rest with them. The result was that new settlement was not introduced into the Sagar and Honnali Taluks until the close of the year under review, but there can be no question that the disadvantages caused by this delay were more than compensated for by the additional knowledge of the principles of the survey acquired by the District Officers, as well as by the advantage of criticism to the Survey Officers. It is moreover very important for the interests of the people at large that the Survey and Revenue Departments should work in unison. This was specially illustrated during the year under review in the case of boundary marks. It had formerly been usual for the Government to erect these, and subsequently to recover the cost from the ryots through the taluk authorities: but during the year under review the influence of the Revenue Officers induced the ryots to put up the marks themselves, and thus the risk of extortionate or uneven charges was avoided.

4. The work of the Inam Settlement Department fell off during the year under review; 5,261 cases of all descriptions having been registered as against 10,476 in the preceding year. The falling off may in great measure be accounted for by the experimental introduction of a new system under which all the inams belonging to one person, or entered against him in Púrnaiya's "Jari Inamti" accounts, were registered as one case

and one title-deed was granted in lieu of the previous practice of granting a separate title-deed for each "Sannad" or grant. This system involves great delay, and it is very questionable whether this new system ought to be continued, for it undoubtedly retards work, and is besides distasteful to the inamdars, who, like most other landholders, naturally prefer a separate title-deed for each estate.

5. Much progress was effected during the year in the improvement of the Police, although matters were necessarily in a transition state. The scheme which had been proposed by Mr. Mangles, under which only about twenty policemen were allotted to each taluk, broke down utterly in the Chitaldroog District, and a new scheme was partially introduced on a more liberal scale both as regards the pay and the numbers of the Force. The Chief Commissioner obtained the sanction of the Government of India to the introduction of a special rate of gratuities and pensions under which members of the old Kandachar Force can be discharged merely for "incapacity" on a somewhat lower scale of pension or gratuity than that ordinarily allowed. This measure was absolutely necessary in order to rid the Force of the numerous incapables with whom it was encumbered, and many years of careful supervision and discipline must elapse before the Mysore Police can purge itself from the evil habits of an irregular and underpaid Force.

6. The introduction of Act X of 1872 (the new Criminal Procedure Code) was the principal feature in the administration of criminal justice during the year. The effects of this measure are differently reported on. The Act has certainly afforded much needed relief to overworked Judicial Officers. but there has been a tendency to resort too often to summary procedure, which it has been found necessary to check. There was a general diminution of crime throughout the Province during the year; the total number of offences reported having been 14,164 against 16,015. There was also a diminution in the number of heinous offences.

7. Under the head of "Civil Justice" the introduction of the "Munsiff's Scheme" into the Nundydroog Division was the event of the year. This measure is an undoubted success principally owing to the care in the selection of the Munsiffs exercised by Mr. Gordon, the Judicial Commissioner. All are educated men of a type very different from that of the old-school Mysore Amildar, and the Chief Commissioner earnestly

hopes that by assiduity and perfect integrity they will not only maintain a high tone among themselves, but also raise the tone of the native officials throughout the Province, and form the nucleus of an able and independent subordinate judicial service. The relief which the appointment of Munsiffs affords to Amildars will enable those Officers to give a larger portion of their time to their revenue and miscellaneous duties, which in Mysore under the ryotvari system are heavy to an extent which Officers accustomed to the zemindari tenure of Lower-Bengal find difficult to realize. Indeed it seems doubtful whether the separation of judicial from executive functions might not with advantage be carried on considerably further. The Commissioners of Divisions are heavily burdened by their criminal and civil work; the Commissioner of Nundydroog alone disposing of an average of 90 Sessions cases per annum. Thus hampered and tied to head-quarters these Officers are prevented from giving their active personal supervision to the Districts under their charge, and it is a question whether incomplete supervision is in this instance a benefit, for the Deputy Commissioners deprived of patronage and weakened in their authority by the near presence and the constant interference of a higher official, lose interest in their Districts, and the friction between the two classes of Officers checks progress. Besides, it is doubtful whether under a purely native administration the system of Divisions and Districts could be successfully worked, for its success depends upon forbearance and unity of purpose—qualities which it is not always easy to find in a Native State. For these reasons it seems worthy of consideration whether two Civil and Sessions Judges and possibly two Revenue Commissioners might not advantageously be substituted for the three Commissioners.

8. The Forest Department in Mysore, owing to the abundance of sandalwood which is a royalty of Government, always yields a large amount, and in the year under review the net revenue was Rs. 2,87,709. The year was distinguished by the extension of the depôt system as opposed to that of licenses and vouchers. Under the new system the forests are closed to the people who have to resort to the depôts for their timber. But this scheme has latterly been shewn to be too ambitious, and considerable modifications in it have consequently been made. If the Revenue authorities can only be induced to interest themselves in forest matters, there is no reason why the license and voucher system should be a failure, and this raises a question which engaged the Chief

PART II.

I. POLITICAL.

CHANGES IN THE ADMINISTRATION.

The principal change in the Civil Administration during the year under review was the formation in the Nundydroog Division of Munsiffs' Courts. To meet the necessary cost of the scheme six taluks were abolished. Since its introduction Amildars have been relieved of all jurisdiction in civil cases, and they are thereby enabled to give more attention to their revenue duties which, partly owing to the pending introduction of the new survey and settlement, are becoming increasingly heavy. The Munsiffs are entrusted with ordinary jurisdiction up to Rs. 300 and small cause jurisdiction up to Rs. 20. Appeals from their decisions lie to the Deputy Commissioners who are vested with power to transfer such appeals to Judicial Assistants. The Judicial Assistants exercise ordinary jurisdiction from Rs. 300 to Rs 5,000. Deputy Commissioners possess original jurisdiction between Rs. 5,000, and Rs. 10,000, and Commissioners exercise original jurisdiction above Rs. 10,000 and hear appeals from the original decisions of Deputy Commissioners and Judicial Assistants. The advantages of this scheme are that it is a step towards separating judicial and executive functions, and also that it relieves all executive officers, who in Mysore are heavily burdened with work, from a large portion of their charge.

II. ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

SURVEYS AND SETTLEMENTS.

2. Revenue Survey and Settlement.—The system of survey and settlement introduced into this Province was fully described in paras 67 to 75 of the last Annual Report, and it will therefore only be necessary to notice here the results of the Survey and Settlement operations for the past year, during which period the Department continued under the control of Colonel Anderson as Survey and Settlement Commissioner.

3. *Changes in the Department.*—The strength of the Department was added to during the year by the transfer from the Beerar Survey of

Lieutenant R. L. Price, who joined the Department on the 13th November 1872, and by the return to duty from England of Captain J. W. M. Anderson, Deputy Superintendent, on the 31st March last. Mr. W. E. A. James, Assistant Superintendent, joined the Department on the 3rd April. No Probationary Assistant Superintendents were appointed during the year; Lieutenant A. McCally, the only Officer of that grade, qualified himself for independent charge on the 11th September, and relieved Captain Ward who proceeded on furlough to England.

4. *Measurement.*—The following statement shews the results of the measurement operations for the survey year from 15th November 1872 to 31st October 1873, as contrasted with the previous year:—

Year.	No. of measuring Establishments.	Average No. of chains to each establishment.	Measurement.						Average error per cent.	Average cost per acre.
			Fields.			Acres.				
			Surveyed.	Tested.	Percentage.	Surveyed.	Tested.	Percentage.		
										Rs. A. P.
1871-72	8	23	61,933	4,579	7·39	1,081,163	37,342	3·4	27·13	2 7 5
1872-73	9⅓	20	55,830	4,998	8·95	943,655	49,262	5·2	24·12	3 4 3
Increase ...	...	...	...	419	1·56	...	11,920	1·8	...	0 6 3
Decrease ...	...	3	6,103	...	...	137,508	...	...	3·1	...

5. *General Results of Measurement.*—The year under report compares unfavorably with the year previous, for, with 9⅓ measuring establishments against 8, the out-turn has been only 55,830 fields and 943,655 acres, against 61,933 fields and 1,081,163 acres in the previous year, being a decrease of 6,103 fields and 147,508 acres, nearly equivalent to the work of a full establishment.

6. Among the direct causes of this decrease may be mentioned the falling off in the average number of chains per establishment which was only 20, against 23 of the year previous. It was necessary to form a new establishment for Lieutenant Price in January, another for Mr. James in April, and to take some 8 measurers at the same time, for the Inam measuring establishment under Captain F. W. Major. It was absolutely necessary to make these arrangements, and although, for the time being, the resulting diminution of the strength of the establishments

shews unfavorably, the formation of the nucleus of new establishments will bear fruit in after years.

7. The true reason for the comparatively deficient out-turn will however be found in the *locality* in which the work was carried on. A large proportion of the land has been measured in the Malnad, and in taluks abounding with small villages and small holdings and containing but little unarable land, which little is of a wooded character.

8. The distribution of days is shewn in the following statement for the whole measuring branch :—

	1871-72.	1872-73.
Days lost on account of boundary disputes ...	5·48	6·34
Do Do Sickness ...	5·39	6·32
Do Do Non co-operation ...	2·32	2·77
Do Do Rain ..	0·93	0·24
Do Do Travelling ...	7·31	6·94
Do Do In-door work ...	1·24	2·17
Do Do Holidays, Leave, &c.,	3·62	2·30
	26·29	27·58
Actual measuring or boundary mark inspection ...	73·71	72·42
	100	100

9. A somewhat less percentage of the whole number of working days was devoted to actual work in 1872-73 than in 1871-72, but the difference is more than accounted for by the loss under sickness and boundary disputes, whilst a slight gain appears under the head of travelling.

10. *Measurement Test.*—So far as accuracy is concerned there is little left to be desired, the mean average difference between test and original work being only $\frac{24}{40}$ ths of an acre, against $\frac{27}{40}$ ths in the year previous, whilst there have been very few large errors. The original work to which the test was applied represents 8 5 per cent of fields, 5·2 per cent of the whole area, arable and unarable, and 12·1 per cent of the arable area only, whilst in the year previous these figures stood at 7·3, 3·4 and 7·6 respectively.

11. *Boundary Disputes.*—The following statement shews the area of boundary disputes and length of boundary settled personally by the Officers in charge of Measuring Establishments :—

Year.	No. of disputes.	Area conserved.	Length of boundary in miles.
1871—72	114	14,813	112
1872—73	83	8,571	116
Increase.....	...	...	4
Decrease.....	31	6,242	..

12. On the whole the work connected with boundary disputes has been less harassing than in the year previous, although many disputes which do not appear in the above statement and which were settled by mutual agreement entailed a great deal of correspondence and trouble. The small size and large number of villages in Mysore naturally add to the number of boundary disputes.

13. *Monsoon Office Work of measurement.*—The boundary mark accounts of only 46 villages remained to be finished at the close of the season, against 77 in the year previous. The mapping work progressed satisfactorily, the rough original maps remaining to be completed for only 13, and the fair maps for 28 villages. Of the latter 12 maps were of inam villages, regarding which there was no great urgency. All arrears of the year previous were wiped off, and the monsoon work generally may fairly be said to have been completed in a satisfactory manner.

14. *Classification.*—There were 3 classing establishments against $2\frac{3}{4}$ establishments in the year previous. The progress made in this branch is shewn in the following statement. The work of the classers attached to the Inam measuring establishment appears in the statement. It is discarded for the purpose of estimating the average number of classers and percentage of test on original work, but not the cost.

Year.	No. of Establishments	Average No. of Classers in each Establishment.	Classification. Fields. Classed.	Fields. Tested.	Fields. Percentage.	Acres. Classed.	Acres. Tested.	Acres. Percentage.	Average error per Acre.	Average cost per Acre.
									Rs. A. P.	
1871—72	$2\frac{3}{4}$	10	48,910	4,857	9·4	6,58,005	2,455	3·57	0 0 6	0 1 2·6
1872—73	3	10	56,784	5,296	9·3	10,51,076	37,713	3·58	0 0 5	0 0 11·5
Increase.....	$\frac{1}{4}$	...	7,874	459	0·1	3,93,070	13,158	·01	...	...
Decrease.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 0 1	0 0 3·1

Commissioner's attention during the year, *viz*, the expediency of placing Forest Assistants under the control of Commissioners. In the Madras Presidency all Forest Assistants are under the Collectors; the Conservator, or Inspector of Forests as he is termed, has no authority over the subordinates of his own Department, and his sphere of action is confined to the suggestion of measures either to the Collectors, the Board of Revenue, or the Government. This system which must be looked upon as the natural re-action from the opposite regimé which prevailed before has been found a failure, but it would not be difficult to draw up a scheme for Mysore under which the aid and supervision of Commissioners could be secured without perniciously interfering with the Conservator's authority. In respect of the future of the Province this would be a step in the right direction, for there can be little doubt that under a native administration the Forest Department *as a department*, though not necessarily as a skilled agency for the growth and preservation of timber, will disappear.

9. In the Military Department the year witnessed a reduction of the number of Siledars and a corresponding increase in their efficiency. It is intended to reduce the Force to 1,000 sabres, and with this object a liberal scale of pensions has been sanctioned by the Government of India, and the discharged men are besides encouraged to take up land. One regiment took part in the Camp of Exercise held near Bangalore and earned the approval of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

10. The Department of Public Works shewed more than ordinary progress during the year. Many new ghat-roads were begun. It is very important that the establishments should not be weakened, for it is to the Department Public Works that Government must look for the utilization of the surplus.

11. The abkari revenue engaged the Chief Commissioner's attention during the year to a great extent. The Sadar Distillery system in Mysore is not proving a success. The theory of the system is that competition among the distillers will keep down the price of the arrack. But in practice it is found that competition does not exist; the accommodation within the distillery enclosure is necessarily limited, and those distillers who are admitted, naturally combine when they find themselves within the same enclosure. The result is that the price of arraek becomes abnormally high; smuggling from Her Majesty's Territory is encouraged;

and the Government does not realize its proper share of the profits. The Chief Commissioner with a view of partially remedying this state of things raised the still-head duty on arrack to Rs. 3 in Bangalore, Rs. 2—12—0 in Mysore, and Rs. 2 elsewhere, in the belief that the increase would fall on the distillers. This was partially the case, but after the close of the year a new system was tentatively introduced into one District, which will be described in next year's report.

12. The year was on the whole not so favorable for the crops as the preceding year. During June and July there was an almost total failure of rain. In August and until October rain fell in abundance, but the late rain was also deficient.

15. *General Results of Classification.*—There is an increase as compared with the year previous of 7,874 fields and 393,071 acres, although there were only 3 establishments against 2¾. The increase is in every way large from whatever point it may be viewed. The country classed was undoubtedly easier than the scene of operations the year before, when the Ságar Taluk was classed, which, as stated in the last year's report, is one of those taluks which presents most difficulties.

16. In classing, as in measuring, great fluctuation in the amount of work turned out must be expected from year to year as the scene of operations varies.

17. In the year now under report the arable area classed has been 470,169 acres, against 314,051 in the year before, a result, the importance of which it is needless to describe.

18. The following statement shews distribution of days for the whole classification branch :—

	1871—72.	1872—73.
Days lost in testing doubtful measurement ...	3·10	3·05
Do Sickness	3·13	5·82
Do Non-co-operation	0·73	1·67
Do Rain	0·34	1·72
Do Travelling	10·65	12 16
Do In-door work	2·38	3·36
Do Holidays, leave, &c. ...	2·61	4·43
	22·94	32·21
Ordinary classification and boundary mark inspection	77·06	67·79
	100	100

19. *Classification Test.*—The amount of test applied to original work has been ample. The criterion of the amount of test applied is the percentage it bears to the original work as comprised in fields and arable area. The unarable area is gone over by the classers, but is not classed.

20. The mean average difference between test and original classification was only 5 pies, against 6 pies in the year previous, which shews that the younger classers are becoming much more steady and their work more reliable. The accuracy attained contrasts favorably with the previous year.

21. *Measurement of Inam Villages.*—In the month of April a new establishment composed at first of about 6 measurers and 2 classers under Captain F. W. Major was formed for the measurement of inam villages. The work performed by this establishment appears in the subjoined statement :—

	Villages.	Fileds.	Acres.
Measured	29	1,948	27,217
Classed	11	719	8,164

22. The above villages are scattered over the whole Province, and therefore the supervision of more than 8 measurers and 3 or 4 classers was beyond the power of the Officer in charge. The duties of the newly formed establishment were very efficiently carried out by Captain Major and as a beginning the work got through is as much as can be expected. The inamdars on the whole gave their assistance to operations very freely.

23. *Preparation and Distribution of Village Maps.*—There were only 145 villages the maps of which at the close of the year had to be copied and distributed to the local Officers. This branch of the work has never been in such an advanced state as in the year under report, but the interruption to settlement operations, alluded to in the next para, is the real cause of the apparently small arrears of work. Had Ságar and Honnali been settled as was originally intended, the mapping branch would have shewn very different figures and the arrears been quite as heavy as in former years.

SETTLEMENTS.

24. During the year the settlement was introduced into three Magnis of the Shikarpur Taluk, the remainder of the taluk having been settled in the previous year ; and all was ready for the introduction of the settlement in the Ságar and Honnali Taluks of the Shimoga District, but a discussion regarding the rates of assessment proposed by the Survey Commissioner involved the postponement of the settlement of these taluks.

25. *Cost of Operations.*—The total cost of all operations has been Rs. 2,65,322—1—5, against Rs. 2,28,108—12—4 of the year previous, shewing an increase of Rs. 37,213—5—1 as per details shewn in the subjoined statement ;—

YEARS.	Pay of Survey Commissioner.		Pay of Superintendent, Deputy Superintendent and Assistant Superintendents inclusive of supernumeraries.		Pay of Establishment.		Contingent Charge for stationery, Instruments, dead Stock, &c.		Construction of field boundary Works.		Total Expenditure.	
	Rupees.	Per cent.	Rupees.	Per cent.	Rupees.	Per cent.	Rupees.	Per cent.	Rupees.	Per cent.	Rupees.	Per cent.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1871—72	14,966 10 0	6 9 0	98,262 7 4	43 1 3	83,049 7 0	36 6 6	20,731 1 0	9 11 5	11,099 3 0	4 13 10	2,38,108 11 4	100
1872—73	14,966 10 0	5 10 3	1,30,071 9 7	49 0 4	90,261 4 3	34 0 5	1,185 12 5	7 15 9	8,836 13 2	8 5 3	2,35,322 1 5	100
Decrease, 1872—73...	...	0 14 9	...	...	...	2 6 1	...	1 1 8	2,262 5 10	1 8 7	...	...
Increase, 1872—73...	...	...	31,809 2 3	5 15 1	7,211 13 3	...	454 11 5	...	...	...	37,213 5 1	...

26. The above increase is almost entirely under the head of "Pay of Officers." As already explained it was necessary to form no less than three new measuring establishments during the year, a step which as a matter of course had the effect of, for a time, diminishing the average strength of measuring establishments and of creating great temporary disproportion between them and their supervision. This disproportion will of course disappear as the various establishments attain their full strength. The cost of the inam measuring establishment, Rs. 9,141, has moreover been included. In all other points of expenditure the year under report contrasts most favorably with the year previous, considering the number of establishments.

Cost per Acre.				Rs.	As.	P.
Measurement.	1871—72	...	...	0	2	7·5
	1872—73	...	...	0	3	4·3
Classification.	1871—72	...	...	0	1	2·6
	1872—73	...	...	0	0	11·5
Total for both Operations	1871—72	...	...	0	3	10·1
	1872—73	...	...	0	4	3·8

27. The cost per acre for all operations has thus been increased by 5·7 pies, the chief causes of the increase being (1) the extra and unusual expense of the establishment employed upon inam villages ; (2) the temporary disproportion between establishments and supervision ; and (3) the great natural difficulty of the country measured. The out-turn by the classing branch has fortunately been exceptionally large, otherwise the cost per acre for all operations would have been greatly increased. Some of the best measurers have been employed during the year under report on work which gives no return in acres, such as the fixing in of roads, streams, village junctions, &c., with a view to improving the taluk maps. This work has been carried out at the expense of the show of acres, but its importance is so great as to make the loss of a few acres measured a matter for little regret.

28. Of the 75 taluks comprised in the Province, exclusive of Yelandur Jahagir, Survey operations have as yet been extended to 36. The progress made in the survey and assessment of the several taluks from the commencement of operations in 1863—64, up to the close of the survey year ending 31st October 1873, is shewn below:—

Taluks of which the measurement and classification have been completed and the new rates of assessment have been introduced.	Taluks of which the measurement and classification has been completed but the Survey rates of assessment have not as yet been introduced.	Taluks of which the measurement has been completed and the classification is still in progress.	Taluks of which the measurement is still in progress.
1. Harihar	1. Honnali	1. Panvalor	1. Kavaledurga
2. Davangere	2. Sagar	2. Gudibanda	2. Nagar
3. [illegible]ppa	3. Shimoga	3. Nelamangala	3. Chiknayakanhall
4. Chitaldroog	4. Anantapur	4. Honnavalli	4. Magadi
5. Hosdurga	5. Koratagere		5. Belur
6. Hiriyur			6. Harnhalli
7. Budihal			7. Kadur
8. Pavagada			8. Tarikere
9. Dodéri			9. Lakvalli
10. Mokálmuru			10. Koppa
11. Sorab			11. Banavara
12. Chennagiri			12. Maddagiri
13. Shikarpur			
14. Sira			
15. Túmkúr			

29. The following table exhibits at a glance the actual area measured and classed, the cost per acre and the total cost of the Survey operations in each year from the commencement of the Department in 1863—64 up to the close of the survey year ending 31st October 1873:—

Years.	Total area arable and unarable.				Cost of both operations per acre.	Total Cost of Survey.
	Measured.		Classed.			
	Acres.	Cost per acre.	Acres.	Cost per acre.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1863—64 ...	291,595	0 2 3·75	200,176	0 0 11·00	0 8 2·75	53,675 0 0
1864—65 ...	307,288	0 1 11·00	248,244	0 0 10·50	0 2 9·50	74,810 0 0
1865—66 ...	817,304	0 1 8·25	454,620	0 0 7·75	0 2 4·00	1,04,873 0 0
1866—67 ...	743,041	0 2 0·50	478,996	0 0 8·25	0 0 8·75	1,14,764 0 0
1867—68 ...	789,780	0 2 0·74	669,521	0 0 9·16	0 2 9·90	1,33,733 0 0
1868—69 ...	995,428	0 2 3·55	680,645	0 0 11·06	0 3 2·61	1,82,078 11 3
1869—71 ...	1,015,756	0 2 6·94	526,567	0 1 2·70	0 3 9·67	2,04,069 0 5
1871—72 ...	972,819	0 2 10·74	938,142	0 0 7·77	0 3 6·51	2,17,503 11 8
1872—73 ...	1,081,163	0 2 7·59	658,005	0 1 2·64	0 3 10·23	2,28,108 12 4
1873—74 ...	943,655	0 3 4·35	1,057,076	0 0 11·52	0 4 3·87	2,65,322 1 5
Total						

30. In addition to the figures given above 410,840 acres were measured and 344,750 acres were classed during the five months from 1st November 1873 to 31st March last. This work will appear in the

report of the Survey operations for the Survey year ending 31st October 1874.

31. It will not be out of place to state here that the villagers are now erecting their own boundary marks more generally than has ever before been the case. They erect all the marks themselves as a community, and no boundary mark accounts are required. Thus the ill-feeling which often arises when the agency of Government is employed in the erection of boundary marks is avoided, and the recovery of the boundary mark money by the taluk authorities, which is a fertile source of complaint, is escaped.

32. Considerable attention has been paid during the past year to seeing that the village accounts, the basis of all good financial administration, were properly kept, and much has been done to effect an improvement in the mode of preparing and keeping village accounts.

33. A temporary scale of remuneration for village officers has been in the past year completely introduced into all settled taluks, pending the introduction of the final scale of remuneration, which has been recently sanctioned by the Government of India.

INAM SETTLEMENT.

34. The theory of the Inam Settlement, its rules, and the nature of the constitution of the Commission were fully explained in paras 82 to 85 of the previous year's report. It is therefore sufficient here to review the operations of the year ending with the 31st March 1874.

35. During that period Colonel Anderson was in charge of the Inam Department as its Commissioner and Colonel Puckle continued to officiate as Inam Superintendent. The only important change in the *personnel* of the Department was the transfer of Mr. Assistant Soob Rao on probation for one year to the 6th Grade in the General Department, ordered by the Chief Commissioner with the approval of the Government of India on the 15th May 1874, for the benefit of the public service, Mr. Soob Rao's place in the Inam Department being supplied by Mr. T. Kitto, an Assistant Commissioner in the General Department.

36. No new taluks were taken up by the Inam Assistants during the year, their operations having been confined to the marginally noted taluks which were taken up in the previous year, and to the settlement of certain stray cases in the taluks already settled, for which absent inamdars turned up and presented statements.

Devanhalli.
Hoskot.
Malhagel.

37. The number of cases of all description registered in the year was 5,261, as against 10,476 of the previous year. There was thus the large falling off of 5,215 cases, which is ascribed to the same causes as operated in 1872—73; added to which the Assistants had, during the greater part of the year, to go over the same ground in the re-arrangement of the previously recorded inams, according to the recently introduced grantvar system, which consists in the registration as one case of each group of inams entered against one person in the standard inamti accounts, in supersession of the previous practice of clubbing into one case only such of the inams as came into existence under one sannad or grant, and confirming them under distinct title-deeds. The grantvar system however has been only tentatively introduced for one year, at the end of which a report has been called for as to its working, and it is very doubtful whether the system will be continued in force any longer; for it undoubtedly retards work and is distasteful to the inamdars. There were at the close of the preceding official year 3,448 cases pending in the Central Office, as against 7,107 remaining at the close of the year previous.

38. During the year under review the Assistants transmitted 5,371 cases, or 4,948 less than in the preceding year, making a total of 8,819, as against 17,426 in 1872—73. Of these 7,936 cases were disposed of as against 13,978 in 1872—73, leaving a balance of 883 cases on the 31st March 1874, or 2,565 less than the balance remaining at the close of the preceding official year.

39. In the statement given in the margin are shewn the results of the operations of the Inam Department during the year under report, and they are contrasted in their financial aspect with those obtained in the previous year. The quit-rent charged on inams confirmed in the year amounted to Rs. 4,240—7—4, as against Rs. 11,874—7—10 of the year before, resulting in a decrease of Rs. 7,634-0-6 which is attributable partly to the *ad-interim* quit-rent on whole inam villages being computed on the old assessment and partly to the comparatively smaller number of inams disposed of as above shewn.

How disposed of—	No. of Cases.	Area, Dry. K.	Dry. P.	Wet. K.	Wet. P.	Garden. K.	Garden. P.	Garden. D.	Total. K.	Total. P.	Total. D.	Assessment, Rs.	Assessment, A.	Assessment, P.	Former Jodi. Rs.	Former Jodi. A.	Former Jodi. P.	Quit-rent. Rs.	Quit-rent. A.	Quit-rent. P.	Combined Quit-rent. Rs.	Combined Quit-rent. A.	Combined Quit-rent. P.
Confirmed ...	3,022	2,253 15	6¼	3,524 6	9	13 5	43	24,996	5,791 7		4¼	40,873	15	7	17,213	1	8	4,240	7	4	21,453	9	0
Mahad cash payments ...	102	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	553	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Resumed ...	757	45 5	7¼	837 19	1¼	7 14	7¼	956	590 19		0	3,542	3	3	335	11	8	3,156	7	7	...	...	...
Struck off ...	633	46 4	13¼	745 6	13	0 4	14¾	9	791 14		9	5,385	2	7	363	8	2	5,021	10	5	5,385	2	7
Village Service Inams ..	3,422	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,032	...		7,032	...			...			...			...		
Total.	7,936	2,345 5	11	4,807 12	7½	21 4	10¾	32,984	7,174 2		13¼	50,354	13	5	17,962	5	6	12,418	9	4	26,838	11	7
Combined Quit-Rent for 1872—73 ...	...	... ...	...	... ...	...	... ...	...	...	... ...		...	...			...			...			74,395	12	10
																		Decrease			47,557	1	3

40. The total quit-rent due for 1873—74 was shewn by the Inam Superintendent at Rs. 40,825, but the amount realized as per Treasury accounts during the revenue year from July 1873 to June 1874 was Rs. 19,389 only. It is possible that some of the Districts may have mixed up quit-rent with other sub-heads of land revenue, but the discrepancy being

sufficiently large to call for special enquiry, a circular order No. 6647,—Revenue 43, dated 10th December 1874, has been addressed to the several Deputy Commissioners concerned, as well as to the Inam Superintendent, calling upon them to render such explanation as they can afford regarding the difference in question.

41. Eight hundred and twelve religious and charitable inams assessed at Rs. 8,234—12—0 were confirmed, as against 2,771 and rupees 52,570—3—11 respectively of the previous year. Of those 438 were confirmed on rent-free tenure, 168 on the existing jodi, and 206 were charged with a quit-rent of $\frac{1}{8}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$ of the assessment under the rules to cover defect of title or validity.

42. Of personal and miscellaneous inams 1,439 bearing an assessment of Rs 29,021—9—10 were settled, as against 4,707 and rupees 93,687—6—6 respectively in the previous year. Of those 953 were charged with $\frac{1}{8}$th, 3 with $\frac{1}{4}$th, and the remaining 483 with $\frac{1}{2}$ quit-rent. In the year under report it will be observed with satisfaction that the holders of inam villages having the option of refusal agreed to enfranchise their holdings by assenting to the *ad-interim* quit-rent, there being but one minor inamdar who declined enfranchisement, owing perhaps to the insignificant value of his inam which is assessed at not more than 8 annas.

43. Four hundred and ninety-six kodigi cases were registered during the year under report, as against 33 in 1872—73. They were brought on the registers, but title-deeds were not issued, as at the time final orders had not been received on the general question of kodigi tanks. Of these cases 5 had no land attached to the grant, the inam consisting merely of a certain share in the out-turn of the crop from the land cultivated under the irrigation works concerned.

44. During the current year 147 kodigi inams assessed at rupees 2,417—0—6 were resumed, as against 218 inams in 1872—73.

45. The Government of India having on the Chief Commissioner's recommendation sanctioned the abolition of the kodigi system, as being unsuited to the present state of the irrigation question, orders have been issued to resume no more kodigi inams for default of the performance of the condition of service attached to them. It is however under the Chief Commissioner's contemplation again to move

the Government of India to reconsider that part of their order which directs the confirmation of the inams in question without any recompense to the State, with a view to their holders being made to contribute an equivalent in money for the privilege of being divested of the obligation of service which they were bound to render at their own cost in the construction and up-keep of works to which their inams have been attached.

46. Of kodigi inams situated in inam villages and attached to kodigi tanks belonging to the inamdars of whole villages, 19 were confirmed on the existing tenure. There was but one case of a bavadi dasavandam or inam granted for the up-keep of wells dug by private individuals for the irrigation of Government lands, as against 575 cases settled in the year previous, and that one case was confirmed on the existing tenure under the marginally noted orders of the Chief Commissioner.

Secy.'s No. 2172—442, dated 23rd July 1872, and No. 782—43 of 12th May 1873.

47. The village service inams alluded to in the statement given in the margin of para 39 above, were granted for service rendered to the Government. During the year under report 3,422 inams of this description (A) were registered and reserved for final disposal by the Survey Department, as against 3,104 of the previous year.

A. 1. Shanbhog. 2. Patel. 3. Talari. 4. Nirganti. 5. Toti.

48. There is another class of service inams (B) not included in the statement referred to, which consist of those granted in return for service rendered by artizans to the village communities, and of this class 360 inams were confirmed free, 277 on the existing jodi, and 112 on the full rates of quit-rent properly imposable, making a total of 749 cases, as against 448 of the preceding year.

B. 1. Carpenter. 2. Blacksmith. 3. Goldsmith and Shroff. 4. Barber. 5. Washerman. 6. Potter.

49. One hundred and fifty whole inam villages, *viz.*, 9 devadaya, 141 personal, were confirmed during the year under report, as against 129 in 1872—73. Under the orders in force the Inam Department have only imposed an *ad-interim* quit-rent on those holdings, the proper and final quit-rent being fixed by the Survey and Settlement Department when they come under the operations of the latter.

50. Two hundred and sixty-eight inams were placed for default of inamdars' attendance under attachment in accordance with Rule XIII.

No. of Inams attached in 1873—74.	Area.	Assessment.	Jodi.	No. of Inams attached in 1872—73.	Assessment.
	K. K. P.				
268	130 6 7	3,523 4 11	2,136 6 6	158	985 11 6

51. The above shews an apparent increase of 110 cases in the year under review; but it must be explained that 139 of the inams under attachment were released on the attendance of the inamdars, so that only 129 remained under sequestration on the 31st March 1874.

52. The following statement affords a comparative view of the resumption of inam lands made on account of the variety of causes described in para 131 of last year's report, and calls for no special remarks.

	No. of Cases.	Dry.	Wet.	Garden.	Total Area.	Assessment.	Former Jodi.	Net Amount.
		K. K. P.	K. K. P.	K. K. P. D.	K. K. P. D.			
1873—74	557	45 5 7¼	537 19 1½	7 14 7¼ 956	590 19 0 956	3,542 3 3	385 11 8	3,156 7 7
		Acres.	Acres	Acres.	Acres.			
1872—73	1,656	979 49	1,370 57	109 87	2,459 93	9,244 14 1	1,714 7 4	7,530 6 9
Increase		...	...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	...
Decrease	1,099	...	...	... ...	... ...	5,702 10 10	1,328 11 8	4,373 15 2

53. Six hundred and thirty-three inams bearing an assessment of Rs. 5,385—2—7 and subject to a jodi of Rs. 363—8—2 were struck off the accounts, as against 286 assessed at Rs. 5,076—15—1 and charged with a jodi of Rs. 662—6—11 of the previous year.

54. These nominal inams consisted (*a*) of lands which though registered as inam contained no net jari after the deduction for "Nashta" was made, (*b*) of non-existent inams, and (*c*) of lands fraudulently claimed as inam though paying full assessment at the time. These results are, it is true, merely nominal, and will not bring in any additional revenue to the State exchequer, but they are not the less useful for that reason, inasmuch as they tend to simplify accounts by divesting them of all unreal entries and making them represent the actually existing state of things more correctly than has hitherto been the case.

55. The total income from all sources amounted to Rs. 9,624—14-3, and the total expenditure was Rs. 66,495—9—0, as against 72,591—1—7 of the year before. Of the amount of receipts, Rs. 2,027—8—10 were from miscellaneous sources, such as savings from pay, fines, stamp duty and the like, but the balance of Rs. 7,597—5—5 or 11·42 per cent of the year's outlay represents a clear permanent addition to the annual revenue of the Province in the shape of quit-rent and the value of resumptions. The Inam Commissioner has not stated however what proportion of the said addition is the result of the resumption of waste lands, which will not of course bring in any immediate increase of revenue to the Government.

56. The results of the operations of the Department from the institution of the Commission to the 31st March 1874 can be conveniently seen in the subjoined table, which, excluding all miscellaneous items, exhibits, at the close of 1873-74, a permanent annual addition to the revenue, from the imposition of quit-rent on inams confirmed, and the net value of those resumed, of Rs. 63,451 at a cost of Rs. 5,54,185, which, omitting fractions, represents the total outlay incurred by the State on account of the Department from 1868 to the close of the past official year.

Year.	Total Annual Addition.	Total.
1868—69	4,915	4,915
Addition in 1869—70	4,974	
Total for Do	9,889	9,889
Addition in 1870—71	9,885	
Total for Do	19,774	19,774
Addition in 1871—72	16,642	
Total for Do	36,416	36,416
Addition in 1872—73	19,438	
Total for Do	55,854	55,854
Addition in 1873—74	7,597	
Total for Do	63,451	63,451
Total recouped to 31st March 1874...	..	1,90,299

WASTE LANDS.

57. The total unoccupied culturable waste land at the disposal of Government in the year under report may be reckoned at 2,918,600 acres, as per subjoined particulars :—

	Acres.
Balance available at the close of the year 1872—73 ...	2,846,194
Resigned during the year 1873—74, being chiefly Bateyi wet land	72,406
Total	2,918,600

58. Of this extent, 43,108 acres were taken up for purposes noted in the * margin during the year 1873—74, leaving a balance of 2,875,492 acres, in which are included 285,590 acres of pasture reserves called Amrut Mahal Kavals in the possession of the Madras Government, and the Palace of His Highness the Maharaja.

	Acres.
*Granted on usual application	42,894
Sold to the highest bidder on competition ...	140
Granted or sold for building purposes ...	74
Total	43,108

59. No rules under which waste lands can be sold in fee-simple are in force in this Province.

60. The rules regulating the grant of waste lands for coffee and cardamom cultivation in Mysore are given in pages 27 to 29 of the Report for 1872—73.

61. The unculturable waste lands in the Province comprise an area of 14,090 square miles, or 14,090,314 acres.

GOVERNMENT ESTATES.—WARDS' ESTATES.

62. There are no estates falling under this head, except those mentioned in para 143 of the last Annual Report.

III. PROTECTION.

POLICE.

63. The principal feature of the year was the progress made in the reorganization of the Police in seven out of the eight Districts, and the subject will accordingly be briefly noticed.

64. In the Administration Report for Mysore last published, it was stated that, in consequence of a long felt necessity for an improved organization of the Police system in Mysore, certain principles had been laid down as the basis for a comprehensive scheme for the whole Province, and that rules drawn up in accordance with those principles had been sanctioned by the Government of India at the close of the then past year.

65. One of the principal features of this scheme was the recognition of the Village Police, and its utilization after being restored to a condition of reasonable vigor and efficiency as the basis for the future Police system of the Province. The first step therefore to be taken towards the adoption of the scheme in its integrity was the resettlement of the Village Police, and this was regarded as dependent on the progress of the Revenue Survey. It was accordingly observed in the last report that, the greater portion of the Chitaldroog District being surveyed and settled, the new measure was being introduced into it in its integrity, the restoration of the Village Police being provided for by the Survey Department.

66. The scale both as regards strength and pay according to this scheme was based upon two important conditions, *viz.*, that every officer and man of the Force is thoroughly efficient in all respects, and that the Village Police is rendered fairly efficient, and performs the duties assigned to it under the scheme. Subject to these conditions the numerical strength of the Force was placed on the lowest possible scale.

67. The scheme was introduced in its integrity into the Chitaldroog District some time before the close of the year. But it at once became apparent that the above necessary conditions were as yet defective in that District. The men available for employment in the new constabu-

lary were necessarily taken from those belonging to the old Kandachar Force, and could not for some time to come be regarded as efficient for the new duties required of them. Similarly, the Village Patels were wholly illiterate and incapable of performing in a trustworthy manner the duties prescribed for them under the new system. From all these causes the introduction of the scheme in this District was beset with difficulties, and it was found necessary to adopt an *ad-interim* measure at a slightly enhanced cost, which provided for a greater strength of men than that contemplated in the sanctioned scheme, while the rates of pay were reduced below the scale adopted in it. This *ad-interim* or provisional measure was sanctioned since the close of the year under report.

68. *Revision of Police in other Districts.*—With regard to the other Districts of the Province, the progress of the Survey and Settlement is as yet only partially advanced, and the satisfactory adjustment of the remuneration of the village officials cannot therefore be finally dealt with for some time to come. The same difficulties that have been experienced in introducing the scheme into Chitaldroog, exist to a greater or less degree in all the other Districts, and it is proposed, pending the replacement of the Village Police on a footing which will admit of their performing in a fair degree the duties expected of them under the scheme, to revise provisionally the present Kandachar Force in each District (1) by reducing its strength to about the standard of the Bangalore District Police, all officers and men unfitted for police duties being removed from the Force, (2) by raising to moderate rates the pay of the officers and men, (3) by providing for the due instruction of all classes of the Force in police duties, and requiring the officers to pass an examination in those subjects which they should know, and (4) by regulating the duties and responsibilities of and the respective relations of the Police and the Magistracy in accordance with the rules sanctioned by the Government of India.

69. It is hoped that this measure, which is being gradually carried out in these Districts, will be productive of satisfactory results, and will pave the way for the eventual effectual introduction of the sanctioned scheme in its integrity. During the year under review reductions with the above object were effected in the Mysore and Hassan Police, by the removal of unqualified and unserviceable men whose vacancies as well as those created by casualties remained unfilled; arrangements were made

for imparting instruction in their duties to the Police in Mysore, Hassan, Kadur and Túmkúr; and in the last mentioned District also the Force was materially reduced and some progress was made in placing it upon a more efficient footing.

70. *Results—Strength and Cost and Variations therein.*—The strength of the organized Police in all the Districts was 5,472 at the close of the year, against 6,440 at the commencement, shewing a reduction of 968 men. The cost of the Force was Rs. 4,70,491, as against Rs. 5,05,652 in 1872. Of this sum, Rs. 4,08,888 or 87 per cent were borne by Government, and the remainder or 13 per cent was met from Local or Municipal Funds. Subjoined is a statement shewing the variations in strength and cost in each District:—

Statement A.

District.	Strength.			Cost.		
	1872.	1873.	Difference.	1872.	1873.	Difference.
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Bangalore	996	1,017	+21	1,35,853	1,36,679	+827
2. Kolar	915	875	—40	58,578	54,744	—4,134
3. Túmkúr	751	611	—140	42,142	43,421	+1,279
4. Mysore	1,323	1,070	—253	88,240	78,145	—10,095
5. Hassan	693	541	—152	47,321	36,856	—10,465
6. Shimoga	722	659	—63	52,693	46,092	—6,601
7. Kadur	430	491	+61	36,465	29,914	—6,551
8. Chitaldroog	610	208	—402	44,160	44,640	+480
Total.....	6,440	5,472	968	5,05,652	4,70,491	35,161

71. In Chitaldroog there was a large decrease in the numerical strength without a corresponding decrease in the cost. This was because, as already explained, the sanctioned scheme was introduced in its integrity. In Mysore and Hassan the decrease in strength as well as cost is due to the discharge of men found unfit and their vacancies remaining unfilled in order to facilitate a revision of the establishment. In Túmkúr where a reduction in strength and an increase in cost are shewn, the District Magistrate remarks that a "great deal was done during the year to render the Police more efficient." In Kolar, Shimoga and Kadur it is remarked that the Police continue to be employed on revenue and miscellaneous duties not strictly pertaining to the Police, and that the Police Budget is thus charged with the cost of work of other departments—a condition of things which the new organization will remedy.

72. The strength of the Cantonment Police of Bangalore is stated to have been the same during the past ten years, during which the Cantonment has much increased in area and population, while its duties have otherwise been much enhanced by the introduction of the Contagious Diseases and other Acts. Further the pay of the Inspectors has been found too low to attract and to retain competent men. A revision of the Force on these points was considered to be imperatively called for, and since the close of the year under review measures with this object have been provisionally adopted, pending the orders of the Government of India. The charge of both the Town and District Police of Bangalore, which had devolved upon the Assistant Superintendent of Police, was found too heavy for a single officer to administer, and that of the latter was accordingly transferred to the Deputy Commissioner of the District at the close of the year.

73. The necessity for affording the District Officers some relief from the minor executive details of the Police of their Districts having been strongly urged by the Judicial Commissioner, one of the General Assistants in each District has during the current year been placed in special charge of its Police, under the Deputy Commissioner's orders and control. This measure, which was no doubt urgently called for, will, it is hoped, greatly facilitate the reorganization now in progress.

Bangalore District.

74. *Cognizable Cases.*—Exclusive of 598 cases which after investigation were struck off as false in 1873 against 421 in 1872, there were 1,716 cases of offences cognizable by the Police. Of these 1,291 cases or 75·2 per cent were brought to trial, and 425 or 24·8 per cent escaped detection. The cases were distributed as follows over the different classes of crime :—

	True Cases.	Cases convicted.
I. Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety and justice	7	4
II. Serious offences against the person	82	41
III. Do Do against property or against person and property	166	56
IV. Minor offences against the person	9	4
V. Do Do against property	545	315
VI. Other offences including public and local nuisance cases ...	907	871
Total.....	1,716	1,291

75. *Persons involved in cognizable cases.*—The number of persons arrested was 2,254, of whom 203 were released without trial,

81 were discharged or acquitted after trial, 1,882 or 83·5 per cent of those arrested were convicted, 9 escaped, died or were transferred before trial, and 79 remained pending final disposal at the close of the year.

76. *Property stolen and portion thereof recovered.*—Property to the value of 18,934 Rs. was represented to have been stolen in 492 cases, of which 4,577 Rs. worth was recovered in 252 cases.

77. *Heinous Offences.*—Subjoined are particulars connected with a few of the more heinous offences:—

Offences.	True Cases.		Persons.		
	No. reported.	No. convicted.	Arrested.	Put on Trial.	Convicted
Murder	10	6	23	13	10
Attempt to murder	3	2	2	2	2
Culpable homicide	5	4	15	10	9
Grievous hurt	5	1	8	4	4
Rape	2	0	0	0	0
Dacoity	2	1	7	6	6
Robbery	13	4	32	7	7
Theft, ordinary	428	248	404	341	326
Theft (cattle)	34	25	54	43	41
Burglary	135	43	94	71	70

78. *Non-cognizable Cases.*—Of non-cognizable offences, there were 202 cases in which the police were employed. They arrested or summoned 233 persons as involved in them, but only 177 of these were convicted.

79. *Conduct of the Police.—Rewards and Punishments.*—Sixty five officers and 240 men were either judicially or departmentally punished; of these the cases of 9 officers and 109 men were those of forfeiture of pay for absence without leave. On the other hand, 60 members of the Force were rewarded by promotion and one by award of money.

80. *Instruction.*—Forty-three per cent of the officers and 17 per cent of the men could read and write, and 17 per cent of the officers and 5 per cent of the men were under instruction during the year.

Other Districts.

81. Statistical Returns A to G were kept for the first time in the Districts other than Bangalore in 1873. The returns are yet but imperfectly understood, and this tends to make the figures doubtful.

82. *Cognizable Cases.*—Exclusive of false cases which were struck off the file, the number of reported cases cognizable by the police aggregated 3,699. Of these, convictions were obtained in 1,691 cases, or in 45·7 per cent of the total number. The remaining 2,098 escaped detection. The cases were distributed as follows over the several classes of offences :—

	True Cases.	Cases convicted.
I. Offences against the State, public justice, safety and tranquillity...	67	40
II. Serious offences against the person	391	149
III. Serious offences against property, or property and person ...	879	229
IV. Minor offences against the person..	97	43
V. Minor offences against property	2,039	1,033
VI. Others offences including cases of public and local nuisance ...	226	197
Total.....	* 3,699	1,691

83. *Persons involved in Cognizable Cases.*—The number of persons arrested was 7,269, of whom 2,353 were released without trial, 1,581 were discharged or acquitted after trial, 2,879 were convicted, 77 escaped died or were transferred, and 379 were pending final disposal at the end of the year.

84. *Property lost and the portion recovered.*—Property to the value of Rs. 95,770 was represented to have been stolen in 1,553 cases, of which 22,284 rupees worth was recovered in 1,205 cases.

85. *Heinous Offences.*—Subjoined are a few particulars connected with some of the more heinous offences:—

Offences.	True Cases.		Persons.		
	No. reported.	No. convicted.	Arrested.	Put on Trial.	Convicted.
Murder	48	19	162	104	46
Attempt to murder	17	6	41	22	10
Culpable homicide...	22	9	36	25	13
Grievous Hurt	67	29	151	115	62
Dacoity	49	12	274	137	45
Robbery	172	52	476	191	92
Theft	1,644	903	2,938	1,932	1,265
Burglary	566	143	818	463	246

* Of these 322 are false cases not struck off, and included in the Returns of the Shimoga District.

86. *Offences against human life.*—From the figures noted in the margin, it will be observed that the three classes of offences against human life above noted are distributed more or less equally over all the Districts; but the operations of the police in regard to them appear in the worst light in Mysore, Kadur and Shimoga, and to the best advantage in Kolar and Hassan. It is possible that these unsatisfactory results in the case of the former may be due to the Force being under-handed in consequence of vacancies created by casualties, and by the discharge of unserviceable men not having been filled up.

	True Cases.		Persons.		
	Reported.	Convicted.	Arrested.	Put on trial.	Convicted.
Murder.					
Kolar ...	6	5	32	22	20
Túmkúr ...	8	3	30	27	8
Mysore ...	7	0	16	13	0
Hassan ...	8	7	42	16	10
Kadur ...	3	0	11	2	0
Shimoga ...	7	1	15	15	1
Chitaldroog ...	9	3	16	9	7
Total.....	48	19	162	104	46
Attempt to murder.					
Kolar ...	2	2	2	2	2
Túmkúr ..	3	1	9	7	4
Mysore ...	4	1	4	2	1
Hassan ...	1	1	8	1	1
Kadur ...	3	1	9	7	2
Shimoga ...	3	0	8	2	0
Chitaldroog ...	1	0	1	1	0
Total.....	17	6	41	22	10
Culpable homicide.					
Kolar ...	2	2	3	3	3
Túmkúr ...	5	1	7	5	2
Mysore ...	7	3	10	6	3
Hassan ...	2	1	6	3	2
Kadur ...	3	0	5	4	0
Shimoga ...	1	0	1	0	0
Chitaldroog ...	2	2	4	4	3
Total.....	22	9	36	25	13

87. *Non-cognizable Offences.* Of non-cognizable offences there were 626 cases in which the police were employed. They arrested or summoned 1,426 persons as concerned in them, and of this number about half, *viz.*, 718, were convicted.

88. *Conduct of the Police.—Rewards and Punishments.*—Sixty-two officers and 745 men were either judicially or departmentally punished. On the other hand but six members of the Force were rewarded by promotion.

89. *Instruction.*—Eighty per cent of the officers and 20 of the men could read and write, and 16 per cent of the officers and 10 of the men were under instruction.

90. The police operations of the year shew indications of progress, which, with continued care and attention on the part of the District

Magistrates, aided by the Assistants specially employed on police duty in each District, will be more apparent as the provisional scheme of revision is carried out. But this cannot be the case unless every District Officer recognizes the imperative necessity for vigorous exertion on his part to effect the desired object. While some Deputy Commissioners have really improved the condition and working of the police of their Districts by their own commendable efforts, others have done little or nothing in this direction.

91. The main difficulty against which the Police of Mysore has to contend is that to which all agencies comparatively in their infancy are exposed—*viz.*, the want of trained men. The fact that the Province had for long possessed a notoriously inefficient police must be looked upon rather as a danger to be faced than as an aid to organization, for there can be no doubt that the evil habits of the old Kandachar Force will not easily be rooted out and will be for some time traceable in the new police. With the view of lessening the influence of these old habits by an infusion of fresh blood, the Chief Commissioner procured the sanction of His Excellency the Governor General in Council to the introduction of a set of provisional rules for the grant of pension and gratuity to discharged members of the Force. These rules merely require the Deputy Commissioner to certify that the discharged Police Officer is *inefficient*, and dispense with a certificate of absolute incapacity for further service. On the other hand the scale of pensions and gratuities awarded is lower than that in force under the Regular Rules.

92. Another difficulty is presented by the delicacy of the task of harmonizing the action of a regular police with that of the village servants, but it is hoped that these and other impediments will be overcome by the exertions of District Officers joined to those of the Judicial Commissioner and his subordinate the Deputy Inspector General of Police.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

93. During the year Act X of 1872, the new Criminal Procedure Code, came into force. It is doubtful whether this enactment has proved altogether a success in Mysore. It has certainly afforded relief to overworked Judicial Officers, but on the other hand there has been a tendency on the part of some Officers to resort to summary trials more frequently than the exigencies of the case demanded. It has become necessary to

issue instructions in order to check this abuse, and to enjoin greater care and discretion upon Magistrates in the exercise of the authority conferred upon them by the Act.

94. *Reported Crime.*—The total number of offences reported during the year 1873 aggregated 14,164, as compared with 16,015 in 1872, being a decrease of 1,851 or 11·5 per cent, and with reference to the number of 1871, the decrease in crime was 30·3 per cent.

95. *Comparison of Crime in* 1872 *and* 1873.—The number of offences reported during the years 1872 and 1873 are compared below:—

Offences.	Nundydroog.		Ashtagram.		Nagar.		Total.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
I. Against State, Public Justice, &c.	385	1,597	448	419	410	249	1,243	2,265
II. Against person	4,2[illegible]8	3,117	2,[illegible]3	1,[illegible]2	1,518	1,8[illegible]5	[illegible]59	6,405
III. Against property	1,830	1,[illegible]3	1,[illegible]4	[illegible]54	1,243	1,244	[illegible]97	4,186
IV. Against Special Laws	1,24[illegible]	708	1[illegible]8	365	193	255	1,736	1,[illegible]08
Total.....	7,898	7,330	4,963	3,740	3,164	3,094	16,015	14,164

96. There was a general diminution of crime throughout the Province, except in the Kolar and Shimoga Districts, where there was an increase. The largest decrease was in the Ashtagram Division.

97. Of the total number of offences reported, 51·8 per cent were in the Nundydroog Division, 26·4 per cent in Ashtagram and 21·8 per cent in Nagar. These proportions are nearly the same as in 1872. But on reference to the classes of offences, considerable variation is observable, as can be gathered from the subjoined table of the percentages of offences of each class to the total number for the whole Province and for each of the Divisions during 1872 and 1873.

Class of Offences.	Nundydroog.		Ashtagram.		Nagar.		Total.	
	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873
I. Against State	36·9	70·5	43·0	18·5	20·1	11·0	100	100
II. Against person	51·8	48·7	29·8	30·0	18·4	21·3	100	100
III. Against property	37·8	45·6	37·3	24·[illegible]	24·9	29·7	100	100
IV. Against Special Laws. ...	77·5	54·1	11·4	27·9	11·1	18·[illegible]	100	100
Total.....	49·2	51·8	31·0	26·4	19·8	21·8	100	100

98. *Offences against the State.*—Offences against the State, public justice, &c., have apparently increased, the number reported during the year under review being more than double the aggregate of 1872. Nearly the whole of this increase was in the Nundydroog Division, and it was chiefly in the number of "nuisances under Police, Municipal and Local Acts," under which head alone there are exhibited 703 offences as compared with none in the previous year. In the statement for 1872, there were 900 offences entered opposite to the heads of breaches of laws relating to the Municipalities and the Police in Class IV, while for the year under review, only 178 offences are entered under these headings. It therefore seems clear that there has been some transposition of figures in the statement for the Nundydroog Division, due probably to the ambiguous character of the headings above referred to. Another class of offences falling under Class I, in which there is a large increase in the same Division, is "Frivolous and vexatious complaints." There were 545 such complaints as compared with only 33 in 1872. It is a matter of considerable surprise that there should be such a very great variation in the number of complaints dismissed as frivolous and vexatious in the different Divisions; the figures for each are given below:—

Ashtagram	..	..	..	126
Nundydroog	..	.	..	545
Nagar	..	..	..	26

99. With regard to Nagar, the question as to whether the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code have been acted up to or not naturally arises, whereas in the case of the Nundydroog Division it is evident either that either the Magistrates have been overzealous, or the people unduly prone to resort to the Criminal Courts to obtain revenge or redress, for private differences of a trivial character.

100. *Heinous Offences.*—In offences affecting the human body as well as in the more heinous offences there has been a considerable diminution during the year. Murders have fallen from 72 in 1872 to 54 in 1873. Nine of these were perpetrated by means of poison, one for the sake of robbery and eight from other motives, and eight others were from motives connected with women.

101. Fifty-two cases of murder were brought to trial, 28 were prosecuted to a conviction, and 8 were pending at the end of the year, the accused brought up in two cases died before the completion of the trial. The remaining 14 cases resulted in the discharge of the accused persons.

102. *Culpable Homicide.*—There were 21 attempts to commit murder, and 37 culpable homicides not amounting to murder, as against 28 and 35 in the preceding year. The offenders in 6 of the former and 24 of the latter were convicted.

103. *Attempt to commit Suicide.*—In 22 cases of attempt to commit suicide, the prisoners were convicted and punished.

104. *Grievous Hurt.*—The number of grievous hurts reported fell from 61 in 1872, to 37 during the year under report.

105. *Kidnapping.*—Eleven cases of kidnapping or abduction were reported, against 25 in the previous years, 7 in Ashtagram and 4 in Nundydroog; 3 of the former and 1 in the latter were prosecuted to conviction. No cases of this nature have been reported from the Nagar Division during the past year.

106. *Dacoities and Robberies.*—It is remarkable that the number of dacoities and robberies have dwindled down to less than half the number of the previous year, there having been only *34 dacoities and 91 robberies as compared with 73 and 183 respectively during the year 1872.

107. Ninety-four dacoits in 22 cases and 76 robbers in 41 cases were convicted and punished.

108. The decrease in the number of these serious crimes may be due to the apprehension and punishment of the leaders of several bands of professional dacoits and robbers during the year 1872 and previous years, and it is to be hoped that a still further decrease in the number of such crimes will take place; many of the gangs have been hunted down, and the apprehension of several ring-leaders has doubtless deterred many from joining the remaining gangs who would at other times have been very willing recruits.

109. Paras 4 and 5 of a special report on dacoity, submitted in conformity with the instructions of Govern-

4. Regular weekly reports of each case up to time of final disposal had to be submitted by Deputy Commissioners to this Office, every report was scrutinized, and delay and supineness on the part of subordinates was at once punished. Where individuals resisted the dacoits rewards were given. The village autho-

*One of these has since been reported as false.

rities were called upon to aid the Police, and a certain amount of responsibility was considered to attach to the Heads of villages in the neighbourhood. The detective measures adopted had to be reported, and the action taken by each Police authority had to be noted in detail, and not only the Killedar, or Head of Police, but the Taluk Magistrate also was directed to visit the scene of the occurrence and aid to the best of his ability in all important or intricate cases.

5. Registers of doubtful characters, men of known bad conduct, or who had been previously concerned in criminal cases, were ordered to be kept, and in the Bangalore District the beat peons were directed to ascertain the reason for such individuals leaving their villages and to keep a watch on their movements.

ment, detail the arrangements adopted with a view to the suppression of dacoity during the past year.

110. *Rape.*—As in the previous year, 12 cases of rape were reported; but only two of these proved to be true, one in Ashtagram and the other in Nagar.

111. *Thefts and House-breaking.*—The number of thefts and house-breakings for the commission of theft have also considerably decreased, the total number being 2,424 reports in 1873, as compared with 2,942 during the previous year. These were mostly petty thefts, the commission of which was to some extent facilitated by carelessness on the part of the complainants. In 65 per cent of these there was detection and conviction.

112. *Cases tried.*—Thirteen thousand four hundred and forty Magisterial and 201 Sessions cases, making a total of 13,641 cases, were brought to trial, being about 96·3 per cent of the number of offences reported, as compared with 91 per cent in 1872. The number of cases in which convictions were secured was 9,172, or 67 per cent of those brought to trial. The corresponding proportion in 1871 was 43·7 per cent, and in 1872, 63 per cent; and it is satisfactory to note that, favorable as were the results in this respect achieved in 1872, still further improvement is apparent from the returns of the past year.

113. The following table shews the number of cases brought to trial and convicted in the several Districts :—

Districts.	Number of Cases brought to trial in all the Courts in the District.	Number of Cases in which Conviction was obtained.	Percentage of Case in which Conviction was obtained.
Bangalore	3,501	2,363	67·4
Kolar	2,112	1,407	70·4
Túmkúr	1,553	1,047	67·4
Mysore	1,590	1,012	63·6
Hassan	2,088	1,324	63.4
Shimoga	1,019	670	64 8
Kadur	670	477	70·9
Chitaldroog	907	639	69·4
Total.....	13,440	9,019	66·9

114. The greatest number of offences brought to trial was in the Bangalore District, and the least in Kadur.

115. The highest percentage of cases successfully prosecuted (about 70 per cent) was in the Kadur and Kolar Districts, and the lowest (about 63 per cent) was in the Hassan and Mysore Districts.

116. As regards Sessions trials, the three Courts in the Province may be arranged as follows :—

Sessions Courts of—	Cases sent up for trial.	Cases convicted.	Percentage.
Nundydroog	91	79	87·5
Nagar	81	54	66·6
Ashtagram...	29	20	68·9
Total.....	201	153	76·1

117. *Result of Criminal Trials, Statement No.* 3.—The total number of persons actually brought to trial, excluding those received by transfer, was 27,858 persons, as against 30,810 in 1872. The decrease is 9·5 per cent.

118. The number of persons brought to trial was 1·02 to each square mile of the area, and 5·4 per thousand of the population, and in this respect the Province compares favorably with other parts of India as shewn below :—

	Proportion of persons brought to trial to—	
	1 square mile of the Area.	1000 persons of the Population.
Oude ... 1872	2	4·3
Panjab ... „	1·2	7·4
North-Western Provinces „	1·4	3·7
Madras Presidency „	2·1	11·4

119. Of the persons brought up 3,427 were discharged without trial, 8,258 were acquitted and 16,058 convicted, 8 persons died or escaped, and there were 107 persons pending trial at the close of the year.

120. *Arrests made by the Police without Warrants.*—Of persons

arrested by the Police without warrants, 1,169 or about 16 per cent were discharged without trial. The remaining individuals arrested were sent up for trial, and 5,102 of them, being 68·9 per cent of the total number of arrests made, were convicted.

121. The results in the several Districts may be arranged as follows :—

	Persons arrested.	Persons convicted.	Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.
1. Bangalore	2,262	2,040	90·2
2. Kolar	1,015	737	72·6
3. Mysore	973	588	60·4
4. Shimoga...	741	445	60·0
5. Túmkúr...	679	402	59·3
6. Kadur	445	264	59·3
7. Chitaldroog	597	329	55·1
8. Hassan	691	297	43·0
Total.....	7,403	5,102	68·9

122. *Persons brought to Trial by order of the Magistrate.*—The result of the investigations in the cases of persons brought to trial by order of the Magistrates in each District, is arranged as follows :—

Districts.	Persons brought to Trial.	Persons convicted.	Percentage of convicted.
1. Chitaldroog	1,180	758	64·2
2. Kadur	1,024	599	58·5
3. Kolar	2,822	1,642	58·2
4. Shimoga	1,322	755	57·1
5. Hassan	3,969	2,232	56·2
6. Túmkúr	2,813	1,506	53·5
7. Mysore	2,775	1,410	50·8
8. Bangalore	4,636	1,773	38·2
Total.....	20,531	10,675	52·

123. Taken as a whole, the results of the criminal trials during the year under report may be accepted as satisfactory, and notwithstanding a decrease, as compared with 1872, of about 9·5 per cent in the number of persons brought to trial, still there is an increase of nearly 6 per cent in the number of convictions. It is certain also that a still larger percentage would have been shewn, had it not been for the large number, aggregating 2,933 persons, concerned in petty summons cases which were dismissed for default or allowed to be withdrawn, and which are shewn in the return referred to as acquitted.

124. The proportions of convictions increased in the following Districts :—

	1872.	1873.
Bangalore.	46·0	56·4
Túmkúr	51·3	55·5
Mysore	46·6	54·01
Hassan	40·4	54·9

But diminished in those below mentioned :—

Districts.	1872.	1873.
Kolar	70·5	62·9
Shimoga	70·3	58·85
Kadur	64·5	62·58
Chitaldroog...	64·6	62·47

125. It is remarkable and satisfactory that better results have been obtained in the more populous Districts. It shews that the Police and Magistracy are working better, and great improvement may be looked for in the more thinly populated parts of the country hereafter, once the authorities understand thoroughly their duty.

126. It may not be out of place to remark here that,as regards the proportion of convictions to persons brought to trial, this Province compares favorably with other parts of India, with the exception of Oude and the North-Western Provinces, as shewn below :—

1873, Mysore	57·6
1872, Madras Presidency	42·8
„ North-Western Provinces	68·2
„ Oude	68·6
„ Panjab	52·4
„ Bengal	53·4

127. *Cases pending.*—The number of cases and persons pending undisposed of at the close of the year was as follows:—

	Persons.				
	Cases.	In Custody.	On Bail.	On Recognizance.	Total.
Nundydroog	25	34	9	4	47
Ashtagram	9	17	9	...	26
Nagar	18	21	12	1	34
Total.....	52	72	30	5	107

Only seven of these cases were more than a month old.

128. *Average Duration of Trials.*—The average duration of criminal trials in the Magisterial Courts was also more favorable than in the previous year, being 4·3 days, as against 6 days in 1872. In the Sessions Courts it increased from 26 to 51 days; this increase was chiefly in the Nagar Sessions Court, in which several cases during Colonel Eliott's time were left pending for a considerable period, notwithstanding frequent orders on the subject.

129. The total average duration in the Bangalore District was 2·8 days, owing chiefly to the large number of petty cases brought before the Sar-Amin and the Cantonment Magistrate, which were generally disposed of as soon as brought up.

In the other Districts, the average duration varied from 3 to 6 days, which is fairly satisfactory.

130. *Punishment.*—Of the total number of persons convicted, 35 persons, as against 40 in 1872, were sentenced to suffer the extreme penalty of the law; but the number of persons sentenced to transportation for life increased from 28 to 33.

131. Only three persons were sentenced to suffer transportation for terms of years.

132. The number of persons from whom security was taken, and recognizances to keep the peace or for good behaviour, was 316 in 1873, against only 138 in 1872.

133. There were 3,561 sentences of imprisonment as compared with 3,437 in 1872, the increase being for terms above 15 days and below two years. The decrease in the number of individuals imprisoned above seven years is, in a measure, counterbalanced by the increase in the number of transportations. 24·3 per cent of the imprisonments were simple, and the remainder rigorous.

134. The total number of persons fined was smaller than in 1872, being 13,496, as against 13,605; 11,900 or 74 per cent of the total number of punishments were simple fines; in 1872 there were 12,158 such punishments, being about 76 per cent.

135. The number and amount of fines imposed in 1872 and 1873 are compared below:—

	1872.	1873.
Sentenced to fines of Rs. 10 and under	12,567	12,460
Do above „ 10 to 50	852	896
Do „ 50 to 100	120	89
Do „ 100 to 500	62	49
Do „ 500 to 1000	2	1
Do „ 1000	2	1
Total.....	13,605	13,496

136. The total amount of fines imposed during the year was Rs. 88,471—5—6, or Rs. 4,679—10—2 less than in the previous year, and the average amount of fines imposed was Rs. 6—8—0, as against Rs. 6—12—9 in 1872.

137. The amount realized was Rs. 64,783—9—3, being 73·2 per cent of the aggregate amount imposed. In 1872, only Rs. 61,865—4—2, or 66·4 per cent, were realized.

138. The annexed table exhibits the amount of fines imposed, realized, and outstanding, in the several Divisions of the Province.

Amount of Fines.	Nundydroog.			Ashtagram.			Nagar.			Total.		
Outstanding balance of previous years ...	41,291	13	1	34,976	2	0	30,327	1	11	1,06,595	1	0
Imposed during the year	32,448	0	1	22,201	5	11	33,821	15	6	88,471	5	6
Total.....	73,739	13	2	57,177	7	11	64,149	1	5	1,95,066	6	6
Realized on account of the former years ...	2,350	0	0	1,772	4	0	2,306	6	3	6,429	5	3
Do on account of this year ...	25,502	2	10	18,243	13	3	21,037	9	2	64,783	9	3
Struck off being of more than six years' standing	9,993	12	8	12,166	12	0	3,098	11	3	25,259	8	11
Remitted on appeal	769	8	0	925	5	3	1,514	8	3	3,209	5	6
Balance unrealized at the end of the year ...	35,123	10	8	24,069	5	5	36,191	14	6	95,384	14	7

139. The subjoined statement shews how the total receipts on account of fines were disposed of :—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Received on account of fines imposed during the year ...	64,783	9	3
Do do in previous years. ...	6,429	5	3
Total.....	71,212	14	6
Amount ordered to be paid as compensation to injured parties	4,734	7	0
Amount credited to Municipal and other funds	3,005	1	9
Do remitted to the Treasury	63,473	5	9

140. *Compensation to injured Parties.*—In all, Rs. 6,041—15—7 were paid as compensation to injured parties, Rs. 4,637—2—8 being on account of the past year, and Rs. 1,404—12—11 on account of former years.

141. Rupees 4,855—10—1 were at the close of the year in deposit in the Treasury to be paid as compensation. This is a large amount to be lying in the Treasury under this heading, and orders will be issued to pay it at once to the parties entitled to receive it, and, as suggested by the Commissioner of Nagar, the several Courts concerned will be directed to give notice to the parties to whom this money has to be paid.

142. *Whipping.*—During the year under review, the punishment of whipping was awarded more frequently than in previous years. There were, in all, 215 persons whipped, as against 152 in 1872 and 95 in 1871.

143. In many cases it was found rather difficult to execute sentences of whipping in strict accordance with Section 302 of the Criminal Procedure Code, but as the section has been recently amended in Act XI of 1874, the introduction of which has been asked for, there will be no difficulty hereafter about carrying out the sentence of whipping at once.

144. *European British Subjects.*—The Cantonment Magistrate of Bangalore and the District Magistrate of Túmkúr tried as Justices of the Peace 73 European British-born subjects in 70 cases, as compared with 52 persons in 47 cases in 1872. Twelve cases were either withdrawn or dismissed for default. The prisoners were acquitted in two cases, while in the remaining 56 cases they were convicted. Of the persons convicted, 35 were fined in sums under Rs. 100, and 22 were sentenced to suffer a month's imprisonment.

145. The important change introduced by the new Criminal Procedure Code in the system of the trial of European British-born subjects, giving the Magistrates jurisdiction to try them, has had but little practical operation in this Province. The one person tried in the Túmkúr District was convicted of ordinary assault, while the 72 tried in the Bangalore Cantonment were mostly old pensioners found in the streets drunk and incapable of taking care of themselves.

146. *Juries and Assessors.*—The system of trial by jury has not been initiated in this Province. Under Section 36 of Act X of 1872, trials before District Magistrates exercising enhanced jurisdiction were conducted in accordance with the procedure prescribed for Magisterial trials, and no assessors were therefore employed to assist in such trials. The Commissioners of Divisions as Sessions Judges employed assessors in 173 cases,

as against 190 in 1872. In only 19 cases did the judges differ from the assessors.

147. *Criminal Appeals.*—The total number of appeals received in the Magisterial and Sessions Courts was 455. These, added to the 5 cases pending at the beginning of the year, gave a total for disposal of 460 appeals, being 50 less than in 1872. Of these, 451 were disposed of in the manner shewn below, leaving 9 cases pending at the close of the year:—

58	or	12·7	per cent	rejected.
193	„	42·8	do	confirmed.
65	„	14·5	do	modified.
124	„	27·5	do	reversed.
11	„	2·5	do	referred.

148. The percentage of sentences modified and reversed is less favorable, being about 7·5 per cent in excess of the previous year.

149. The disposal of appeals by the several classes of Appellate Courts in the Province is shewn below:—

Appellate Courts.	Number of Appeals.						
	Rejected.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Referred.	Pending.	Total.
Assistant Commissioners (full power Magistrates) ...	11	38	17	35	...	1	102
Deputy Commissioners (District Magistrates) ...	26	104	28	68	11	1	238
Commissioners (Sessions Judges)	21	51	20	21	...	7	120
Total.....	58	193	65	124	11	9	460

150. The average duration of appeals was 10·3 days in the Magisterial Courts, and 18·5 days in the Sessions Courts, as compared with 11 and 16 days respectively in the previous year.

151. *Judicial Commissioner's Court as a Court of Reference.*—Capital sentences passed on 34 persons in 17 cases were referred to the Judicial Commissioner for confirmation. There were 6 persons in two cases under sentence of death and awaiting the final orders of the Judicial Commissioner at the beginning of the year. Thus there were altogether 40 persons who were sentenced to death, and the sentences passed upon 31 were confirmed as shewn below:—

Referred by Sessions Judge of—	Persons whose sentences were confirmed.	Persons whose sentences were modified.	Persons acquitted.	Total.
Nundydroog	9	4	3	16
Ashtagram	14	...	1	15
Nagar	8	...	1	9
Total.....	31	4	5	40

152. The time occupied for the disposal of each reference was 33 days as compared with 25 days in the preceding year.

153. *The Judicial Commissioner as an Appellate Court.*—The work of the Judicial Commissioner as an Appellate Court has been lighter than in the previous year. In all, there were 140 appeals with 233 prisoners for disposal, as compared with 203 appeals with 316 persons in 1872.

154. The sentences were confirmed in 109 cases, modified in 13, and reversed in 15. There were pending at the end of the year only three appeals. The percentage of appeals confirmed was 77·85, or 8·81 less than in 1872.

155. *Appeals against Acquittals.*—The new Criminal Procedure Code provides for appeals against judgments of acquittal, with the permission of the Local Government, but no such appeals were preferred during the past year.

156. *Public Prosecutors.*—This Code also provides for the Public Prosecutors appearing before the Appellate Court in support of the judgments of the Courts below. In all appeals from the Nundydroog Session Court, and in a few important cases from the Ashtagram Court, the Public Prosecutor appeared. In appeals from Nagar, the Public Prosecutor did not appear, owing to the great distance of the head-quarter station (Shimoga) from Bangalore.

157. *Enhancement of Sentences.*—Another important change in the procedure of criminal appeals was the power given to an Appellate Court to enhance the sentence passed against the appellant by the lower Court.

158. In the whole Province, in 12 cases only were the sentences appealed against enhanced during the past year, shewing that the power under reference has been sparingly and cautiously exercised.

159. In the Judicial Commissioner's Court, it was found necessary to sentence two prisoners to transportation for life, in lieu of the ten years' transportation and seven years' imprisonment to which they had been respectively sentenced by the Sessions Judge of Nagar. This was the result of the appellants having been found guilty of murder instead of a minor offence. In another case from the same Court, the sentence was enhanced from three to seven years' rigorous imprisonment, as the evidence shewed that the appellant had committed a far graver offence than that with which he had been charged. In the four other cases in which the Judicial Commissioner enhanced the sentences appealed against, the punishment awarded by the lower Court was considered to be inadequate. In the other Appellate Courts of the Province, there were only five instances in which sentences were enhanced, and these do not appear to call for any special remark.

160. *The Judicial Commissioner as a Court of Revision.*—One hundred and four cases came up before the Judicial Commissioner for revision, mostly submitted by the Commissioners of Divisions upon references made to them by the District Magistrates.

161. The Judicial Commissioner declined to interfere with the proceedings of the lower Courts in 9 cases, and in 37 they were quashed. In 33 cases, sentences were modified, and in 19 they were reversed. Further enquiry was ordered in five cases, and only one referred case was pending at the close of the year. The errors most frequently brought to notice were misapplications by the Taluk Magistracy of the provisions of Section 31 of the Court Fees' Act (in 21 cases) and of Section 209 of the Criminal Procedure Code (in 10 cases).

162. *Criminal Miscellaneous Cases and Petitions.*—The miscellaneous work of all the Courts in the Province appears to have been lighter than in previous years, which is probably the result of more careful tabulation and the exclusion, from the returns, of petitions and cases which did not require formal judicial orders.

163. There were for disposal 1,051 cases and 4,268 petitions of a miscellaneous nature, and all, with the exception of 8 cases and 11 petitions, were disposed of before the close of the year.

164. The following table exhibits the miscellaneous work done by each class of Criminal Courts during the year under retrospect :—

	Number for disposal.		Number disposed of.		Number pending.	
	Cases.	Petitions.	Cases.	Petitions.	Cases.	Petitions.
Amildars	575	2,827	574	2,226	1	1
Sar-Amin	0	532	0	529	0	3
Town and Cantonment Magistrates ...	188	245	187	243	1	2
Assistant Commissioners	226	538	226	533	0	5
Deputy do	62	629	56	629	6	0
Commissioners	0	65	0	65	0	0
Judicial Commissioner	0	32	0	32	0	0
Total.....	1,051	4,268	143	4,257	8	11
Total for 1872.....	2,002	6556	1,994	6,549	8	7

None of the cases or petitions pending were more than six weeks old.

PRISONS.

165. *Inspection of Jails.*—The Kolar, Mysore and Shimoga District Jails, and the Bangalore Central Jail, were inspected by the Judicial Commissioner. A large proportion of the lock-ups were inspected by the Deputy Commissioners during the year, some once, others oftener.

166. *Construction of New Jails.*—At Bangalore a new District lock-up for the accommodation of under-trial prisoners was completed, and the new District Jail at Hassan has been occupied. Owing to the abolition of 6 taluks in the Nundydroog Division there has been a reduction in the number of taluk lock-ups.

167. *Number of Convicted Prisoners.*—The number of prisoners incarcerated during the year was 4,254. These added to the number (1,615) remaining at the end of the year previous, together with those received by transfer (405), gave a total of 6,274, (5,744 males and 530 females) as compared with 5,927 (5,457 males and 470 females) in 1872. The daily average strength has increased from 1575·6 in 1872 to 1677·3 in 1873.

168. *Their Disposal.*—Of the total number 488 were transferred to other jails, 29 were executed, 25 died, 2 escaped, 2 were transferred to the Lunatic Asylum, 116 released on appeal and 3,440 on expiry of sentence, thus leaving in the jails 1,774 at the end of the year, as against 1,615 in 1872.

169. The proportion of convicts to free population was 1 to 861.

170. *Religion of Convicts.*—There was a slight decrease, among Christians, in the proportion of convicts to prison population, while the proportion of Hindus and Muhammadans was much the same as in 1872. The marginally noted figures give the proportion of convicts to free population according to religion.

Christians	·39 per cent.
Muhammadans	·29 „
Hindus	·09 „
Other Classes	4·36 „

171. *Age of Prisoners.*—The number of juvenile prisoners, *i. e.* those under 16 years, rose from 120 in 1872 to 178, and is nearly double the number in 1871.

172. The Nagar Division is answerable for more than one-half the number.

173. Seventy-five per cent of the prison population was between 16 and 40 years.

174. One thousand and fifty-two or 18 per cent of the convicts were sentenced to simple imprisonment. This shews a falling off of 8 per cent when compared with the returns of the previous year.

175. *Sentences of Convicts.*—As in the previous years, so in the year under review the term of sentence of about one half the number of convicts was less than a month. There is a slight increase in the number sentenced to "between 3 and 6 months" and "1 year and 3 years," while there is a decrease in that "between 5 years and 10 years." Otherwise the returns for the past and previous year are much the same.

176. *Old Offenders.*—The number of old offenders has increased from 329 in 1872 to 377 in 1873. This increase was entirely among male convicts, for the number of female convicts fell from 13 in the previous year to 8.

177. *Escapes and Re-captures.*—Two prisoners escaped, one from the Hassan lock-up, the other from the Central Jail. The former was re-captured, the latter not. The number of escaped prisoners at large was the same (33) at the end of the year 1873, as it had been in 1872.

178. *Breaches of Prison Discipline.*—Two hundred and seventy two convicts, all males, as against 191 in 1872, were guilty of offences against prison discipline—"filing or cutting irons" and "consulting to

escape" are the two more common crimes. Jail offences are becoming more numerous every year, and the Judicial Commissioner hopes this is the result of increased vigilance and stricter enforcement of the rules.

179. *Employment of Convicts as Prison Officials.*—One hundred and nineteen males and five females were employed in some of the jails as warders, and work overseers ; six of these in the Bangalore Central, and four in the Mysore Jail had to be reduced for misconduct.

180. *Education.*—Ninety per cent of the convicts admitted were illiterate. About one hour every week-day was devoted in the Bangalore Central, and the Mysore and Shimoga District Jails to education. The daily average was 693 or 43 more than previous year ; 697 or 11·8 per cent learned to read and write a little.

181. *Expenditure.*—Owing to the increased daily number of prisoners, the total cost was Rs. 1,42,914, or Rs. 4,983 more than it was in the previous year. On the other hand, owing to the fixed charges being divided over a greater number, the cost per head has been reduced from Rs. 87—8—0 in 1872 to Rs. 85—3—0 in 1873, shewing a decrease of Rs. 2—5—0.

182. The bulk of the increase is under the head " Rations," and is due to the increase in the number of convicts and the rise in the price of ragi. The increase in the " fixed establishment" is balanced by a decrease of extra establishment. It is due to the transfer of the Central Jail Contingent Establishment to its " Fixed Establishment."

183. *Hospital Charges.*—The increased charge under this head in the Mysore and Shimoga Jails is due to a larger number of sick during the year under review.

184. *Addition to Jails, &c.*—Rs. 4,858 were expended in additions, alterations, &c. to jails, which sum added to Rs. 1,42,914, the cost of guarding and maintenance, raises the gross expenditure to Rs. 1,47,773, or Rs. 2,782 more than in 1872. Deducting Rs. 25,944 remitted to the Treasury, the net cost per head of average strength was Rs. 72—9—10, as compared with Rs. 80—1—1 in 1872. The decrease of Rs. 7—7—3 per head is satisfactory.

185. *Convict Labor.*—Although the average number of convicts sen-

tenced to labor was 1,558·6, yet, owing to 130·2 prisoners being too ill or old to work, the actual number available for labor was only 1,428·4. The total estimated value of whose earnings amounted to Rs. 60,654, giving an average yearly earning of each prisoner sentenced to labor of Rs. 38—15—0, or Rs. 2—12—0 less than last year. 30·5 per cent of the average strength of the convicts were employed on work connected with the jail, 49·2 per cent on gardens and manufactures and 20·3 per cent on public roads, &c.

186. *Diet.*—No change was made in the scale of diet.

187. With the exception of the Shimoga Jail the accommodation of the other jails is reported to have been ample.

188. *Health of Convicts.*—1493 convicts were admitted into hospital, giving an increase of 146 over the previous year. Only 27 deaths, against 30 in 1872, occurred however during the year. The greater number (12) of deaths was in the Mysore Jail. This is considered by the Medical Officer in charge to be due to dengue, which, although directly fatal in one case only, conduced to reduce the general health of the prisoners attacked.

189. No deaths from cholera occurred during the year, while fever was less prevalent. Diarrhœa was more common among the convicts than in the previous year.

190. *Civil Prisoners.*—The total number of civil prisoners was 243, as against 285 in 1872; 35 males remained in jail at the end of the year. The expenditure per head of average strength was Rs. 42—14—3, as against Rs. 45—12—11 in previous year.

191. *Under-trial Prisoners.*—The total number of under-trial prisoners was 5,654, of whom 3,240 were released, 2,270 convicted, 4 transferred, 2 escaped and 6 died, leaving 132 awaiting trial at the close of the year. The average annual cost per head was Rs. 116—11—4, or 8 Rs. less than in 1872.

192. In the foregoing paras the result of the Jail Administration of the Province for 1873 has been generally reviewed, and it only remains to compare the returns for the different District jails and lock-ups.

193. *Convicted Prisoners.*—The comparative table in the * margin shews the number of convicted prisoners in the different District jails of the Province. The Chitaldroog and Túmkúr Jails shew a decrease, while all other jails shew an increase. The most marked being in the Mysore and Shimoga Jails. Although there was a decrease in the total number of prisoners incarcerated in the Bangalore Central and the Túmkúr Jails, the daily average in the former was 73·4 or 4· in excess of the preceding year, and in the latter it rose from 64·09 in 1872 to 70·65 in 1873. This proves that in these two jails there was a larger number of long-term prisoners. While the converse must have been the case in the Mysore and Hassan Jails where, notwithstanding an increased number of prisoners, the daily average fell from 282·59 in 1872 to 268·52 in 1873 in the former, and from 22·14 in 1872 to 21·66 in the latter.

	1872	1873.
*Bangalore (Central) ...	1,561	1,334
Kolar	263	335
Túmkúr	280	242
Mysore	557	690
Hassan	164	196
Shimoga	500	696
Kadur	109	136
Chitaldroog... ...	139	139

194. The average cost per head of the convicted prisoners in the different District jails of the Province was as *marginally noted. The Mysore and Chitaldroog Jails shew an increase, the Hassan Jail is stationary, while in all others there is a decrease. The high cost per head in the Hassan Jail, when compared with that of the other jails of the Province, requires explanation. The attention of the District Officer has been drawn to the subject.

	1872.	1873.
*Central Jail, Bangalore... ...	80	81
Kolar	89	70
Túmkúr	109	106
Mysore	76	83
Hassan	136	136
Shimoga	75	69
Kadur	137	100
Chitaldroog	91	101

195. The total number of under-trial prisoners is shewn in the margin. The most marked decrease is in the Central Jail, and in the Túmkúr Jail the number is one-half what it was in the year previous. Although the number of under-trial prisoners in the Nagar Division has not increased to any great extent, yet the very marked increase in the average daily strength of this class of prisoners in the marginally † noted jails would tend to prove

	1872.	1873.
Central Jail, Bangalore ...	45	14
Kolar	106	97
Túmkúr	246	115
Mysore	107	95
Hassan	322	353
Shimoga	187	187
Kadur	156	164
Chitaldroog ...	161	167

	1872.	1873.
†Shimoga... ...	10·24	21·85
Kadur	5·3	14·83

that the Criminal Courts of these two Districts are not as expeditious in the disposal of cases as is desirable. On the other hand, it is satisfactory to observe that in the Hassan District with an increased number of under-trial prisoners there has been a decrease in the daily average strength from 13·84 to 10.

196. In the Túmkúr Jail there has been a decrease from 8·15 to 5·69.

197. The average cost per head of under-trial prisoners is given in the margin. It is satisfactory to observe that while in 1872 the average cost was Rs. 76, in 1873 it was reduced to Rs. 66. The most marked alteration has been in the Kadur Jail, where the cost has fallen from Rs. 153 to Rs. 80, or nearly one-half what it was in the previous year.

	1872. Rs.	1873. Rs.
Central Jail, Bangalore ...	55	64
Kolar ...	85	63
Túmkúr ...	77	79
Mysore ...	40	41
Hassan ...	49	55
Shimoga ..	73	65
Kadur ...	153	80
Chitaldroog ..	81	83
	613	530

198. *Lock-ups.*—Owing to the abolition of six taluks the number of lock-ups as before noticed has been reduced by six.

199. The marginally noted table gives the number of convicted prisoners incarcerated during the year under review in the lock-ups of the different Districts of the Province. Five out of the 8 Districts shew an increase which is most marked in the Shimoga Jail, where the number rose from 179 in 1872 to 324 in 1873.

	1872.	1873.
Bangalore ...	500	419
Kolar ...	410	466
Túmkúr ...	261	296
Mysore ...	230	292
Hassan ...	176	208
Shimoga ...	179	324
Kadur ...	382	268
Chitaldroog	292	273
	2,430	2,746

200. The figures noted in the margin give the average cost per head of convicted prisoners in the lock-ups of the different Districts. The marked increase when compared with the average cost of convicted prisoners in jails, is said to be due entirely to the low daily average strength, which raises the average cost of guarding against each prisoner. At the same time the returns for some of the Districts apparently call for explanation. Mysore with

	1872. Rs.	1873. Rs.
Central Jail, Bangalore ...	244	216
Kolar ...	255	216
Túmkúr ...	128	121
Mysore ...	549	278
Hassan ...	188	265
Shimoga ...	305	202
Kadur ...	200	210
Chitaldroog ...	264	159

a daily average strength of 7·728 in 1873, as against 5·32 in 1872, gives a decreased average cost per head of exactly one-half. With the exception of the Kadur District lock-ups there has been a general decrease in all the lock-ups of the Province. In the Kolar, Mysore, Shimoga and Kadur Districts there has been an increase in the daily average strength which, as before pointed out, would lead to the belief that under-trial cases have not been disposed of by the Criminal Courts as expeditiously as is desirable. The marked decrease from a daily average strength of 38·05 in 1872 to 13·2 in 1873 in the Hassan District is creditable to the officers concerned.

	1872.	1873.
Bangalore ...	1,697	1,310
Kolar ...	557	316
Túmkúr ...	1,030	406
Mysore ...	1,055	836
Hassan ...	1,104	420
Shimoga ...	645	517
Kadur ...	307	358
Chitaldroog...	589	309

201. The total cost of the lock-ups is divided proportionately among the different classes of prisoners, and the marginally noted comparative table gives the average cost per head of under-trial prisoners. These figures compare unfavorably with those of a similar kind for jails. The figures for the Chitaldroog District where the average strength of prisoners was 11·5 with an average cost of Rs. 208, as against an average strength of 10·26 with an average cost reduced more than half, *i. e.* Rs. 101 in 1873, would lead to the supposition that either the returns are incorrect, or that there has been an error in the apportioning of costs to the different classes of prisoners.

	1872. Rs.	1873. Rs.
Bangalore ...	145	166
Kolar ...	180	138
Túmkúr ...	80	108
Mysore ...	184	139
Hassan ...	112	189
Shimoga ...	127	117
Kadur ...	254	146
Chitaldroog ...	208	101

202. The number of reconvicted prisoners in 1872, as compared with that for 1873, is shewn in the margin. In the face of so large an increase the Chief Commissioner is of opinion that special arrangements should be made as to the discipline to which reconvicted prisoners should be subjected. Sir Richard Meade thinks that there is some ground for the Officiating Judicial Commissioner's opinion that "Manufacturing work is not sufficiently deterrent in its character, in the case of old or hardened criminals" and that the subject is one calling for serious consideration.

	1872.	1873.
Bangalore, Central Jail ...	223	247
Kolar ...	37	39
Túmkúr ...	25	12
Mysore ...	15	23
Hassan ...	2	10
Shimoga ...	23	36
Kadur ...	0	3
Chitaldroog ...	2	1

203. *General Remarks.*—The total expenditure, though 3·6 per

cent in excess of that of 1872, has not been disproportioned to the increased number of convicts. The general administration of the different jails has been satisfactory during the year under review.

204. The acknowledgments of Government are due to Doctors Henderson, Houston and McGann and the other Officers concerned for the satisfactory manner in which discipline has been maintained and the interior economy of the jails under their charge supervised, as well as to Mr. Gordon, C. S. I. and Colonel Pearse, who officiated as Judicial Commissioner for some months, for their labors in this Department of the Administration during the year under review.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

205. *Number of Suits instituted.*—The total number of civil suits instituted in the Courts of the Province during 1873 was 21,414, being only 7 more than the number instituted in 1872.

206. The number filed in the three Divisions during 1872 and 1873 may be compared as follows :—

Divisions.	1872.	1873.	Increase.	Decrease.
Nundydroog	12,867	12,699	0	168
Ashtagram	4,268	4,338	70	...
Nagar	4,272,	4,377	105	...
Total.. ...	21,407	21,414	7	...

207. There has been a decrease of 525 suits in the Courts of the Nundydroog Division, other than the Bangalore Small Cause Court which is rather remarkable, though, consequent upon an increase of 357 suits in the Bangalore Small Cause Court, the net decrease is only 168 suits. Referring to it, the Officiating Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division states that " no adequate reason can be given for such decreased litigation, and it may be assigned to the ordinary fluctuations which naturally take place from year to year." The decrease, however, occurred during the two last quarters of the year under reivew, and may be due to the institution of the Munsiffs' Courts at the beginning of the last quarter, as a change of jurisdiction invariably causes many to hesitate for a time about instituting their suits, until they have found out for a certainty where they should file their plaints.

208. Out of the total number of suits instituted during the past year, 20,148 or 94·1 per cent were mere claims for money of a nature cognizable by the Small Cause Courts. The corresponding percentage was 94·2 in 1872, and 94·4 in 1871.

209. The aggregate value of the suits filed during the year was Rs. 22,07,369—13—1, as compared with Rs. 22,08,631—4—8 in 1872. The average value of each suit was nearly the same in both years, *viz.*, Rs. 103.

210. The litigation of the Province was distributed among the several classes of Courts as follows:—

	1872		1873.	
	Number.	Percentage.	Number.	Percentage.
Bangalore Court of Small Causes ...	5,609	26·2	5,966	27·8
Amildars	9,972	46·6	8,618	40·3
Munsiffs	...	...	1,313	6·1
Judicial Assistants	5,760	26·9	5,451	25·5
Deputy Commissioners	53	3	57	3
Commissioners	13		9	
Total...	21,407	100	21,414	100

211. The proportionate decrease in the Courts of Amildars and Judicial Assistants has been counterbalanced by an increase in those of the Munsiffs, and in the Bangalore Small Cause Court.

212. Taking the Nundydroog Division alone we find that to the Courts of the Munsiffs fell about 19·5 per cent of the total number filed during the year, and as they started work only on the 1st of October, this shews that a very fair proportion of suits were filed in those Courts during the last three months of 1873.

213. Of the 1,374 suits filed in their Courts, 61 were transferred to them by the Amildars and the Judicial Assistants, the remaining 1,313 suits having been filed before them during the last quarter of the year.

214. *Value of Suits instituted.*—The aggregate value of suits filed in 1872 and 1873 in the several classes of Courts is shewn in the annexed table:—

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	1872.			1873.		
Bangalore Court of Small Causes	1,95,812	4	9	2,50,620	9	1
Amildars	2,49,361	4	1	2,18,026	13	8
Munsiffs	...	...	...	84,093	7	8
Judicial Assistants, ...	12,34,568	15	4	12,25,222	13	0
Deputy Commissioners	1,60,015	1	5	2,17,246	15	6
Commissioners	3,68,873	11	1	2,12,159	3	0
Total.....	22,08,631	4	8	22,07,369	13	11

215. There has been a marked increase in the value of suits instituted in the Bangalore Small Cause Court, and in the Deputy Commissioners' Courts.

216. Of the total value for the whole Province, about 55·5 per cent was in the Courts of the Judicial Assistants; about 11·3 per cent in the Bangalore Court of Small Causes, 3·8 per cent in the Munsiffs' Courts, the remaining 29·4 per cent being distributed almost equally among the Courts of the Amildars, Deputy Commissioners and Commissioners.

217. With regard to the value of suits instituted, the three Divisions may be arranged as follows:—

1. Nundydroog	41·8	per cent.
2. Ashtagram	30·8	,,
3. Nagar	27·3	,,

218. *Disposal of Civil Suits.*—Including 681 suits pending from 1872, and the 79 suits received by transfer, there were for disposal 22,174 suits in the whole Province. Out of these 21,242 were disposed of before the close of the year, leaving a balance of 932 suits, as compared with 681 in 1872 and 974 in 1871.

219. The total number of suits decided by each class of Courts, excluding the 67 transfers, and the average number decided by a tribunal of each class, are shewn below:—

	Total Number of Suits disposed of.	Average Number disposed of by each Tribunal.
1 Bangalore Small Cause Court	5,954	2,977
82 Amildars	8,632	105
8 Munsiffs	1,041	130
9 Judicial Assistants	5,486	600
8 Deputy Commissioners	55	7
3 Commissioners	7	2

220. The Courts which had the greatest average number of regular suits to dispose of, were those of the Judicial Assistants, and during the last quarter, the Munsiffs. The latter Officers whose Courts had been opened only for three months have disposed of 130 suits on an average.

221. The percentage of cases disposed of to the total number for disposal was nearly 90 per cent, as against 97 per cent in 1872. The large number of 932 suits pending at the close of the year, as against only 681 at the end of 1872, is not quite satisfactory. This increase was chiefly due to the 328 suits pending in the Courts of the Munsiffs; only 23 of them were over two months, and looking to the time of the year when their Courts were opened, and the amount of work accomplished by them during the short space of three months, it would appear that the heavy pending file is due to exceptional circumstances, and not to any want of energy on the part of the presiding Officers of the Courts.

222. *Contested and Uncontested Suits disposed of.*—The particulars of suits disposed of, contested as well as uncontested, during the years 1872 and 1873, are compared below :—

		Contested.		Uncontested.							Total.
		Judgment for Plaintiff.	Judgment for Defendant.	Rejected or returned.	Dismissed for default.	Withdrawn with leave.	Compromised.	Decreed on Confession.	Decreed *Exparte*.	Dismissed *Exparte*.	
Number of suits.	1872...	4,400	1,270	422	2,245	628	1,431	5,074	5,380	880	21,730
	1873...	4,290	1,214	335	2,317	416	1,311	4,625	5,670	997	21,175
Percentage.	1872...	20·2	5·8	1·9	10·3	2·9	6·6	23·4	24·8	4·1	100
	1873...	20·2	5·7	1·6	10·9	1·9	6·3	21·9	26·7	4·8	100

223. Excluding from among the uncontested suits disposed of those marginally noted, only 8,984 suits, or about 42 per cent, were decided in the absence of the parties. With a view, if possible, to discover the cause of this large proportion of suits in which the parties failed to appear, special information regarding the number of applications filed to set aside judgments by default and *exparte*, was called for, and the result shewn is as below summarized :—

Rejected	...	1·6 per cent.
Withdrawn	...	1·9 do
Compromised	...	6·3 do
Decreed on confession	...	21·9 do

	Number of *Exparte* Judgments by default and dismissals for default.	Number of Applications filed to set aside such Judgments.	Number of such Applications granted.
Ashtagram	1,542	112	23
Nundydroog	5,824	74	65
Nagar	1,618	93	93
Total...	8,984	279	241

224. The above figures shew that, out of 8,984 suits disposed of in the absence of the parties, in only 279 cases was any attempt made to obtain a re-trial, and in only 241 such cases did the Courts deem it fit to grant such re-trials. These facts go conclusively to shew that the parties in most cases of this description were wilful defaulters, and that the large number of suits disposed of in their absence was in no degree due either to want of consideration or irregular procedure on the part of the Courts. There is good ground for believing that the majority of suits shewn as disposed of under these headings were really compromised by the parties out of Courts.

225. *References to Arbitrators.*—Seventeen suits, as compared with 39 in 1872, were referred to arbitrators, 11 by the Small Cause Courts, 2 by the Munsiff of Bangalore, and 1 and 3 by the Judicial Assistants of Bangalore and Kolar respectively.

226. *Value of Suits disposed of.*—The aggregate value of suits disposed of in all the Courts in the Province was Rs. 23,45,380, being an average of Rs. 110 per suit, as against Rs. 23,13,785, which gave an average of Rs. 106 in 1872.

227. The increase appears to have been general throughout the Province, except in the Nundydroog Division, where the large decrease of about two laks of Rs. was chiefly due to there being no suits decided in the Commissioner's Court during the year under report, as against seven suits in 1872 of the aggregate value of over Rs. 1,57,000.

228. *Duration of Suits.*—The average duration of contested and uncontested cases was 28·75, and 18·36 days respectively, as against 33 and 10·7 days in 1872. The decrease in the duration of contested cases was due almost entirely to the shorter duration of suits in the Courts of Amildars, Munsiffs and Judicial Assistants. In the Bangalore Small Cause Court, there was an increase of about one day.

229. In the disposal of uncontested suits also, the Small Cause Court shews an increase of about one day. The Courts of the Amildars and the Munsiffs shew about 17 days, which must be considered fairly satisfactory. The Judicial Assistants' Courts also shew a small decrease of about two days.

230. On the whole, it is gratifying to find that contested suits have been disposed of somewhat more expeditiously than in 1872, while the slightly increased duration of uncontested suits is perhaps not to be regretted, as it would be satisfactory to believe that it is in some measure the result of consideration on the part of the Courts towards defaulting parties.

231. Out of the 932 suits pending at the close of the year, 67, as against 54 in 1872, were pending over two months, but there were only 12 over 4 months on the files, as against 16 in 1872.

232. *Amildars' Courts.*—In these Courts, 8,618 suits were filed during the year under report, being about 40 per cent of the total for the whole Province. In 1872, they had 9,972 suits, and the decrease during the past year was principally due to the appointment of Munsiffs in the Nundydroog Division.

233. Eight thousand six hundred and thirty-two suits were disposed of by Amildars during the past year, giving an average of 105 cases decided by each officer of that grade.

234. The subjoined table shews the number of suits disposed of, and pending in the Courts of the Amildars of the several Districts:—

		Suits disposed of.		Pending.	
		1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Nundydroog Division ...	Bangalore	1,858	1,293	13	0
	Kolar	2,612	1,957	24	0
	Túmkúr	814	632	7	0
Ashtagram Division	Mysore	1,423	1,288	2	7
	Hassan	769	902	9	8
Nagar Division ...	Shimoga	1,162	1,207	4	16
	Chitaldroog	878	853	6	2
	Kadur	486	500	0	6
	Total.....	10,002	8,632	65	39

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235. It is satisfactory to find that these officers, notwithstanding their multifarious duties, have been able to dispose of almost the whole of the large number of suits filed in their Courts.

236. *Munsiffs' Courts.*—These Courts were opened on the 1st October 1873 in the Nundydroog Division, and the strength of the file of each Court was as shewn below :—

		Transferred from the Amildars and Judicial Assistants on 1st October 1873.	Since filed in their Courts.	Total.
Bangalore...	1. Sub-Division...	18	347	365
	2. Do	2	131	133
	3. Do	2	139	141
Kolar ...	1. Sub-Division...	14	119	133
	2. Do	5	197	202
	3. Do	7	172	179
Túmkúr ...	1. Sub-Division...	5	80	85
	2. Do	8	128	136
	Total.....	61	1,313	1,374

237. Out of these, 1,046 were disposed of, leaving 328 at the close of the year.

238. The income of these Courts in stamps, and the expenditure to be noted against them, was as follows :—

		Receipts from Stamps.			Expenditure.		
Bangalore...	1. Sub-Division...	2,440	9	9	1,200	0	0
	2. Do	795	11	0	1,050	0	0
	3. Do	704	6	11	900	0	0
Kolar ...	1. Sub-Division...	686	13	0	1,202	8	3
	2. Do	1,221	4	6	900	0	0
	3. Do	1,012	9	0	984	0	10
Túmkúr ...	1. Sub-Division...	914	5	0	1,200	0	0
	2. Do	454	12	0	825	12	9
	Total.....	8,230	7	2	8,262	5	10

239. Thus, the expenditure exceeded the receipts by only the small sum of Rs. 31—14—8, and the Munsiffs' Courts may therefore be said at this moment to be self-supporting. This is a most satisfactory result, when it is remembered that the arrangement was somewhat new to the people, and that this result has been obtained in the first three months of the existence of the said Courts.

240. In the Courts at Bangalore, Chintamani and Chikballapur there was a surplus.

241. In the short period during which these Courts have been in existence, they have apparently worked in a very satisfactory and business like manner.

242. There is reason to believe that these Courts are popular, though with a somewhat increased pecuniary jurisdiction and some modifications with regard to the localities fixed upon as their head-quarters, their usefulness would be greatly enhanced. This however can be arranged after a little additional experience of what may be desirable.

243. The only respect in which these Courts are viewed by the people with some slight dissatisfaction, is the rather extensive territorial jurisdiction given to some of them, as one or two have four taluks under them instead of the usual number; *viz.*, 3, and this entails some hardship on parties who wish to file petty suits, and whose villages are rather remote. The Officiating Commissioner of Nundydroog suggests that Village Munsiffs, as in Madras, or Shekdars, Amildars and Peshkars should be appointed to decide petty suits up to Rs. 10; but under existing circumstances such a measure cannot with expediency be carried out, for whatever may be the degree of success with which the measure is attended in Madras, the Chief Commissioner cannot believe that in this Province it would produce any but evil results. The area of the Munsiff's jurisdiction is after all not so large as in Madras, and the Chief Commissioner has endeavoured to remove all cause for complaint on account of the distance of the Courts by directing the Munsiffs to hold Circuit Courts for three months in the year at certain specified localities within their jurisdiction. There is no doubt that the new system is far preferable to the old, under which suitors had to follow Amildars in their peregrinations through the taluks.

244. *The Courts of the Judicial Assistants.*—There were 5,451 suits filed in these Courts during the past year, representing about 25·5 per cent of the litigation of the whole Province, as against nearly 27 per cent in 1872. These, added to 486 pending from 1872 and 7 received by transfer, gave a total of 5,944 for disposal.

245. The subjoined table gives a comparative statement of the

suits disposed of by the several Judicial Assistants of the Province in the years 1872 and 1873 :—

Judicial Assistants.		Suits disposed of.		Pending.	
		1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Nundydroog Division.....	Bangalore	913	736	74	30
	Kolar	768	517	14	19
	Túmkúr	359	307	25	6
Ashtagram Division	Mysore	998	910	137	104
	Palhalli	714	650	30	63
	Hassan	556	589	66	38
Nagar Division ...	Shimoga	530	651	52	92
	Chitaldroog	467	556	16	29
	Kadur	731	590	72	35
	Total.....	6,056	5,486	486	416

246. *Deputy Commissioners' Courts.*—There were 61 suits for disposal as compared with 62 in 1872, of which 55 were disposed of in the manner shewn below :—

		1872.	1873.
Nundydroog Division	Bangalore ...	41	24
	Kolar ...	1	...
	Túmkúr ...	1	1
Ashtagram Do	Mysore ...	11	18
	Hassan ...	...	4
Nagar Do	Shimoga ...	1	...
	Chitaldroog ...	1	1
	Kadur ...	4	7
	Total.....	60	55

247. As usual, the greater number of suits were filed in the Bangalore and Mysore Courts, but there is nothing unusual or special in the character of these suits which necessitates detailed remarks.

248. *Commissioners' Courts.*—In these Courts, 9 suits were filed, as against 13 in 1872, 4 in Ashtagram, 3 in Nundydroog and 2 in Nagar.

249. Including the balance of 1872, and the 3 cases received by transfer in the Ashtagram Division, there were 15 suits for disposal, of which 8 were disposed of, leaving 7 cases pending at the close of the year 1873, 5 in Ashtagram and two in Nagar.

250. *Civil Appeals.*—Including 53 appeals pending from 1872, and

received by transfer, there was a total of 878 appeals for disposal as compared with 845 in 1872, being an increase of 33. The increase in the number of appeals preferred was 40.

251. Out of the total number for disposal, 792 were finally disposed of, and 10 were transferred, leaving 76 at the close of the year.

252. The following table shews the general results of appeals preferred in the different classes of Appellate Courts in the Province in 1872 and 1873, respectively :—

Courts.			Number for disposal.	Disposed of.						Transferred.	Pending.	Percentage of the confirmed to the total disposed of.	Average Duration.
				Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.	Dismissed for default.	Total.				
Judicial Assistants' Courts ...	1872	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1873	...	40	10	11	5	5	1	32	0	8	25	22
Dy. Commissioners' Courts ...	1872	...	328	167	35	69	22	30	323	0	5	51	20
	1873	...	284	128	35	54	23	28	268	10	6	45·1	16·7
Commissioners' Courts ...	1872	...	393	218	57	43	21	20	359	2	32	60	60
	1873	...	419	238	45	40	16	24	363	0	56	56·80	44·65
Judicial Commissioner's Court. Regular Appeals.	1872	...	16	8	0	6	0	0	14	0	2	57	48
	1873	..	8	5	2	1	0	0	8	0	0	62·5	64
Special Appeals...	1872	...	108	55	9	23	4	3	94	0	14	57	40
	1873	...	127	68	8	43	0	2	121	0	6	53·4	43
Total.....	1872	...	845	448	101	141	47	53	790	2	53	56	41
	1873	...	878	449	101	143	44	55	792	10	76	51·13	34

253. The decrease of 8 in the number of regular appeals to the Judicial Commissioner was due to the smaller number of original suits decided by the Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners.

254. In special appeals to the Judicial Commissioner, there was an increase of 19.

255. The percentage shewing the manner of disposal, as compared with the total number disposed of, was nearly the same as in the previous year as noted below :—

	1872.	1873.
Confirmed	56·71	56·6
Modified	12·8	12·8
Reversed	17·8	18·1
Remanded	6·0	5·6
Dismissed for default	6·7	6·9
Total.....	100	100

256. Of the 76 appeals pending at the close of the year, 3 as against 6 in 1872 were pending over two months.

257. The average duration of each appeal disposed of was 22 days in the Judicial Assistants' Courts, 16 in the Deputy Commissioners' and 44 in the Commissioners'.

258. In the Judicial Commissioner's Court, the average duration for regular and special appeals was 64 and 43 respectively, as against 48 and 40 days in 1872.

259. The aggregate value of decrees put in execution was Rs. 25,88,182, as against Rs. 26,16,491 in 1872. Rs. 19,99,877 as against Rs. 21,96,020 in 1872 were realized, being 77 per cent as compared with the 84 per cent of the total value of the decrease under execution.

260. *Miscellaneous Work.*—The amount of miscellaneous work done in each class of Courts in the Province during the year is exhibited in the annexed table :—

	Number for disposal.		Number disposed of.		Pending.	
	Cases.	Petitions.	Cases.	Petitions.	Cases.	Petitions.
Amildars	434	473	429	473	5	0
Munsiffs	67	174	45	163	22	11
Judicial Assistants	858	1,222	803	1,214	55	8
Deputy Commissioners	299	343	267	343	32	0
Commissioners...	14	253	12	251	2	2
Judicial Commissioner	0	53	0	53	0	0
Total.....	1,672	2,518	1,556	2,497	116	21
Total for 1872.....	1,812	3,683	1,742	3,669	70	14

REGISTRATION.

261. The subjoined summary contains a specification of the various classes of documents registered during the two past years respectively. It is so far satisfactory that it indicates an increase in 1873—74 of 540 or nine per cent, compared with the year 1872—73, in the number of documents the registration of which was compulsory under the provisions of the Act. The number (6,566) is in fact greater than in any previous year, and has doubled since 1866, when the Act was introduced. This increment occurred in six Districts, which shew together 646 more registrations. The Districts of Bangalore and Kolar shew 106 less than in 1872—73.

Compulsory Registration.

Districts.	1872—73	1873—74	More.	Less.
Mysore	1,265	1,500	235	..
Túmkúr	589	617	28	...
Hassan	554	752	198	...
Shimoga	441	573	132	...
Kadur	543	560	17	...
Chitaldroog	232	268	36	...
Bangalore	1,9 0	1,823	...	77
Kolar	502	473	...	29
		6,566	646	106

262. The documents consisted mainly of deeds of sale including Court certificates of sale (3,059) and deeds of mortgage (2,936) involving immovable property of 100 Rs. and upwards in value, and the number, very probably, represents a large proportion, if not all, of the instruments of that value executed in the Province during the year; but besides these there must have been a vast number concerning real property of smaller value the registration of which is optional. Of such, 1,591 only are recorded, and it will be observed that this class of documents has shewn a tendency to decline in five Districts.

Optional Registration relating to immovable property.

Districts.	1872—73	1873—74	More.	Less.
Bangalore	472	381	...	91
Túmkúr	196	151	...	45
Kolar	379	306	...	73
Shimoga	80	66	...	14
Kadur	133	125	...	8
Mysore	179	185	6	...
Hassan	217	330	113	...
Chitaldroog	44	47	3	...
Total.....	1,700	1,591		

263. *Optional Registration of bonds and personal obligations.*—The decline is attributable in a measure to the facilities for raising money by

means of bonds and promissory notes on personal security, jewels, scrips, &c., afforded by the private banks which have come into existence since the introduction of the Companies' Act in 1868 This view is corroborated by the fact that the Districts where these banks are most numerous (Bangalore 16, Kolar 15, Túmkúr 3) are those in which the diminution is most marked. In Shimoga and Kadur, where there are no banks, the figures of 1873—74, though less than those of 1872—73, are better than in any previous year. The registration of bonds and similar documents relating to movable property has not fallen off, but the growth is but slow. In Hassan, there were 36 more than in 1872—73, in Shimoga 7, in Túmkúr 8 ; but Bangalore was stationary, while Kolar had 4 less, Kadur 10, and Chitaldroog 7 less.

264. Having regard to the slow progress of voluntary registration with reference to documents involving immovable property under 100 Rs. in value, and those referring to personal obligations, it is to be feared that the advantages of registration are either not popularly known, or that they do not commend themselves to the classes among whom such transactions take place. For example, the Bangalore Branch of the Madras Bank and the numerous Native Banks, which make loans on other than real property, are content with the securities which they accept without superadding those of registration. It is chiefly in transactions between private parties that they would be desirable, as a registered document operates against one that is unregistered, and in case of loss may be replaced by a certified copy. But in order to secure these contingent advantages, the parties might reasonably hesitate to incur the expense of a fee, and still more the risk of exposing themselves to exactions at the Taluk Cutcherry, which they must attend personally or through an agent, sometimes at great inconvenience. Such considerations might well outweigh in the minds of the poor and uneducated classes in the interior the benefits which registration confers. But in order that they may be more generally brought home to the people, a summary of the objects of the present registration law, similar to that contained in the Chief Commissioner's Notification of 17th December 1865, which was issued when the Acts of 1864—65 were promulgated, has been published in the Local Kanarese Gazette, and also separately for distribution in the villages.

265. *Value of movable and immovable property.*—The values of the

movable and immovable properties involved in both the compulsory and optional classes of registration were as follows :—

Value of documents relating to real property, Secuons 17 and 18	..	..	3,368,590
Do to other property, Section 18		..	242,039

266. *Registration under Penalty.*—The registrations under penalty for late presentations shew an increase of 9 cases; but those for late appearance have diminished by 21, in consequence of the revised rule introduced under the authority of the Local Government to the effect that a penalty should not be imposed when the executants appear at the time of presentation.

267. *Registration of Wills and Authorities to adopt.*—There has been a slight increase in the number of wills, although the registration was optional. Authorities to adopt are not legally recognizable unless registered, but the returns shew 5 only in the year 1873—74 as in 1872—73. As the requirements of the Act regarding such instruments are either not generally known or may have been evaded, a Notification has been published in the local Gazette. In the same Notification attention has been drawn to the registration of certified copies of Court decrees relating to immovable property, as their number has fallen off since last year.

268. *Copies and Extracts made or granted. Powers of Attorney and attendances at private residences.*—The steady increase in the number of "copies and extracts" of documents granted by the Registering Officers, as well as in the authentication of powers of attorney by those Officers, is of a satisfactory character. The cases of attendance at private residences for the purpose of registering documents or authenticating powers of attorney have also multiplied year by year.

269. *Refusals and Appeal.*—The refusals to register, which numbered 202 in the year 1870—71 and 172 in the following year, were reduced to 61 in 1872—73 and 76 in 1873—74. There were 16 appeals against these last refusals, 6 were reversed, 9 were confirmed by the District Registrars, and one document was ordered to be registered by a Court. The causes of refusal have been as follows :—

Unauthenticated interlineations, alterations or erasures ...	3
Insufficient description of property	10
Presentation after permissible date	4
Non-appearance of executants	12
Non-identification of executant	1
Denial of execution	14
Minority of executants	13
Want of proof of execution by a deceased person ...	4
Documents affecting service *inams*	2
Refusal to pay prescribed fees, &c.	13

270. *Summonses.*—One hundred and sixty-five summonses were issued to compel the attendance of parties, the number having satisfactorily diminished year by year.

271. *Prosecution.*—There was one case of prosecution arising out of a forgery in the year and date of a document, which was detected by the Sub-Registrar of Vastara, and ended in the conviction of the offender, who was sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment by the Sessions Court.

272. *Average Cost of Registration Fees.*—The average registration fee on each document of the compulsory class was Rs. 2—3—11 and of the optional class Rs. 1—7—5, against Rs. 2—2—10 and Rs. 1—7—2 of the previous year. The slight increase in the average fee is mainly due to the more strict enforcement of that clause of the Table of Fees which imposes an extra fee of 4 annas per 100 beyond 300 words in a document. The percentage of fees on the *value* of immovable property amounted to Rs. 0—7—10, against Rs. 0—7—3, and on movable Rs. 0—6—10, against Rs. 0—5—7 of the previous year.

273. *Financial Results.*—The financial results of the year under report have been unusually favorable. The receipts exceeded those of every year except 1870—71, when the income was swelled by exceptional causes, and leave a surplus of Rs. 3,541. The increase in the total expenditure, compared with that of 1872—73, is wholly due to the amount of Sub-Registrars' commission which is in proportion to the growth of the fees.

Districts.	Receipts.												Expenditure.											
	Fees.			Penalties.			Miscellaneous.			Total.			Salary and Establishment Allowance.			Commission to Sub Registrars at 40 per cent of Fees.			Contingencies.			Total.		
Inspector General's Office ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	5	0	9	5	0	4,950	2	2	...	...	...	118	2	6	5,068	4	8
Bangalore	5,526	8	0	73	2	0	4	4	1	5,603	14	1	1,020	0	0	2,071	8	10	46	15	6	3,138	8	4
Mysore	4,367	0	0	232	2	0	3	7	8	4,602	9	8	863	15	11	1,632	1	4	18	6	4	2,514	7	7
Túmkúr	1,617	12	0	58	0	0	16	12	0	1,692	8	0	587	1	6	621	11	8	21	11	7	1,230	8	9
Kolar	1,620	0	0	30	8	0	19	11	2	1,670	3	2	600	0	0	652	15	½	10	12	0	1,263	11	½
Hassan	2,459	4	0	136	2	0	...	...	...	2,595	6	0	600	0	0	901	14	0	43	2	0	1,545	0	0
Kadur	2,168	4	0	238	14	0	19	12	0	2,426	14	0	480	0	0	806	14	5	36	2	2	1,323	0	7
Shimoga	1,833	2	0	100	8	0	18	10	11	1,952	4	11	305	15	3	737	0	7	26	0	11	1,069	0	9
Chitaldroog	752	4	0	3	0	0	10	0	0	765	4	0	300	0	0	289	10	9	34	14	1	624	8	10
Total.....	20,344	2	0	872	4	0	101	14	10	21,318	4	10	9,707	2	10	7,713	12	7½	356	3	1	17,777	2	6½

35

274. *Recovery of Stamp Duties.*—The Registration Agency continues to be a material aid to the Stamp Department in the detection of unstamped and insufficiently stamped documents. No fewer than ninety were impounded by the Sub-Registrars, and the deficient stamp duties, as well as penalties in some cases, have been recovered by that means.

275. *Unclaimed Documents.*—Four unclaimed documents have, been destroyed, and 296 documents remained to be delivered, the presenters having failed to appear in person or by authorized agents to take back the documents.

276. *Inspection of Work generally.*—The quarterly inspections of the books and annual inspection of Offices by the District Officers appear from their reports to have been productive of greater accuracy and regularity of procedure on the part of the Sub-Registrars, and as it is a matter of much importance that these local inspections should not be relaxed, a Circular on the subject was issued to the District Registrars' in August last. These reports and the Sub-Registrars' monthly returns and index sheets being submitted through the District Registrars to the Inspector General, with any orders which they may have issued after examination in correction of errors, they are again minutely reviewed and a very complete system of check is thus maintained. The *following resumé of the number of errors and informalities detected by the Inspector General's Office in the Sub-Registrars' returns after they had passed through the District Registry Offices affords the means of testing the relative efficiency of the work performed in each District.

Names.	No. of Quarterly Inspection of Books in the Registrars' Offices.	No of Annual Inspections.	
		By Registrars.	Other Officers.
Bangalore ...	15	5	5
Mysore ...	10	8	3
Túmkúr ...	10	5	3
Kolar ..	20	5	4
Hassan ...	12	7	3
Kadur ...	5	7	...
Shimoga ...	18	9	...
Chitaldroog ...	13	7	3
Total ...	103	53	21

* Names of Districts.	No. of Documents registered.	No. of Errors pointed out by Inspector General's Office.	Percentage.
Bangalore ...	2,328	63	2·7
Mysore ...	1,740	47	2·7
Kadur ...	750	24	3·2
Hassan ...	1,149	42	3·6
Kolar ...	838	35	4·1
Túmkúr ...	805	39	4·8
Chitaldroog ...	321	22	6·8
Shimoga ...	707	59	8·3

277. *Local Sub-Registry Offices.*—The question of establishing Sub-Registry Offices, apart from those at the taluk *kasbas*, has been considered during the year, with a view of affording greater facilities for registration. The Deputy Commissioners of all the Districts were addressed on the 28th November last, and the attention of those of the Nundydroog Division were specially requested to the need for replacing the offices which were recently abolished with 6 taluks. The replies received are generally to the effect that there are but few towns where business is likely to be such as to render a local Sub-Registry Office a boon to the community, but apart from this a difficulty presents itself in procuring suitable persons as Sub-Registrars. In two places, Chintamani and Turuvekere, it is proposed to appoint the Sub-Magistrate or the Munsiff to the duty, but elsewhere the only stationary officials to be found are the hobli school masters, a class of men who are not likely as a body to take up the work.

278. *Registration of Companies under Act X of* 1866.—At the close of the year 1873—74, there were thirty-six registered Companies in Mysore, which, with two exceptions, were banking associations. The stimulus which the Act has given to the formation of such societies may be seen from the fact that in 1868, when the Act was introduced, two only were registered, in 1869 three, in 1870 three, in 1871 four, in 1872 six, in 1873 nine, and since January 1874 eight. The aggregate capital amounts to 27,95,000, of which seven lacs belong to an old institution, the Bangalore Bank "Limited." The places in which they are established are:—

		No.
Bangalore	Town and Cantonment	16
Kolar	Town	9
„	Shrinivaspur	2
„	Bowringpet	3
„	Chikballapur	1
Tumkúr	Town	3
Chitaldroog	Town	1
Mysore	Town	1

279. On November 4th 1873, the Chief Commissioner notified that His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India had been pleased to extend from 1st January 1874 to 1st January 1876 the period within which all Government servants acting as Agents, Secretaries,

Managers, Directors, and in similar appointments, in connection with joint stock banks in Mysore were required to disconnect themselves from the management of all such companies. It had previously been notified on 16th January 1873, that public servants otherwise connected with such institutions must withdraw from them altogether before the 1st January 1876, the alternative in either case being the resignation of public employment. It is a significant fact that, since the extension of the period of grace was announced in November 1873, eight banks have been established beside two companies for the manufacture of sugar and ice.

MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION.

280. A description of the system of Municipal Administration and of the sources of the revenues of the Municipalities in this Province was given in paras 247 to 260 of the report for 1872—73.

281. The total number of Municipal towns at the beginning of 1873—74 was 58. During the year under report 19 kasbas or head-quarter stations of taluks, in the Ashtagram Division, were newly constituted Municipalities; so that there are now 77 Municipal towns in the Province.

282. The following statement exhibits the number of Municipal towns in each District, their population, the receipts, and expenditure of the Municipal revenues for 1873—74. The rate per head is Rs. 0—11—9, against Rs. 0—11—5¼ in the previous year.

No.	Districts.	Number of Municipalities.	Population.	Income.	Average incidence per head of Population.	Expenditure.
1	Bangalore	16	1,91,300	1,92,029	1 0 0	1,97,783
2	Kolar	11	47,375	10,195	0 3 5	11,708
3	Túmkúr	11	39,671	7,923	0 3 5	7,293
4	Mysore	13	97,465	97,261	0 15 11	75,641
5	Hassan	10	28,784	8,842	0 4 11	6,762
6	Shimoga	8	29,093	23,268	0 12 9	22,605
7	Kadur	5	17,988	6,969	0 6 2	10,145
8	Chitaldroog	3	28,547	6,702	0 3 9	7,197
	Total.....	77	4,80,223	3,53,189	0 11 9	3,39,134
	Cash Balance.....			1,43,925		1,57,980
				4,97,114		4,97,114

MILITARY.

283. The local Military Force consists of six Regiments of Siledars or Cavalry, and four Regiments of Barr or Infantry.

284. *Efficiency.—Reorganization.—Drill.*—The Siledar Force which in former years played a recognized part in Indian history was gradually deteriorating into little better than a mounted rabble, the causes thereof dating from the period anterior to the assumption of the Administration of the Province by the British Government. This state of things drew attention some years ago, and a good deal was done to improve it; such as the adoption of a uniform, the arming of the men with a serviceable lance, providing Lines for each Regiment which did not previously exist, the establishment of a Chanda Remount Fund which has freed the service from its former precarious character, the raising of the pay of each man from 20 to 26 Rs. per month, one Regiment being reduced to provide funds for this most necessary measure, and lastly the introduction of a new and better system of accounts and payment. Nevertheless much remained to be accomplished to render the Siledars even passably efficient as an arm of the local Militia, and the subject being under consideration during the past three years, detailed arrangements were last year ordered for rendering the Siledars a compact body of efficient horse-men. In the first place it was considered that the numerical strength of the Force was much more than was called for by the requirements of the Province, and that a thousand well disciplined and efficient men would serve all purposes during the present times of peace. Orders were accordingly issued for the gradual reduction of the Force, and arrangements were in progress during the year under report. The Siledar Force will in future consist of 3 Regiments, the strength of each Regiment being as noted in the *margin. The Force is being properly drilled under the supervision of a specially appointed Adjutant aided by drill instructors from the Madras Light Cavalry. The 4th Regiment quartered at Bangalore practised drill throughout the year under report with very satisfactory results, and took an approved part

*1 Regimentdar.
6 Risaldars.
6 Jamadars.
1 Sarzaffardar.
36 Daffedars.
1 Nishanbardar.
1 Trumpet Major.
6 Trumpeters.
1 Kettle Drummer.
330 Savars.
1 Farrier Major.
6 Farriers.
1 Foot Mahaldar.
1 Sarpeshkar

6 Peshkars.
1 Jhanda Daffedar.
3 Jhandavalas.
408 × 3 = 1224 for 3 Regiments.

in the late Camp of Exercise. Various other improvements in details have also been ordered, calculated to render the Force equal to the requirements of the internal administration of the State, and of subordinate co-operation with British Troops should occasion arise. To the Barr Force also, two drill instructors were attached last year, and an endeavour is being made to raise the standard of its efficiency too.

285. *Strength.—Cost of Reduction.—Siledar Gratuities.—Siledar Pensions.—Barr Pensions.*—As already stated arrangements were in progress during the year under report for the reduction of the Siledar Force. Inducements of pension and gratuity were held out as per following scale,

Detail.	Proposed pension when invalided.		Remarks.
	Ordinary after 20 years' service.	Superior after 40 years' service with unblemished character.	
Regimentdar	50	80	Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers must have served 3 years in the rank in which invalided to entitle them to the pension of such rank; where their service in this respect is incomplete, they will only receive the pension of the next lower rank.
Risaldars	25	40	
Sarzafardars	15	24	
Jamadars	12	20	
Daffedars	6	10	
Nishanbardars	6	10	The superior pension after 40 years' service is not claimable as a matter of right, and will only be granted to men of unblemished character who are specially recommended therefor.
Trumpet Major	6	10	
Trumpeters	3-8-0	5	
Savars	3-8-0	5	
Farrier Major	6	10	
Farriers	3-8-0	5	
Foot Mahaldar or Orderly ...	3	5	
Sar-Peshkar	Will be entitled to pension under the Uncovenanted Service Pension Rules. Compassionate allowance of Rs. 3 per mensem, if invalided after 30 years' service.		
Peshkars			
Jandavalas			

and up to the 31st December last 831 Officers and men availed them-

selves of them to quit the service, *viz.*, 425 on pension and 406 on gratuity. The payments made on account of gratuities amounted to Rs. 88,070, and the aggregate annual charge for pensions for men transferred to the pension list amounts to Rs. 55,544. The question of the future distribution of the Siledars throughout the Province not having been settled before the official year closed, the 3 surplus Regiments had not been broken up on the last day of the year, nor had the Commissioned Officers who had elected for discharge been finally disposed of. In the Barr Force, 172 old and worn out Officers and men were transferred to the pension list. Accordingly the strength of the Siledar and Barr Forces stood as follows on the 1st of April in 1873 and 1874:—

	Siledars.		Barr.	
	1873	1874	1873	1874
Commissioned Officers...	47	45	87	74
Non-Commissioned Officers	255	145	281	252
Rank and File	1,823	1,159	2,051	2,010
Camp Followers	...	...	147	148
Total.....	2,125	1,349	2,566	2,484

286. *Castes of Men.*—The relative proportions of the different castes to which the men belong stood as follows in 1873 and 1874:—

Castes.	Siledars.						Barr.					
	Commissioned Officers.		Non-Commissioned Officers and Men.		Total.		Commissioned Officers.		Non-Commissioned Officers and Men.		Total.	
	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
Christians ...	...	..	3	4	3	4	2	...	126	132	128	132
Muhammadans ...	18	18	1,089	646	1,107	664	57	46	1,531	1,484	1,588	1,530
Brahmans and Rajputs ...	13	13	176	111	189	124	10	9	135	131	145	140
Maharattas ...	13	12	746	497	759	509	8	7	190	180	198	187
Gentus	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	36	36	37	37
Other Castes ...	2	1	63	45	65	46	9	11	461	447	470	458
Total.....	47	45	2,078	1,304	2,125	1,343	87	74	2,479	2,410	2,566	2,484

287. *Castes of Horses.*—The horses and mares in the Siledar Force numbered 1,304 when the year closed, and consisted of the following breeds;—

	Horses.	Mares.	Total.
Studbred	128	269	397
Mawn	...	107	107
Arab	27	...	27
Australian	12	71	83
Kandahar	364	61	425
Persian	231	20	251
Kattawar	12	2	14
Total.....	774	530	1,304

288. *Kunigal Farm and Horse Breeding.*—During 1872—73, there were 27 stallions maintained at the Kunigal Farm. The number was reduced by destroying two unserviceable ones. One was sold for 1,000 Rs. and another purchased instead for Rs. 1,200. This brings the number down to 25. 22 stallions were of the castes noted in the *margin. Seventy foals were born during the year, and the health and growth of these and of the other young stock purchased from the Chanda Fund and reared in the Farm is reported to have been satisfactory. A separate stable for the stallions was constructed and the other buildings on the Farm repaired. The Farm crops are reported to have suffered severely from the dry and unfavorable season.

	No.
* English	1
Cape	1
Australian	3
Arab	17
Total.....	22

289. *Stables and Huts.*—The work on the Siledars' huts at Shimoga was not completed when the year closed, and the Military Assistant complains of the way the work progresses under present arrangements as unsatisfactory. It is stated that Rs. 9,503 were spent during the year, and Rs. 6,812, which formed the unexpended portion of the Budget grant, lapsed when the year closed. For the Barr Force, 47 huts were completed at Shimoga, and 97 were under construction to complete the number required.

290. *Funds.*—Subjoined is a statement shewing the working of the Chanda, Stable, and Stallion Funds during the past and previous years:—

Funds.	Balance from previous year.		Receipts during the year.		Total.		Disbursements.		Balance.	
	1872-73	1873-74	1872-73	1873-74	1872-73	1873-74	1872-73	1873-74	1872-73	1873-74
Chanda Fund ...	10,977	30,977	48,633	71,433	59,610	1,02,410	28,633	67,262	30,977	35,148
Stable Fund ...	3,788	3,569	2,777	2,743	6,565	6,312	2,796	2,064	3,569	4,248
Stallion Fund ...	6,147	6,040	2,732	2,820	8,879	8,860	2,839	5,530	6,040	3,130

291. *Chanda Fund.*—The Chanda Fund system was first introduced in 1869. Its principal features were that each Siledar was to pay 1½ Rs. towards the Fund, and that he was to receive Rs. 200, on the death or rejection of his horse. These were since altered in favor of the system in force in the Bengal Cavalry. Since the year previous to the one under report each Siledar pays 2 Rs. towards the Fund from which fresh horses are maintained, and on the death or rejection of his horse a Siledar contributes but a month's pay without reference to the value of the horse which he receives. Precautions are of course adopted to prevent an undue advantage being taken of this benefit, and the working of the system has been satisfactory, and is popular among the Siledars. The balance of the Fund on the last day of 1873—74 was Rs. 35,148, which is equivalent to a reserve of 140 horses in addition to those actually maintained from the Fund, (taking a horse to be worth Rs. 250, discarding for a moment the extent to which this figure will be recouped by the proceeds from cast horses sold). The principle underlying the Chanda Fund system is that the loss inflicted on the Siledar by the death or rejection of his horse falls upon him but partially, the entire loss being in fact distributed over the whole Force and practically borne by *all* the Siledars. Accordingly, the large balances which have annually been accruing at the close of the year suggest the question whether the system, without diminishing its benefits, may not be worked even with less pressure upon the Siledars. Although a permanent reduction in the monthly chanda may not be advisable, it is a question whether a certain maximum may not be fixed, up to which the surplus after paying all casualties may accumulate, but when exceeded, the chanda contributions may temporarily cease. Such a provision seems to exist in the Central India Horse where the maximum is Rs. 5,000 for each Regiment; this is equal to a reserve of 25 horses at 200 Rs. each, for a Regiment 493 strong. It is also a question whether the Chanda Fund, instead of being one for the whole Force, may not be broken up into *one for each Regiment.* The benefits of the system will then be brought nearer home to each Siledar; and this may prove a stronger incentive to him for contributing his full mite towards minimizing the number of casualties in his Regiment.

292. *Stable Fund.—Stallion Fund.*—The Rs. 2,064 shewn above as disbursed from the Stable Fund were expended on repairs to huts and stables at Bangalore. And the Rs. 5,530 expended from the Stallion Fund represent the cost of the new stallion stable and of repairs to the other buildings on the Kunigal Farm.

293. *Cost of Force.*—Subjoined is a comparative statement shewing the cost of the Siledar and Barr Forces during the past and previous years :—

	1872—73	1873—74
	Rs.	Rs.
Savar Establishment	7,63,644	6,92,871
Barr Do.	2,62,161	2,59,380
Office establishment including other items and commissioned allowance ...	30,788	32,469
Total "Establishment".....	10,56,593	9,84,720
Savar Pensioners	...	8,791
Barr Do.	21,442	23,286
Karabat, &c. Do.	11,731	11,137
Total "Pensions".....	33,173	43,214
Savar Gratuities	...	88,050
Barr Do.	...	156
Total "Gratuities".....	...	88,206
Total Pensions and Gratuities...	33,173	1,31,420
Store Department including purchase of Arms, Ammunition, Tents, &c...	7,443	18,443
Grand Total.....	10,97,209	11,34,583

IV. PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

294. *Rain-fall.*—The total rain-fall for the past year was registered at 27·78 inches, against 36·43 inches in the year 1872—73. The rain gauged at the Government Observatory at Bangalore was 29·16 inches, as against 39·04 inches in the year previous. Of this 17·85 inches fell during the south-west, and 11 31 inches during the north-east monsoons.

295. The amount of rain-fall at the head-quarters of Districts is shewn in the subjoined statement.—

Districts.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Inches. Cents.	Inches. Cents.	Inches. Cents.	Inches. Cents.
Bangalore ...	40 45	22 79	...	17 66
Kolar ...	26 48	24 60	...	1 88
Túmkúr ..	31 50	21 5	...	9 75
Mysore ...	26 28	21 0	...	5 28
Hassan ..	33 38	43 7	9 69	...
Shimoga ...	64 46	28 51	...	35 95
Kadur ...	48 69	29 26	...	19 43
Chitaldroog ...	20 21	31 17	10 96	...
Total.....	291 45	222 15	20 65	89 95
Average...	36 43	27 78	2 58	11 24
Net Decrease ...	...	...	...	8 66

296. It will be observed from the above figures that there was a general decrease of rain during the past year in all except the Hassan and the Chitaldroog Districts.

297. *Temperature.*—The mean annual temperature recorded at the Government Observatory was 79°3, against 82°8 in the previous year. The maxima were 88°9 and 80°1 in May and July, as against 83°5 75°1 in the same months of 1872—73. During these hot months, the minimum readings were 83°2 and 75°5, against 83°5 and 75°1. The minimum for the whole year was 71°6, against 57°6 in the previous year.

CROPS.

298. The season during the year 1873—74 was on the whole not so favorable as in the previous year. In the Nundydroog Division the rain was scanty and unseasonable, so much so that the staple crops, *viz.*, ragi, paddy, dál and ballar partially failed.

299. There was a failure of the early rains in the Ashtagram Division, in consequence of which the ryots had the misfortune to lose the whole crop of cholam, which forms one of the principal staples of food for the agricultural classes. They had also a short out-turn from horsegram, pulse, ballar and ragi.

300. In the Nagar Division, the rains were very unseasonable, especially in the *maidan* or plain taluks; but no deficiency was felt in the *malnad* or hilly taluks where the usual harvest was reaped. The dry crop throughout the Division was on the whole below the average, and the wet crop in the open taluks suffered to some extent. In portions of the Shimoga and Chunnagiri Taluks of the Shimoga District, the crop was almost a total failure owing to the deficient early rains ; but the latter rains just saved the crops as a rule. Sugar-cane yielded generally a fair crop. The supari or areca nut gardens in the malnad taluks of Kavaledurga, Anantapur, Sagar and Koppa and also in the plain taluks of Honnali, Shikarpur, Budihal, Hosdurga, and Kankuppa appear to have suffered from "koleroga" or blight, and on the whole the season was not a favorable one for this crop.

301. The scanty rain-fall affected coffee to such an extent as to cause a large decrease in the out-turn, and to occasion a serious deficit in the sayer revenue derived therefrom.

302. The total area of land under cultivation in the year 1873-74 was 52,02,857 acres, as against 52,63,532 acres in the previous year, shewing a decrease of 60,675 acres in the year under report. The following statement exhibits the proportionate extent cultivated with the various products :—

Products.	Proportionate Area under Cultivation.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1872-73.	1873-74.		
Ragi, gram and other dry grains.	70·4	77·7	7·3	..
Rice.	18·3	9·0	...	9·3
Coffee	2·1	2·9	·8	...
Areca-nut, and cocoanut.	1·6	1·9	·3	...
Cotton.	1·4	0·85	...	...
Sugar-cane.	1·0	0·36	...	·64
Tobacco.	0·4	0·45	·5	...
Mulberry...	0·2	0·25	·5	...
Vegetables.	1·1	1·8	·7	...
Oil-seeds....	3·4	4·2	·8	...
Wheat	0·2	0·3	·1	...

303. *Ragi* is grown in all the Districts of the Province, and is the staple dry crop food consumed by the masses.

304. *Rice* is generally cultivated throughout the Province ; but in the western taluks, where rains from the south-west monsoon are continuous, it is almost exclusively grown.

305. *Coffee.*—The cultivation of coffee is carried on chiefly on the slopes of the Western Ghats in the Hassan, Kadur and the Shimoga Districts.

306. The following statement shews interesting particulars regarding coffee cultivation and revenue derived from it in the year under report as compared with 1872—73 :—

		Estates.	Acres.	No. of Trees.	Quantity in tons exported in this year's produce.	Duty paid.
1872—73	European ...	905	34,310	3,43,22,009	830⅜	16,607 11 6
	Native ...	22,759	76,689	8,34,35,653	3,277⅝	62,553 10 9
		23,064	1,10,999	11,77,57,662	4,108	79,161 6 3
1873—74	European ...	310	33,175	3,44,08,990	520¾	10,414 14 2
	Native ...	23,409	78,422	8,35,58,410	2,228¼	44,564 1 2
		23,719	1,11,597	11,79,67,400	2,749	54,978 15 4
Net	European ...	Increase 5	Decrease 1135	Increase 86,981	Decrease 309⅝	6,192 13 4
	Native ...	Do 650	Increase 1733	Do 1,22,757	1,049⅝	17,989 9 7
	Total.....	655	Net Increase 598	2,09,738	1,359	24,182 6 11

307. *Cotton.*—The extent of land under cotton cultivation during

the year under report was 43,798 acres or 2,916 acres less than in the previous year.

308. The quantity of cotton produced was 1,553 tons, as against 2,091 tons in the previous year, shewing a decrease of 538 tons.

309. *Cardamom.*—This plant grows spontaneously in some parts of the Shimoga, Kadur and Hassan Districts. It is annually put up to auction and the sale proceeds are credited to Government. The Malnad ryots and the coffee planters now grow cardamoms in their *hittals* or back-yards and coffee estates.

310. The receipts from the Sayer duty on cardamoms levied at the rate of 2 rupees per maund amounted during the year under report to Rs. 3,405.

311. The great profit accruing from this article of luxury to natives having of late attracted the attention of coffee planters, &c., and many instances having occurred of unauthorized cultivation of cardamom, and of wilful neglect on the part of planters to conform strictly to the conditions of the coffee grants, distinct rules regarding the grant of lands for cardamom cultivation have been promulgated.

312. *Tobacco.*—This plant is generally cultivated by some of the agricultural classes on a small scale on their kandayam lands; but its cultivation for sale is largely carried on in the Taluks of Periyapatna, (Mysore District) and Harnhalli, Arkalgúd, &c., (Hassan District). It is used by all the lower classes for chewing and smoking, and by the upper and lower classes for snuff.

313. The amount realized during the year under report from the imperial Sayer duty on tobacco at the rate of one rupee per maund with stalk, and at half a rupee per maund without stalk, was Rs. 1,19,225.

314. *Poppy.*—The area over which this plant was cultivated was 512 acres. The amount of duty levied on opium for the year under report was Rs. 5,632.

315. *Mulberry.*—The cultivation of mulberry was carried on over 12,825 acres of land during the year under report, as against 11,615 acres in the previous year, shewing an increase of 1,210 acres.

316. It is a matter of regret that sericulture which was formerly thriving and supplied suitable occupation to a section of the population

in Mysore, is now in a very depressed condition owing to the failure and mortality of the silk-worms, notwithstanding every care taken in rearing them. This result is attributed to climatic causes.

AGRICULTURAL STOCK.

317. The subjoined statement shews the live and other stock of the Province, for the year 1873—74 :—

	Number.
Cows and bullocks	2,911,684
Horses	8,008
Ponies	21,451
Donkeys	49,671
Sheep and goats	2,138,750
Pigs	35,357
Carts	94,912
Ploughs	619,423
Boats	161

318. CATTLE SHOW.—The Show for the year under review was held as usual at Nundy on the 19th of February 1874. From the unusually favorable weather, and the absence of any cattle disease at the time in the neighbourhood, very favorable results were anticipated, but unfortunately it was the poorest of the Shows hitherto held. In 1873, there were about 12,000 pairs of bullocks in the camps, whereas this year there were not more than 3 or 4,000 pairs. The cause of the falling off is reported to be that notice was not given in time, and that the ryots did not know that there was to be any unusual attraction or excitement on the occasion or that a Show would be held, the usual notice regarding it not having been by some oversight published until a few days beforehand.

319. Full mouthed and aged bulls were not exhibited on this occasion. The four and five year old bulls were however very fine, and one three year old was quite remarkable both in regard to size and shape.

320. The bullocks were excellent, and about a hundred pairs of fine animals were brought into the enclosure. The anxiety to gain a prize was very keen, and it was no easy matter to keep the competitors in order and their cattle in their places. The three pairs which gained the first prizes were afterwards picked out by a panchayat of Gaudas as the finest animals they could select for transmission to Sir Salar Jung, who had sent a commission for the purchase of three pairs of first class bullocks.

321. Only two or three good cows were exhibited.

322. The Show of ponies was also indifferent, and it is matter for regret that the breed of Mysore ponies, formerly so good, is now almost, if not quite, extinct.

323. *Average Prices of Produce and Labor.*—The average prices of the principal articles of produce are shewn in the following statement:—

No.	Articles.		1872—73.			1873—74.			Increase.			Decrease.	
	Rice, per rupee	Seers.	11	0	0	12	0	0	1	0	0	..	...
	Wheat do	„	8¾	0	0	9	0	0	¼	0	0	...	...
	Dál do	„	14	0	0	9	0	0	...	...	...	5	0
	Ballar do	„	15	0	0	9	0	0	..	..	...	6	0
	Cotton, per maund	Rs.	7	0	0	7	8	0	0	8	0	...	...
	Sugar do	„	4	9	0	4	0	0	...	...	...	0	9
	Salt, per rupee	Seers.	11	0	0	12	0	0	1	0	0	...	...
	Ragi do	„	49	0	0	45	0	0	...	...	..	4	0
	Horse gram	„	30	0	0	25	0	0	...	...	...	5	0
	Bengal gram	„	10	0	0	10	0	0	...	...	...	...	...
	Plough bullocks, each	Rs.	10 to 200	0	0	15 to 200	0	0	...	...	...	...	...
	Sheep do	„	2 to 6	0	0	1 to 7	0	0	...	...	...	...	...
	Fish, per seer	„	0	2	0	0	2	0	...	...	...	...	...
	Iron, per maund	„	2½ to 6	0	0	2½ to 6	0	0	...	...	...	...	...
	Dry cocoanut, per 100	„	3	14	0	3	15	0	0	1	0	...	...
	Jaggory, per maund,	„	1	5	0	1	12	0	0	7	0	...	...
	Arecanut, do	„	8	13	0	8	0	0	...	...	...	0	13
	Tobacco, do	„	9	15	0	10	0	0	0	1	0	...	...
	Ghee do	„	9	10	0	9	8	0	...	...	...	0	2
	Opium, per seer	„	7	6	0	7	8	0	0	2	0	...	...

The average prices of labor for the past year were as follows:—

			Rs.	As.	P.
Wages per diem ...	Skilled ...	...	0	11	7
	Un-skilled ...	...	0	4	0
Cart, per day	...	...	0	14	0
Camel, per day	...	...	1	0	0
Donkey, per score, per day		...	2	10	2
Boat, ...	do	...	1	0	0

HORTICULTURE.

324. A growing taste for horticulture is observable throughout the Province. This taste is greatly fostered by the striking improvements recently carried out at the Lal Bagh under the supervision of Lieutenant-Colonel Puckle, an Officer whose name is associated with many useful works in Bangalore and its vicinity. Under Colonel Puckle's management the Lal Bagh has become one of the most beautiful gardens in

India. A deer-park has been enclosed; numerous rare trees and plants have been procured, and the walks have been laid out on a new plan. The Show held at the Lal Bagh on 18th December 1873 was a decided success. The exhibition of flowers, bouquets, vegetables and fruits surpassed all expectation.

325. *Cinchona.*—The plantation on the Bababudan Hills was pronounced four years ago by the Quinologist to the Madras Government to be a comparative failure, and the trees were reported to be incapable of yielding any but inferior bark. There were in the nursery and propagating house about 11,000 plants; and with a view to utilize them, the right slopes of the road on the top of the ghat measuring 9 acres were cleared at a small expense and planted out with about 6,500 plants.

It is reported that there are at present 43,899 plants :—

1 Foot high	...	. .	...	13,820
1 to 10 feet high	...	...	...	14,079
10 to 20 feet	...	...	...	8,000
Above 20 feet	...	...	...	8,000
				43,899

326. The bark from some of the trees has been used both in the Shimoga and Chikmagalur Hospitals, and Dr. McGann states that it appeared to have been efficient in checking ordinary mild cases of intermittent fever; but that no decided opinion can at present be given as to its real value, compared with good yellow bark obtained from the medical stores.

327. The cinchona plantation on the Biligiriranga Hills, which was formed in 1867, extends over an area of 49,000 square yards. Some of the plants have already reached a height of from 10 to 20 feet, the remainder from 6 to 8 or 9 feet. An Overseer on Rs. 35 is in charge of this plantation. The expenditure incurred during the year was Rs. 766 —1—6; a moiety of this was charged to the Jahagir as usual. The favorable results of the analysis of the bark by Mr. Broughton has been noticed in the previous year's report.

328. Numerous experiments with exotic seeds, plants and trees, such as Carolina paddy, Katang bamboos, Australian maize and sorgho, Virginia and Havanna tobacco, Java grass, the sunflower and the Ceylon

cinnamon were carried on during the year under review with varying success. In most cases the results have been separately reported on. Most of the experiments were carried on at the Lal Bagh and at Morison's Farm, but in several cases seeds were entrusted to ryots. It has been found that this latter class of experiments furnishes a very imperfect criterion, for the ryots are always reluctant to report success owing to their suspicion of the intentions of Government.

329. Finally it must be noted that during the year under review the establishment of an Experimental Farm at Bangalore was sanctioned by the Government of India. The land has been purchased by Government and the services of a graduate of the Royal Agricultural College at Cirencester have been secured for the superintendence of the farm.

FORESTS.

330. During the year, 23,602 acres of forest land were applied for in Nagar, and made over to the Department at the settlement of a portion of the Shikarpur Taluk by the Revenue Survey Department. But the land in question has not yet been proclaimed as a State-forest.

331. No demarcation work was done in three out of four ranges In the Mysore Range four miles of new demarcation and 20¾ miles clearing of old lines were carried out during the year.

332. The number of cases of breaches of Forest Rules were 151, of which 118 were carried to conviction and 9 were pending at the close of the year.

333. In Hassan 9 miles of tracks practicable for carts were opened from Sethalli to the Saklespur-Hassan road at a point near Alur. 10 miles of road were also made practicable for carts between Ane Betta, and Tolalu, thus rendering the Ane Betta Forest accessible.

334. During the year 450½ acres were added to the plantations of all kinds at a total cost of Rs. 17,840, The "big pit system" has by experience proved successful in Mysore, and appears to be the cheapest in the long run.

335. The fellings in State-forests were :—

Range.	Teak.	Junglewood.	Teak Poles.	Jungle Poles.	Bamboos.
Nagar	920	1,039	202	...	...
Mysore	48	59	14	24	216
Hassan	...	..	...	...	...

Collections at Depôts, and sales.

Range.	Collected.		Sold.	
	Timber.	Bamboos.	Timber.	Bamboos.
Nagar	2,715	...	5,853	...
Mysore	935	...	861	276
Hassan	...	...	...	...
Nundydroog	...	...	...	...

Collections and sales of Sandalwood.

Range.	Collection.	Sold.	Description.
Nagar	235½ tons.	267 tons.	Good wood.
	65 „	69¾ „	Inferior wood.
Mysore	522½ „	350 „	Good wood.
	30 „	53 „	Inferior.
Hassan	100 „	56 „	Good wood.
	53 „	43 „	Inferior.
Nundydroog	89½ „	104½ „	Good wood.
	12 „	23 „	Inferior.

336. *District Forests.*—During the year 29 depôts were opened, 3 in Mysore, 22 in Nagar, and 4 in Hassan. None were opened in Nundydroog, the license being here still continued.

The financial results are :—

Estimates	74,000
Actuals...	53,144

337. This shews a falling off of Rs. 20,856, but as the license system was continued in Nundydroog throughout the year, the depôt sales were limited. If the value of stock at close of the year is added, the net revenue would be Rs. 24,520 as detailed below :—

	Rs.
Realizations	53,144
Stock in hand at close of the year... ...	24,410
	77,554
Deduct Expenditure.....	53,034
Net Revenue.....	24,520

338. This result compared with the average realizations on license system for the past five years shewn in the Forest Report will be found satisfactory.

339. The general financial results on all heads are as follow:—

I.	Realizations	4,97,060
	Deduct amount realized on account of previous periods	5,818
	Balance...	4,91,242
	Add outstandings on account of the year ...	29,488
	Value of the year's transactions	5,20,730
II.	Disbursements	2,36,233
	Deduct disbursements on account of transactions of former years	0
	Balance	2,36,233
	Add due for transactions during the past year not yet disbursed	0
	Real cost of the year's transactions ...	2,36,233
III.	Net result of year's transactions	2,84,497
	Add net difference of value of stock ...	3,212
	Net Revenue.....	*2,87,709

*Exclusive of value of District-Forest stock valued at Rs. 24,410.

MINES AND QUARRIES.

340. A description of the mineral productions of Mysore was given in the last Annual Report.

341. Iron is the only metal that is produced in any appreciable quantity in this Province. The subjoined statement contains the available information regarding the number of mines, quantity produced, and

the duty levied on iron furnaces in 1873—74, as compared with the previous year:—

Year.	Number of Mines or places where ore is collected.	Quantity produced, maunds.	Duty levied on Furnaces.
1872—73	1472	20,114	8,187
1873—74	1464	19,298	8,065
Increase in 1873—74	...	...	...
Decrease in do	8	816	122

342. *Gold.*—Three seers of gold were produced in the Kolar District during the year 1873—74. There is reason to believe that a proper system of working would shew the existence of a considerable quantity of gold ore in certain Districts.

MANUFACTURES.

343. The value of the manufactures of the year under report is estimated at Rs. 32,67,613 as per particulars subjoined:—

	Rs.		Rs.
Silk	1,68,030	Sugar	1,36,625
Cotton	8,66,393	Coffee	7,17,314
Wool	2,41,825	Paper	10,000
Fibres . ..	17,580	Wood	7,500
Iron	1,48,120	Oils	6,49,143
Brass and copper ..	3,05,083		

344. The foregoing alone do not include all the manufactures of the Province, for the information procurable on the subject is still defective.

345. The places noted for special manufactures were mentioned in the previous year's report.

TRADE.

346. A great deal of correspondence has taken place last year with the Division and District Officers on the subject of the submission of correct trade returns; but from the reports received it appears that, in the absence of a special establishment and suitable machinery, it is hopeless to expect reliable returns of the trade in this Province. The registers kept in the head-quarters of hoblis and taluk kasbas may perhaps be regarded as a rough approximation to truth; but there is no reliable source of information regarding the imports and exports in villages.

AS

A.

Principal Exports to Her Majesty's Territories.

Articles.	Quantity exported. Tons.	Cwts.	lbs.	Average Value.	Articles.	Quantity exported. Tons.	Cwts.	lbs.	Average Value.
				Rs.					Rs.
Areca-nut ...	6,018	14	102	26,07,755	Paddy	52,218	2	96	14,09,767
Cotton	1,077	7	...	1,20,213	Betel leaves. No.	27,99,733	...	...	1,34,926
Coffee	3,355	4	98	30,57,367	Hides ... No.	56,400	...	...	41,166
Cardamoms ...	26	6	105	1,10,910	Cocoanuts, fresh No.	49,84,827	...	...	1,16,838
Chillies	725	16	26	1,27,505	Silk, raw ...	1	10	24	17,200
Dry Cocoanut ...	226	8	88	65,688	Camphor ...	5	7	16	10,000
Pepper	6,103	14	...	39,955	Cocoanut oil ...	9	12	96	17,600
Poppy seeds ...	45	...	...	6,600	Gingelly oil ...	157	16	48	65,200
Tamarind ...	1,756	1	48	1,22,775	Jaggory ..	3,438	..	...	4,25,720
Tobacco ...	857	5	52	2,01,600	Opium	1	15	76	14,985
Iron	419	14	8	1,09,060	Sandal oil ...	...	...	..	...
Gold	...	10	80	8,00,000	Sugar	1,071	8	64	3,00,000
Tuvar-dál ...	500	11	48	45,060	Cotton thread ...	65	7	16	69,500
Green-gram ...	113	13	64	8,370	Earth salt ...	188	5	...	11,427
Bengal-gram ...	1,236	18	...	75,171	Coarse cloth No.	2,14,961	...	...	6,54,721
Horse-gram ...	7,281	18	64	2,14,304	Piece goods No.	1,42,760	...	...	12,60,800
Black-gram ...	265	19	...	19,523	Silk	2	...	80	36,400
Ragi	42,936	7	80	7,71,115	Silk cloth No.	1,600	...	...	32,000
Wheat	1,092	17	16	80,000					
Rice	10,358	18	16	6,82,864					
Cholam... ...	18,880	4	64	5,51,676	Total.....				1,44,35,761

B.

Principal Imports from Her Majesty's Territories.

Articles.	Quantity Imported. Tons.	Cwts.	lbs.	Average Value.	Articles.	Quantity exported. Tons.	Cwts.	lbs.	Average Value.
				Rs.					Rs.
Areca-nut ...	2,035	16	...	16,02,414	Paddy	1,024	10	...	42,887
Cotton	1,897	11	12	10,30,752	Betel leaves No.	70,04,950	...	...	2,33,508
Coffee	377	4	40	1,51,860	Hides No.	35,250	...	...	50,575
Cloves	17	5	96	15,354	Cocoanuts, fresh No.	25,38,331	...	...	79,051
Cardamoms ...	4	14	64	25,495	Silk, raw ...	...	4	80	1,580
Chillies	1,403	14	24	2,96,114	Camphor ..	22	8	38	34,931
Dry cocoanuts ...	234	4	48	44,845	Cocoanut oil ...	121	4	99	56,471
Pepper	281	19	8	2,07,820	Gingelly oil ...	220	16	96	82,026
Poppy seeds ...	35	7	40	5,447	Jaggory ...	1,264	9	80	1,43,134
Tamarind ...	475	7	16	31,480	Earth salt ...	157	10	...	4,760
Tobacco ...	534	14	32	3,79,533	Opium	...	7	62	5,230
Iron	1,079	7	56	2,19,042	Sandal oil ...	...	2	3½	2,195
Silver	27	6	68	25,48,620	Sugar	247	5	88	84,315
Gold	1	3	6½	17,01,675	Cotton thread ...	188	5	72	2,07,530
Tuvar-dál ...	3	186	14	32 3,68,994	Salt	32,052	5	16	25,24,103
Green-gram ...	756	11	16	67,558	Coarse cloth No.	6,65,814	...	...	23,41,265
Bengal-gram ...	826	4	...	56,462	Piece goods No.	8,06,641	...	...	44,96,342
Horse-gram ...	3,808	10	48	1,61,585	Silk	46	6	88	8,55,003
Black-gram ...	660	17	96	6,3,808	Silk cloth No.	13,120	...	...	1,08,700
Ragi	16,016	13	80	4,26,643					
Wheat	17,946	2	80	13,51,275					
Rice	14,304	1	24	9,34,307					
Cholam ...	1,233	1	48	64,990	Total.....				2,31,09,679

347. A comparison of the returns furnished for the last two years shews a considerable increase in 1873—74 in the export, chiefly of areca-nut, paddy, jaggory, piece goods and golden jewels. The import of areca-nut, cotton, chillies, tobacco, and togari or dál also exhibits a large increase.

348. The estimated aggregate value of all commodities exported from and imported into the Province during the last two years is given below :—

	Aggregate value of exports, Rs.	Aggregate value of imports, Rs.
1873—74	1,44,35,761	2,31,09,679
1872—73	1,12,83,122	2,14,64,239
Total increase in 1873—74,	31,52,639	16,45,440

PUBLIC WORKS.

ORIGINAL WORKS.

349. MILITARY.—*Military Assistant's Stores and Work-Shops.*—This building, commenced in 1872—73 with a view to the removal of the establishment from the quarters in the old fort of Bangalore, was completed in a satisfactory and workmanlike manner, and has been some time in occupation.

Estimate Rs. 10,254
Year's Appropriation „ 5,700
Do Outlay „ 5,596

350. *Place of Arms and Savars and Barr huts at Shimoga.*—The huts are reported as nearly completed, and the foundation and basement of Place of Arms as laid and the walls partially raised. Work executed under contract by the Military Assistant with professional advice of Executive Engineer.

Estimate Rs. 25,446
Year's Appropriation „ 17,000
Do Outlay „ 9,504

351. CIVIL BUILDINGS.—*Alterations and additions to Government House, Bangalore.*—The work here, which mainly consisted in the construction of a new suite of dwelling apartments for the Chief Commissioner's family, and certain extensions and improvements both to the public and private portions of the group of buildings, was commenced in March 1873, and very nearly completed in official year. Though at first slow, the contractor's progress improved towards the close of the year; and on the whole the work has been satis-

Estimate Rs. 26,520
Year's Appropriation „ 18,119
Do Outlay „ 22,504

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factory. The residence, by these additions, has been improved both in appearance and comfort. Workmanship very fair.

352. *New Printing Office, Bangalore.*—This work, which was practically finished and occupied during the previous official year, merely required some trifling additions consisting of a well, fencing to compound, levelling and planting the latter, &c, as also the re-coating of the Bengal terrace roof, which having partially failed was re-executed departmentally at the contractor's expense.

Estimate	Rs.	34,141
Year's Appropriation	„	1,281
Do Outlay	„	1,107

353. *Improvements to the Cutcherry of the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, Bangalore.*—This work, which consists of the addition of two wings (affording separate Courts to the Commissioner, Deputy and Assistant Commissioners, also Judicial Assistant) to the old building, which in itself is also being improved in its internal arrangements, was commenced in the year under review; and although unexpected delays arose from the difficulties in procuring suitable brick, the year's allotment has been worked up to, and fair progress made. The steam-ground soorkee-mortar, which was here used, has, with the stone employed in foundation and walls of the first floor, proved very satisfactory; and all the wood work (including doors and windows already prepared) is very sound. Altogether, the work has advanced very steadily under contract, and should in a few months be completed, and ready for occupation.

Estimate	Rs.	56,244
Year's Appropriation	„	25,000
Do Outlay	„	25,057

354. *Sandal Koti, Bangalore.*—This work, which had been commenced in the previous official year, made very slow progress, owing to the same contractor having been engaged on the improvements to Government House; it was, however, with the exception of a few fittings, satisfactorily completed by the end of the year under review.

Estimate	Rs.	11,120
Year's Appropriation	„	5,000
Do Outlay	„	5,193

355. *Division Jail and Lock-up, Bangalore.*—This building, which had been commenced in the previous official year, was satisfactorily completed under contract. Both the progress of the work, and the materials employed, were good.

Estimate	Rs.	14,891
Year's Appropriation	„	5,513
Do Outlay	„	4,587

356. *Hospital for Pete and Cantonment Police at Bangalore.*—Though of a useful character, there was nothing special about this work, which, however, having been commenced in the previous official year, was completed in a satisfactory and workmanlike manner under contract, in that under review.

Estimate	Rs.	4,650
Year's Appropriation	„	2,855
Do Outlay	„	2,836

357. *Apothecary's Quarters, Kolar.*—The progress here was slow; but the building which has a neat appearance was finished with the exception of the out-houses, which will soon be out of hand. Both workmanship and materials good.

Estimate	Rs.	3,376
Year's Appropriation	„	1,891
Do Outlay	„	2,381

358. *Sub-Divisional Assistant Commissioner's Cutcherry at Closepet.* Commenced in previous official year; finished in that under review; workmanship and materials good.

Estimate	Rs.	5,021
Year's Appropriation	„	1,611
Do Outlay	„	1,521

359. Other works not calling for special report under this head in the *Nundydroog Division* were:—

	Estimate.	Year's Appropriation.	Outlay.
Tiffin-room for Native Clerks in Chief Commissioner's Office ..	860	860	828
Latrine and improvements to Cubbon Park and Public Offices ...	1,289	1,289	1,300
Alterations to Brahman Pete Hospital	1,890	280	434
Do Bowring Civil Hospital	1,906	38	89
Central Jail improvements	5,550	902	1,016

All of these, with the exception of the last, were completed. There were some other trifling works which, however, do not need specification.

360. In the *Ashtagram Division*, the following works were in progress.

Civil Hospital at Mysore.—This work, which is built on the detached pavilion plan to accommodate 56 native patients of both sexes, was completed in a satisfactory and workmanlike manner, under contract. Furnishing, planting, fencing, and

Estimate	Rs.	36,530
Year's Appropriation	„	15,000
Do Outlay	„	16,784

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levelling the compound, alone remain for finishing the work in its entirety.

361. *Judicial Assistant's Court at Mysore*—Was finished in a satisfactory manner, and occupied on the 1st December 1873.

Estimate	Rs.	5,329
Year's Appropriation	„	3,190
Do Outlay	„	3,176

362. *District Jail at Hassan*—Designed for the incarceration of 66 male and female prisoners. This work, which had just been commenced towards the close of the previous official year, made fair progress during that under review. Great care has been observed in regard to the materials; and so far, the buildings (one-half of the work in which has been completed) have been executed in a very workmanlike manner, under contract.

Estimate	Rs.	36,350
Year's Appropriation	„	15,000
Do Outlay	„	13,266

363. *Taluk Cutcherry at Belur.*—Though by no means a large work, this building has given the greatest trouble, owing to the whole soil in and around Belur having been found on trial to consist of the debris of a previously existing town, and altogether untrustworthy for foundations. A very disproportionate amount of labor, and loss of several months' time, were thus occasioned before a fair start could be made; the work is now, however, progressing steadily; brick especially good.

Estimate	Rs.	11,534
Year's Appropriation	„	2,500
Do Outlay	„	3,186

364. *Assistant Commissioner's Cutcherry at Saklespur.*—The progress on this work was delayed in a vexatious manner from the bad quality of the timber supplied by a contractor, and which had to be in great measure rejected. The brick-work, which was good, was nearly completed.

Estimate ...	Rs.	6,650
Year's Appropriation	„	3,000
Do Outlay...	„	1,765

365. In addition to the above, work to the extent of Rs. 1,237 was executed in improving the *Nanjangúd Taluk Cutcherry*; and Rs. 850 on the *Double Overseers' Lodge at Mysore.*

366. In the *Kadur Division* the works under this head were:—

Judicial Assistant's Court, Chikmagalur.—Some delays resulted from changes in the plan of the work (which has since been enlarged so as to afford accommodation likewise to the Treasury Officer) and also from the desire to give a trial to the "Mangalore" tiles, (so called from being manufactured by the Basel Mission at that place,) but on the whole the progress was fair; and by the introduction of an improved method in making the bricks at Chikmagalur, as also by giving merely the labor in bricklaying and in sawing on petty contract (Government supplying the materials) an improvement in the style of work has resulted, accompanied by a satisfactory reduction of rate.

Estimate ...	Rs.	7,800
Year's Appropriation	„	3,200
Do Outlay...	„	3,082

367. *School-house at Tarikere.*—This work has progressed slowly owing to the contractor giving trouble; at the same time, however, a sensible reduction has been effected in the rates of the work.

Estimate ...	Rs.	4,132
Year's Appropriation	„	1,500
Do Outlay...	„	1,061

368. Minor works under the same head were in this Division:—

	Estimate.	Year's Appropriation.	Year's Outlay.
Out-houses, Executive Engineer's Office	1,500	1,500	945
Do Civil Hospital...	1,710	1,160	898
Workshop, Executive Engineer's Office	2,500	1,680	858
Banavar Taluk Cutcherry improvements	2,084	2,084	452
Chikmagalur Overseer's Lodge do	1,304	604	219

Slow progress was, for the most part, made with these works, chiefly from the delays and difficulties in procuring timber from Lakvalli; but also, in lesser degree, from the sickness of the Sub-Division subordinate, as well as from the desire of the Executive Engineer to improve the quality of the brick used at Chikmagalur.

369. In the *Nagar Division* the following works were in hand, or completed.

Taluk Cutcherry at Shimoga.—This work, which consisted in rebuilding a considerable portion of the Cutcherry, was satisfactorily completed under contract, and made over to the Civil Officers.

Estimate ...	Rs.	8,413
Year's Appropriation	„	2,300
Do Outlay...	„	2,369

370. *Division Cutcherry at Shimoga.*—This work, which consisted, chiefly, of converting the inner open court-yard of the old Cutcherry into terraced-roofed record-rooms, was very nearly completed under contract.

Estimate ...	Rs.	5,030
Year's Appropriation	„	4,348
Do Outlay...	„	4,327

371. *School-house at Holalur*—Was commenced and roofed-in satisfactorily within the year; and would in fact have been easily completed had it not been for the delays encountered with the foundations which were sunk in treacherous soil.

Estimate ...	Rs.	3,018
Year's Appropriation	„	3,018
Do Outlay...	„	2,659

372. *Assistant Commissioner's Court at Ságar.*—Though the walls were raised seven feet, and most of the timber prepared, the progress of the building, on the whole, has been slow and unsatisfactory. This delay was chiefly owing to the want of a subordinate at Ságar, up till December, and so far was unavoidable.

Estimate ...	Rs.	6,450
Year's Appropriation	„	4,000
Do. Outlay...	„	1,873

373. Trifling work to the value of Rs. 961 was executed to the Overseer's Lodge at Shimoga; of Rs. 504, to the Lodge at Chitaldroog; and of Rs. 786, to Dead House, Shimoga Jail.

374. COMMUNICATIONS. — *Bridges on the Kunigal-Huliyurdurga road.*—These works, consisting of one arch of 35′ span over the Muathur Nalla, and another of 40′ span over the Husahalli Nalla, were the only works of any importance in hand, under this head, in the *Nundydroog Division.* The bridges are deserving of special remark as shewing how (although not here for the first time tried in this manner) the ordinary stone of the country (so called "burnt stone"—gneiss) can by a small amount of hammer-dressing, be employed advantageously and very economically, under proper supervision, in such structures.

Estimate ...	Rs.	7,742
Year's Appropriation	„	4,000
Do Outlay...	„	3,680

375. Notwithstanding the difficulties due to the out-of-the-way position of those works, the first bridge was very successfully completed; and the second is expected to shew even better work. A saving of nearly Rs. 5,000 has been effected. To Assistant Engineer White belongs the

credit of this, as also the improvements in applying the excellent material employed.

376. There were a few minor works also executed in the Division ; but none calling for remark.

377. In the *Ashtagram Division* the following have been in hand.

Gundlupet-Sultan's Battery road.—As noted in last year's Report, this line of road, 22½ miles in length, leading towards Sultan's Battery in the heart of the Wynad, made slow progress from the unhealthiness of the country traversed, and sparseness of population ; but taking all the circumstances into consideration, the advance made during the past season has, on the whole, been satisfactory.

Estimate	Rs.	1,10,662
Year's Appropriation	„	20,000
Do Outlay	„	26,361

378. Of 41 road drain-bridges provided in the estimate, only four remain unfinished ; and of six bridges, two have been opened for traffic, and three more are on the point of completion, leaving only one (but that the largest on the line, the Hebballa) to run on into next working-season. The iron girder, 60 feet span, is however ready, and there will be no delay. Although so long in progress, there has for the last two or three years been but little real impediment to traffic, as good sidings had been provided at all the unbridged nallas.

379. *Hasanur Ghat road.*—This work, upon which Rs. 2,286 had been expended in the previous official year, has progressed very fairly, notwithstanding the unhealthy and even deadly character of much of the country traversed, and the difficulty (amounting at times to an absolute impossibility) to secure labor. As it was, many of the coolies, imported from a distance, were prostrated by sickness, and absconded.

Estimate	Rs.	19,227
Year's Appropriation	„	11,500
Do Outlay	„	11,193

380. Carts now freely traverse this line of road which was formerly almost impassable ; and all the work provided for will be early out of hand.

381. *Begur Bridge.*—This small work (three spans of 15 feet) on the Mysore-Nilgiri road, made unsatisfactory progress under contract ; it will, however, be shortly opened for traffic.

Estimate ...	... Rs.	3,707
Year's Appropriation	... „	2,586
Do Outlay	... „	1,955

382. *Two bridges on the Anemahal-Mudgere road.*—These are works on a District Fund road, leading north from Manjarabad in the Hassan District; and one of them (the Wodenhalla bridge) has given much trouble, owing to the treacherous nature of the foundations. Excellent brick has been manufactured by the Assistant Engineer; and the work will progress well when the foundations have been put in. The second work, *viz*, the Chattenhalla bridge, consisting of one span of 40′, has been nearly completed, and only waits for the girders. Labor is very scarce in this out-of-the-way part of the country, and the working season extremely short.

Estimate...	... Rs.	19,100
Years' Appropriation...	„	3,500
Do Outlay	... „	3,469

383. *Bridges on the Mysore-Manantoddi road.*—The estimate provides for the construction of a drain-bridge across the western supply channel to the Dodkere Tank in the town of Mysore, for a single arch of 28 feet span over the stream which crosses the road in the 93rd mile; and for a bridge of three arches (each of 25 feet span) over the stream in the 94th mile. The drain bridge has been completed, and abutments of the second raised. Materials are collected for the rest of the work, which should be completed in current official year. Progress not satisfactory, and otherwise retarded in consequence of difficulties connected with site for the bridge in the 94th mile.

Year's Appropriation	... Rs.	3,000
Do Outlay	... „	2,670

384. Of other works in this Division, were, the construction of two travellers' bungalows, one at Nellikere, estimate Rs. 4,286, which was nearly completed; and the other at Kempkal (estimate Rs. 3,000) at foot of the Manjarabad Ghat. This latter is a notoriously unhealthy locality, and little beyond brick-making was attempted. The building will be completed in current official year.

385. In the *Kadur Division*, the following works under this head were in progress during the past year.

Improving Shimoga-Arsikere road.—This project was for metalling and gravelling the worst portions of the old road, and was practically completed, with a sensible saving on the estimate. The contractor first employed proved unsatisfactory; but a change to petty contract rectified matters; and the only misfortune was that owing to the

Estimate...	... Rs.	19,939
Year's Appropriation...	„	10,000
Do Outlay	... „	14,090

long continued drought which affected most of the Province, the materials could not, for lack of water, be sufficiently consolidated.

386. *Aldur-Basvankote road.*—This is a ghat road which forms portion of the main through communication between Vastara and Hariharpur, the first portion of which between Handi and Aldur had been completed in the previous year. More work was executed during the year than shewn by the booked outlay. The Ghat which is capitally traced at a maximum gradient of 1 in 20, will be practically open for traffic so soon as a few projecting rocks have been blasted off, and a small 15′ span arch completed over the Hakkimukki stream at the foot. The Mapila laborers seem to have been frightened with the sickness of the preceding year; and there being no indigenous laborers, some of the Khalihat corps had to be employed.

Estimate...	... Rs.	18,493
Year's Appropriation ...	,,	6,200
Do Outlay	.. ,,	4,490

387. *Basvankote-Balehonnur fair-weather road.*—This work forms the first step in extension of the Aldur-Basvankote line towards Hariharpur.

Estimate ...	... Rs.	7,500
Do Outlay	... ,,	758

Both the subordinates and coolies suffered much from sickness; and other gangs, after coming to the work, decamped. Progress has thus been unavoidably slow, but it is hoped will improve. An estimate for raising this road to standard, with all masonry works required for keeping it open throughout the monsoon, will be ere long in readiness.

388. *Balehonnur-Baggungi Katte fair-weather road.*—This further extension (12 miles in length) of the same line of road, was admirably traced and worked out to easy gradients by Assistant Engineer Groves, through a most difficult and practically hitherto unknown part of the country. Carts can now use the line which is 12 feet wide; and an estimate amounting to Rs. 77,000 has lately received the sanction of the Government of India, for raising it to standard with all necessary bridges and drains. It may be as well here to mention that the road just adverted to, and that previously mentioned as eventually connecting Vastara and Hariharpur, form portion of the scheme which now for some years has been in operation for opening up the whole of the Nagar Malnad; and that so far as concerns the portion of the scheme in the Kadur Division, the Department has still before it

Estimate...	... Rs.	6,571
Year's Appropriation ...	,,	5,400
Do Outlay	... ,,	6,017

the construction of what is termed the Bhadra Valley line, extending from Kalasa along that stream to Balehonnur, and probably on to Yedahalli; and again, an almost equally important road leading north from Chikmagalur to the same terminus through the Jagar Valley (a valuable but most unhealthy tract).

389. *Kodikal (or Bhund) Ghat approaches.*—The thorough improvement of this line of road, 12 miles in length, with rebuilding of some of the old bridges, construction of several additional drainage tunnels, the alteration of alignment, and improvement of the gradients, with metalling of five miles and gravelling the remainder, which had been commenced in the previous official year, was nearly completed in that under review. Two of the principal bridges, the whole of the metalling, and a large portion of the gravelling, were carried out departmentally; the remainder under contract.

Estimate... ... Rs. 63,122
Year's Appropriation... „ 24,300
Do Outlay ... „ 26,153

390. Much of the work is of very fair character, and a sensible saving was effected in the rates by the Executive Engineer; but from premature spreading of the gravel, and the excessive dryness of the past season, the surface of the road suffered. This defect will no doubt be rectified in the present monsoon; and the whole will be well out of hand early next working season.

391. Much good work had been carried out in diverting a river which impinged dangerously on a hill known as the Kamal matt, composed of exceedingly treacherous soil across the face of which the road is carried. The difficulties here have very nearly been overcome.

392. *Improvement to the Kodikal or (Bhund Ghat).*—This work chiefly consisted of blowing a huge mass of rock known as the "Bhut Kal" over the side of the Ghat (over which it hung, at the same time narrowing the roadway) and in building up a high revetment.

Estimate... ... Rs. 4,088
Year's Appropriation ... „ 1,090
Do Outlay ... „ 1,4.3

After two failures, the mass was disposed of, and the work satisfactorily completed.

393. *Kotaghere-Kalasa fair-weather road.*—This is the commencement of a work which, as opening up pro-

(District Funds).
Estimate ... ... Rs. 21,290
(aggregate of)
Year's Appropriation ... „ 9,138
Do Outlay ... „ 9,170

bably the richest, as it is certainly the most picturesque portion of Mysore, cannot fail to prove of the utmost importance.

394. No cart-road has ever been carried through this tract of country, celebrated for producing the choicest supari, and which now for years has in the well known "Cannon" estate, and others, proved its high capabilities in regard to coffee. The estimates given in the aggregate in the margin above, represent the total required for opening 27 miles of fair-weather road 12 feet wide; two permanent bridges (Hasarhalli and Kellagur); and several log and rough-stone drains. Most of the work has been completed for the first 16 miles (as far as Abragudigi Estate) under agreements highly favorable to Government, entered into with Mr. Allardice and Mr. Meppin, who, recognizing the value of the line, have not only taken up the work through and near their respective estates, at half rates, but devoted a great deal of valuable time in personal supervision to the works. The greater part of the land, moreover, under coffee, through which the road is carried, has been handed over without compensation. Nothing could exceed the devotion of the Assistant Engineer to the arduous task of tracing this line, which is carried over hills of all but Alpine proportions, through at times the densest forests, and over obstacles innumerable. At the Kalasa end alone, no less than four distinct traces had to be worked out before a final decision could be arrived at; and the result is, that we shall have here, as elsewhere in the Kadur Malnad, lines of road which are models of intelligent tracing.

395. An energetic native land-holder (Channappa Gauda) has, *con amore*, under Mr. Grove's instructions, developed into a first-rate tracer; and has, in consequence of his service in connection with this line, been handsomely rewarded by Government. He has now taken up the completion of the road to Kalasa on contract, and is in this manner, by his intelligence and local influence, getting on very satisfactorily.

396. *Shringeri, Begar and Nimar fair-weather roads.*—Of certainly not less value, are these lines, which likewise after careful tracing, are now being worked out as fair-weather communications 12 feet in width. The town of Shringeri, which, as the chief residence of the Swami of the Smarta Brahmans, has enjoyed a semi-independence, and which

District Funds.
Estimate Rs. 2,210
Year's Outlay „ 1,264

51

after the fall of Nagar in the last century has been considered as the most important town in the Malnad, will by the above mentioned communications, (now in active progress) be brought into direct connection with the existing main Agumbe Ghat road on one side, and with the proposed new Mallur Ghat on the other. This last-mentioned line, which will commence from near Koppa, will eventually, after bridging the Tunga river, afford the most direct through-road to Mangalore, and cannot fail to become the most valuable of the Malnad communications, displacing in this respect the Agumbe Ghat, which from its irremediably steep gradients and wrong position, must be always an obstacle to through-traffic.

397. *Kadur-Chikmagalur road.*—This road, already so long in hand, had practically been completed to the extent provided by the estimates in previous official years, save in respect to the construction of a 40′ segmental arch over the Gauri Halla near Sakrepatna. From the peculiarities of the site and foundations, it was determined to build one of the abutments in voids, and the arch as an experiment (to secure lightness) in three brick ribs. So far, the trial was entirely successful; nothing can well be sounder or more satisfactory than the workmanship and general results, which clearly establish the applicability of this method of construction where treacherous foundation-soil has to be dealt with. Unfortunately, however, one of the wing walls of the abutment, which had been built solid (through the stupidity of the Subordinate entrusted with the supervision of the contractor) heeled over about five inches, from improper earth-filling; and owing to subsequent delays in procuring tie-rods, &c., the bridge has remained unopened for some months, though in all other respects a most complete and successful work.

Estimate	Rs	1,16,084
Year's Appropriation	„	5,848
Do Outlay	„	6,643

This is one of those annoying delays which at times occur in spite of the most anxious desire to guard the public against inconvenience, and is certainly most unsatisfactory.

398. Among minor works in the *Kadur Division* was (1) the fair-weather line between Vastara and Aldur, upon which Rs. 910 was spent in opening a 6′ wide trace, and in building a causeway over the Berinji-

halla prospectively to estimating for a complete road to standard width ; (2) tracing from the Basavan Kanve, the ghat at which place forms now the main difficulty in the approach, to the Bhund Ghat ; (3) constructing a culvert on the Tarikere-Chikmaglur road ; (4) constructing three tunnels on the Chikmaglur-Bhund Ghat road ; (5) constructing out-houses to the Mudgere Inspection Lodge ; (6) constructing Inspection Lodge at Kotagere, the head of the Bhund Ghat. Estimate for the latter Rs. 2,500 ; nearly finished.

399. In the *Nagar Division*, the following works were in progress during the past official year.

Hydergliar Ghat.—This work, commenced in 1870, is a ghat road $7\frac{3}{8}$ miles in length, leading from Hulikal to Hosangadi, and forming the Mysore terminus of the new main line which is now being worked out between Shimoga, Nagar, and Kundapur on the Western Coast.

Estimate	Rs.	75,000
Year's Appropriation	„	11,000
Do Outlay	„	10,260

During the year, the excavation of check-drains was completed, and the whole of the ghat with the exception of No. 9 Section, and a short piece at the so-called Anageri double, was brought to a proper barrelled section. Metal for about $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles was collected at road-side in readiness for spreading this monsoon.

400. The Hosangadi bridge at foot of the ghat was completed, and all the rock that interfered with the proper width of the roadway, removed, excepting at Anageri, and a place known as the "Sheet Rocks" not far from the head of the ghat.

It is expected that, next season, the whole work will be finished, and metal as much as is needed for the portions which most require it, collected and stacked in readiness for spreading during the monsoon of 1875.

401. *Hulikal-Nagar road.*—This project, which is for a continuation of the above ghat line to Nagar, $10\frac{1}{2}$ miles in length, was commenced in 1872—73.

Estimate	Rs.	1,16,235
Year's Appropriation	„	18,200
Do Outlay	„	23,061

During the year under review, the road itself was brought to a very advanced state, with side and check drains cut, and road formed

up to barrelled section, with the exception of half of the 28th mile, and two or three of the embankments, which cannot be raised until the bridges in them are constructed. Some revetments also, where needed, were constructed.

402. Of bridges and drains, the following masonry works were taken in hand and brought to a forward state.

Vadinbile bridge of 30 *feet span, iron girders.*—The abutments were almost completed, and girders ready at site.

Small bridge over the Ganapimani halla, five feet span.—The foundations put in and abutments half-finished.

Kopadi bridge, 12 *feet span.*—Foundations taken out; and as they proved soft, an artificial bed of sand and shingle was prepared for the masonry to rest on.

403. Of the smaller drains of rough-stone, 54 were completed with the exception of their masonry parapets, only six more remaining to be built; and it is expected the whole work will be finished by 1876.

404. The progress, altogether, under Lieutenant Brookes' exertions was highly satisfactory, Rs. 23,061 having been expended during the year.

405. *Nagar-Kulurkatte road.*—This road, which is a further continuation of the above line, is 8¾ miles in length, and like it was commenced in 1872—73.

Estimate	Rs.	92,227
Year's Appropriation	„	14,500
Do Outlay ...	„	18,365

Four miles of the road that had been widened the year before, were formed up to proper section with side and check drains cut. The long embankment approaching the Sutha river was raised to its full height, and the road inside the walls of the town of Nagar widened to seven yards.

Easy crossings were also made to the Sutha and Kodaki rivers, for the time left unbridged.

406. Of the masonry works, Basvan Bagal bridge of two bays was raised five feet, and covered with stone slabs.

The small Jack-tree Nalla bridge of six feet span was finished, and covered with stone instead of timber, as originally designed.

407. Basvan Byana bridge of 13 feet span had the abutments up, and would probably have been completed had the iron chairs been received from Bangalore. This bridge is to be spanned with eight-inch angle-iron bars as a trial. The masonry was carried out departmentally to test the cost of "chisel-dressed coursed-rubble," which was found to be annas six per cubic foot against annas five sanctioned.

408. Of small tunnels, 18 were completed with exception of masonry parapets, leaving about 30 still to be constructed. The progress here also was satisfactory, and the work will in all probability be completed in 1876.

409. *Kulurkatte-Lakshmipura road.*—This line, nine miles in length, forms the eastern approach to the Kulur Ghat, and with the lines described immediately above forms portion of the new scheme of roads for opening the whole of the Nagar Malnad. It is not a high class of road, but will none the less be a most useful communication.

Estimate	... Rs.	18,084
Year's Appropriation	„	7,000
Do Outlay	... „	6,097

410. This work embraced the completing of a road partially commenced in 1870—71 and subsequent years, and was finished during the year under review, with the exception of a few small parapet walls, and the carting and spreading of gravel. The former has since been finished, and the gravelling will be done during the rains. The work executed during the year consisted of raising embankments in the 20th, 23rd and 24th miles; reforming several miles where out of shape; cutting easy approaches to the Sutha, Mallalu and Lakshmipur rivers; and improving the gradients and side slopes at the landslips in the 21st and 22nd miles.

411. The bridge-work consisted of pointing with chunam, and covering in 15 tunnels, the abutments for which had been previously built; constructing eight new tunnels of from three to seven feet spans, and one bridge of 16 feet span.

412. The line was so far opened as a fair-weather road, easily trafficable; and on the spreading of the gravel which will be done in the monsoon, it will be finished so far as is at present contemplated, with

one exception, *viz.*, the Kamblikuppa stream. A separate sanction for a 20 feet iron girder-bridge has lately, however, been given for this last named bridge from District Funds, and the work will be out of hand in next working-season.

413. The Madras authorities have undertaken to bridge the frontier stream (the Lakshimpur), Mysore paying half the cost; but even then, the two largest rivers on the line (the Kodachi and Sutha Nallas) will, probably for some years, have to remain unspanned.

414. *Trace of line from Kulurkatte to Benavalli.*—The trace of the line is merely introduced here with reference to the foregoing works, all of which centre in Kulurkatte, and forms an essential feature in the scheme for opening the Nagar Malnad.

Estimate ... Rs. 1,000

It is a line of 20 miles in length, and will connect all the north-east and east traffic with the Hyderghar and Kulur Ghats. The estimate merely provided for clearing the trace through jungle to two and three yards wide, &c., all of which was satisfactorily executed.

415. *Diversion of the Tarikere-Agumbe road at the Bhadra river.*—This work was commenced in 1872—73, and is an approach of about 2¼ miles in length to the ferry-crossing of the Bhadra.

Estimate Rs. 5,801
Year's Appropriation „ 1,500
Do Outlay „ 1,130

But little was done during the year, and consisted of raising the embankments in parts; constructing all the log bridges (six in number); improving the ramps down the banks; and completing the excavation of gravel—carting and stacking about the half of it at road side.

416. *Begarhalla bridge.*—This work commenced in 1872—73 and consisting of a single span of 90 feet (Warren girder) is over a hitherto unbridged stream, which has offered the most serious obstacles to traffic on the Tarikere-Agumbe road.

Estimate Rs. 25,750
Year's Appropriation „ 5,162
Do Outlay „ 7,556

417. Owing to the difficulties connected with the foundations, chiefly on the Agumbe side, the manner of dealing with them was not finally disposed of by the Chief Engineer until his visit in November last, when

it was decided to have wells for the foundations, and build the abutments in voids.

418. Mr. Groves, who was deputed to the special charge of the work, did not arrive until February; and as no labor was available until then, when the Khalihats came over from the Kadur Division, but little was done during the year. Meanwhile, however, large quantities of burnt-stone and lime were collected and bricks prepared. In all, up to the end of the official year, about 700 cubic yards of burnt-stone, 300 kandis of lime, and 1¾ lacs of bricks, were ready at the site.

Pumps and plant of all sorts were supplied from Bangalore, and, though late, a fair start made.

During the year, the old excavations were filled and levelled, and four wells, built six feet high, in position. Since then, however, all the other foundation-wells have been successfully got in; and the neck of the difficulty has been broken.

419. On the right bank, fair foundation has been met with on clearing site, and the filling in is now in hand. The Warren girder has been received from England; and, it is hoped, may be got into position towards the close of next working-season, though possibly some delays may occur to prevent this.

420. *Itchelkerehalla bridge.*—This is a single iron-girder span of 40 feet on the Tarikere-Agumbe road. The abutments were completed the year before; but the girders did not come out until December, and then the cartmen, having deposited their loads at Lakvalli, bolted. Great difficulties and delays were thus experienced in getting the girders to site; special "Waddar carts" had to be made up; and rafts constructed to float the heavy pieces across the Bhadra river.

Estimate	Rs.	7,927
Year's Appropriation	„	5,250
Do Outlay	„	5,933

The girders were, however, got into place and the buckle plates put on; the work is now nearly completed.

421. *Improvements to the Agumbe Ghat.*—This work was commenced

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Estimate	Rs.	14,053
Year's Appropriation	,,	9,000
Do Outlay	,,	9,166

in 1872—73, and embraced the re-construction of a heavy revetment at the 8th zigzag turn, and thoroughly forming to proper section, and metalling the ghat and 2½ miles of the road above. This estimate was supplemented during the year by another for building another high revetment on the 7th turn, where a breach occurred during the monsoon of 1873.

422. The revetment on the 8th turn was completed satisfactorily in the early part of the year; and in order that the earth thrown out of the foundations should be retained as a slope against the revetment, and vegetation encouraged, a substantial toe-wall was built immediately beyond on the 11th turn, where all the debris ran out. This slope was then planted with *Lantana* and quick growing plants of sorts, which are thriving and form a secure slope at footing of the work.

423. The greater part of the revetment-wall on the 7th turn was commenced and completed most creditably by the Mapla contractor, Khadari Bari.

424. There was some difficulty in obtaining good metal for the road-way; but by the end of the year, with the exception of a hundred odd yards on the 1st turn, and the 6th and 7th, the ghat was brought to proper cross-section, and metalled and gravelled. The work is highly satisfactory; and the ghat, with the side drains paved and lined with stone, presents a great contrast to its former condition.

425. From savings effected on certain items, some much required parapet-walls were built on several turns, and, also, a few of the doubles extended by means of outer revetments.

426. On the whole, great improvements were effected. On the road above, half of the 50th mile, and the whole of the 8th, were metalled and gravelled satisfactorily, and the first 100 yards of the 9th also. Metal sufficient for quarter of a mile was collected, and the remainder is now being prepared, so that the work will be out of hand this monsoon.

427. *Mundagihalla bridge.*—This is an iron girder-bridge of 40 feet span on the Shimoga-Talguppa road, to replace a three-arched bridge which fell in the early part of 1872.

Estimate	...	Rs. 11,260
Year's Appropriation		„ 2,500
Do Outlay		„ 2,315

428. It was commenced late in 1872—73 ; the foundations to the training-walls only being put in before the monsoon of that year. Owing to want of a subordinate to place in special charge, it was late again in being started during the year under review. The foundations were satisfactorily laid ; and just now, the abutments and cross-walls, forming the voids, are half their height, and the training-walls nearly completed. The work, it is hoped, will be out of hand next season.

429. Among less important works in this Division may briefly be mentioned the following :—

Agsarkona bridge.—Two iron girder spans of 20 feet nearly completed after some difficulties ; expenditure Rs. 383.

Improving Chitaldroog-Dúmi road.—Consisting of raising an embankment, and adding two vents to a tunnel :—finished.

Deviation on the Chitaldroog-Hiriyur road.—The work consisted of a deviation to improve a short steep ghat on the main road near Chitaldroog ;—commenced late, but will be finished in current year.

Inspection Lodge at Chitaldroog.—A small outlay only took place in completing this work, which has since been temporarily used as a Civil Hospital for the town.

Causeway across the Bhadra river.—This work, constructed at a rocky dangerous part of the river, was satisfactorily completed, and has proved a great boon to traffic.

Inspection Lodge at Hulikal.—A thatched building at head of the Hyderghar Gh t ;—satisfactorily finished.

Furlong stones on several of the main roads.—Work for the most part satisfactorily completed.

430. Miscellaneous Public Improvements.—The only works here were (1) construction of a verandah, &c., to the Summer House at the Lal-Bagh, which was completed for Rs. 800 ; and (2) certain improvements to the " Cubbon" Park, Bangalore, at a cost of Rs. 2,075.

REPAIRS.

431. MILITARY.—Under this head the following were executed :—

		Expenditure.
Repairs to huts at Kolar ...	... Rs.	2,600
Do do Chitaldroog	... ,,	323
Do Barr Barracks at Bangalore	,,	492
Do Tatties of huts at Hassan	... ,,	88

432. CIVIL BUILDINGS.—The chief work in the Nundydroog Division was the repair of the Government Offices at Bangalore at a cost of Rs. 3,677, and some minor work to the District Cutcherry at Kolar, and Taluk Cutcherries at Chintamani and Goribidnur, all of which were satisfactorily completed.

433. In Ashtagram, repairs were executed to —

(1).	Assistant Engineer's Office at Hassan	...	Rs. 417
(2).	Taluk Cutcherry at Saklespur	...	,, 530
(3).	Do Talkad	...	,, 469
(4).	Do Raja's School, Mysore		,, 311

besides other trifling works.

434. In Kadur the repairs were :—

(1).	Overseer's Lodge, Kadur ..	...	Rs. 167
(2).	Taluk Cutcherry, Tarikere...	..	,, 200
(3).	Do Chikmagalur	...	,, 164

435. In the Naga Division, the chief work was the execution of sundry repairs to Hospital work-sheds, and Barracks of the Shimoga Jail, at an outlay of Rs. 1,397.

436. The other works were :—

		Outlay.
(2).	Repairs of Taluk Cutcherry, Hariharpur. Rs.	65
(3).	Do Judicial Assistant's Court, Shimoga ... ,,	879
(4).	Do Overseer's Lodge, Sagar ... ,,	819
(5).	Do do at Bommankere ... ,,	59

also sundry repairs to various other buildings, which it is needless to specify.

437. COMMUNICATIONS.—The following table shews the class of roads, their several lengths, and cost of maintenance, as provided from the Public Works grant of the past official year :—

Statement shewing the Number of Miles maintained from Imperial Funds; and Outlay during the year 1873—74.

Divisions.	Miles of Road maintained.					Outlay during the year 1873—74.	Mileage Average Rupees.
	Roads maintained from Rs. 500 to 300 per mile.	Roads maintained from Rs. 300 to 150 per mile.	Roads maintained from Rs. 150 to 50 per mile.	Roads maintained at Rs. 50 per mile.	Total No. of Miles.		
	M	Ms.	Ms	Ms.	Ms.	Rs.	Rs.
Nundydroog Division ...	...	246¼	244	...	490¼	91,935	187¼
Ashtagram Division ...	...	144	333½	22½	500	76,608	153⅛
Nagar Division ...	...	170	246⅜	...	416⅜	54,562	131½
Kadur Division ...	8	42	113½	...	163½	26,451	161¼
Total.....	8	602¼	937⅜	22½	1570⅛	2,49,556	158⅞

438. In the Nundydroog Division, there were, in all, 490¼ miles of road maintained for Rs. 91,935, *i. e.*, including 28 miles of suburban roads at Bangalore, for which a grant-in-aid of Rs. 9,000 was given to the Municipality. The total length is shorter than that of the previous official year by 106¼ miles, transferred for up-keep to the District Funds.

439. With the exception of the Cuddapah and last ten miles of the Madras road (*viâ Palmanair*) for which the allotments did not suffice, the several lines throughout the Division were maintained in efficient order; many have been much improved; and the condition of some of them leave nothing to be desired. On the whole, considering the great failure of rain, till late last season, the condition of the roads has been very statisfactory.

440. In the Ashtagram Division, Rs. 76,608 were expended in repairing 500 miles of road or 68½ miles less than in the previous official year; this latter length having been transferred to District Funds. Owing to the great failure of rain, it was found extremely difficult to consolidate the materials; and many of the lines chiefly in the Mysore District suffered accordingly.

441. Notwithstanding this, however, nearly all were maintained in fair trafficable order excepting the Manantodi road, which having never been properly brought up to standard, was much cut up.

442. In the Hassan District of Ashtagram, considerable improvement was effected, and many of the lines were maintained in first rate order ;—a result entirely due to the very systematic management of the Assistant Engineer, Mr. Lynam.

443. In the Kadur Division, Rs. 26,451 were spent in maintaining 163½ miles of road, much of which, being new or re-formed, had but little chance of thorough consolidation in the exceptionally rainless monsoon of the past official year ; nevertheless important improvements were effected, the results of which will be only fully experienced after the present monsoon.

As much of the work consisted in the execution of improvements at various points along the several roads, it would only confuse to enter into details ; and it may therefore suffice to state that, on the whole, the roads were maintained in very fair order. Notwithstanding a heavy slip on the Bhund Ghat, involving expensive work, the roadway was much improved. As regards the Santeverana Ghat, likewise on the Kadur-Chikmagalur road, however, matters were not satisfactory ; and some few seasons will be still required to consolidate the line generally, and especially where passing through black cotton soil.

444. In the Nagar Division, Rs. 54,562 were spent in maintaining 416⅜ miles of road, including the usual special metalling and gravelling of portions, and petty repairs throughout ; and also repairs to bridges and drains. In this Division, the latter work has been a heavy and continuous charge, owing to the extensive employment of timber, either sawn, or in the form of logs, having been originally employed for the bridges, &c., in the Malnad portions. Thus, Rs. 1,157 were spent on the Umblike bridge ; Rs. 1,597 on 12 log-bridges on the Tarikere-Agumbe road ; and Rs. 633 on 9 works of the same class on the Shimoga-Agumbe road, &c.

445. As a rule, the roads were fairly maintained ; but the usual difficulties in procuring labor ; carriage for materials ; sickness of subordinates, &c, gave rise to much vexatious delays, lapses, and in many cases unsatisfactory work, all of which is, however, only to be looked for in this out-of-the-way and sparsely populated portion of Mysore. There was no want of energy on the part of the Departmental Officers.

446. In the Chitaldroog District, forming portions of the Nagar Division, some good work was done ; but owing in great measure to the unfavorable season and deficiency of rain-fall, much of the material, which had been collected, could not be spread.

447. In closing these brief observations on the maintenance of the various roads throughout Mysore, it is right to add that the season of 1873—74 was probably the most unfavorable for effecting repairs of any hitherto known ; and that this is the more to be regretted, as the preparations made in the prior collection of material, and in the systematizing of work generally, were certainly in advance of previous years, and ought, under the ordinary conditions of rain-fall, to have produced the most satisfactory results. In several places, the South-Western monsoon almost wholly failed, and metal and gravel, which had been laid, were simply ground to dust without having been given a chance of consolidating.

448. GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.— The separation effected in the previous official year between the Roads and Buildings and Irrigation Branches of the Department has continued to work very satisfactorily, although certain modifications of the Executive Ranges, as originally tentatively fixed, have shewn themselves to be highly desirable ; as also some slight addition to the Upper and Lower Subordinate Staff, &c.

449. Although from failure of the ordinary rains, the proper maintenance of the roads, as above shewn, was a matter of the greatest difficulty, yet even here, the increased efficiency of the Department, and the progress towards the introduction of complete systematic management were clearly proved.

450. The failure of rain, moreover, rather helped building operations, as also "original" road-work, under all of which the progress was better than in any previous year.

451. Taken as a whole, therefore, the year under review may be considered to have been a favorable one for Departmental operations ; and the result of this, with other favoring circumstances, has been to produce an outlay more strictly adhering in total, as also in detail, to the original Budget programme than has hitherto been found attainable.

452. Looking at the many disturbing causes which influence the

progress of work in this Province, and the peculiarly trying task now before the Department, of pushing the system of roads, which has been determined on, through the most unhealthy and most sparsely populated portions of the country (there is little or no original work in all the Maidan Taluks), it is needless to say that the utmost caution has to be exercised in arranging the forecast for the year's work, and subsequent watchfulness on the part of this Office and the Executive Engineers, to produce results which will bear comparison with the programme, as also to prevent funds lapsing. Experience in these respects has, so far, indicated the happy mean at which assignments may be fixed; and has proved conclusively that, however desirable it may be to push on individual works with the largest possible assignments, the labor-market may very easily be overstrained, and disappointment follow on any attempt to force its capabilities.

453. In the course of the year, the question of the strength of establishment, which had not hitherto been placed on a definite footing, attracted the serious attention of the Government of India; and eventually Colonel O'Connell, R. E., was deputed in January and February to visit the Province; examine personally the various classes of work in hand; and report his opinion as to the results.

454. Although no definite ruling has been, as yet, received on Colonel O'Connell's report, it is believed that he was favorably impressed with all he saw; and, at least, was satisfied that all the individual members of the Department had not only their hands full, but were, if anything, overburdened with work; and that the operations, both in hand and contemplated, were such as could not fail to prove of the utmost benefit to the country.

IRRIGATION.

455. The original grant on which the Budget was framed was 8 lakhs, but owing chiefly to the insufficiency of the establishment—the full scale proposed not having been sanctioned by the Government of India—the expenditure was limited to Rs. 5,86,156, and there was a lapse of Rs. 2,13,844 under the heads, and to the several amounts, noted in the margin. In ad-

	Rs.
Original works...	1,32,162
Repairs... ...	30,416
Establishment ...	57,192
Tools and Plant...	1,425

dition to the outlay from the Budget grant, Rs. 41,794 in the aggregate, from local contributions, was expended on Irrigation works during the past year, making the total expenditure, exclusive of establishment, up to Rs. 4,04,760.

456. ORIGINAL WORKS.—The total outlay on original works was Rs. 1,77,456, as against allotments aggregating Rs. 3,09,618, shewing a lapse of Rs. 1,32,162.

457. In the Hemavati Division, the work on channels was confined to the Sriramdevar and Mandigiri channels, on which fair progress was made, and the lapse was of small amount. But little was done in tank work in this Division owing to want of establishment, nearly Rs. 30,000 provided in the Budget for restoring the Belur-Dasankere series having lapsed from this cause. The little progress made in restoring the Gottikere Tank is unsatisfactory, and special measures appear to be required for its completion.

458. In the Cauvery Division, the progress of the works was not satisfactory, which is stated to have been partly due to the Executive Engineer not having had the services of an Assistant, none being available for the duty. The principal works in hand were the improvements to the Chikdevarsagar, Viziyanadi, and Ramaswami channels, and the construction and restoration of the tank over the Moslehalla, the Hallapur and Narasambudi tanks, and the Sulekere series. The delay in receiving the iron pipes for sluices for the channels, indented for from Home, to some extent retarded the progress of the works on them, and contributed to swell the lapse, which was considerable in this Division.

459. In the Tank Division, the chief works in hand were the improvements to the Hoskote Tank and channels, and the restoration of the Hesargatta and Ramsagar series, and the Chin Hagari Sub-series; also the restoration or improvement of the Bhimsamudra, the Kumbarkatte, the Kadagatur and the Jannagatta tanks. The progress on most of these works was fair; but, on some of them, it was limited to the requisite surveys and preparation of estimates. The intended formation of an extra Tank Division, though sanctioned by the Government of India, was not carried out, no Executive Engineer having been appointed to it.

460. MINOR WORKS.—The expenditure was only Rs. 9,345 against

the grant of Rs. 45,000, which is stated to have been due to the greater number of this class of works being serial, and therefore included under the head of Major Works.

461. The statement of expenditure on "Original Works" for the 5 years ending with 1873—74 shews a steady annual increase during that period; but the amount is still very far below what is needed to effect the objects aimed at.

462. REPAIRS.—The total outlay on repairs was Rs. 1,59,584, as against allotments aggregating Rs. 1,90,000, shewing a lapse of Rs. 30,416. The expenditure under this head is shewn to have been the smallest of any year since 1865—66, excepting 1872—73, which cannot but be regarded as unsatisfactory, as indicating neglect on the part of some at least of the Officers concerned.

463. The expenditure on channel repairs in the Hemavati and Cauvery Divisions was Rs. 40,464 against allotments, including local contributions, aggregating Rs. 44,705, shewing a lapse of Rs. 4,241, or about 9 per cent. The chief work in hand was the repair of Lashmantirtha Anicut.

464. The expenditure on ordinary Tank Repairs was :—

(*a*.) By Public Works Officers Rs. 38,536, against appropriations, including local contributions, aggregating Rs. 48,176, shewing a lapse of Rs. 9,640 or about 20 per cent, which chiefly occurred in the Hemavati and Tank Divisions.

(*b*) By Revenue Officers Rs. 1,00,637, against appropriations, including local contributions, aggregating Rs. 1,33,340, shewing a lapse of Rs. 32,703 or about 24 per cent, which chiefly occurred in the Bangalore, Kolar and Hassan Districts. Of the total amount of the lapse, 57 per cent lay in the Kolar District, but it is but fair to notice that Rs. 42,752 or 42½ per cent of the total actual outlay was carried out in it.

The promised contributions in labor to the works in progress under both heads were of the aggregate value of Rs. 18,529.

465. There is no doubt much room for improvement in the arrangements for the execution of repairs to Irrigation works throughout the Province, the practice being to defer them till towards the close of the year, when they are carried out hurriedly and but too often, it is to be

feared, imperfectly. Remonstrances and injunctions on this subject have been repeatedly addressed every year to the Officers concerned, but with little apparent result, though there is a vast difference in the general ultimate outlay by Revenue Officers in the several Districts, as in the case of Shimoga in which the expenditure during the past year was only Rs. 813, as against Rs. 42,752 in Kolar.

466. The Districts shewing the largest amount of work during the past year are those noted in the margin; while Shimoga is conspicuous for the almost entire neglect by the Deputy Commissioner of this important part of his duty, the establishment charged against the Irrigation Budget was Rs. 2,216, against an outlay of only Rs. 813. A special enquiry has been already ordered into the causes of this gross neglect, and the subject will be dealt with when the result is reported; but the Chief Commissioner is compelled to record his opinion that in all the other Districts, except those named above, there has been a very great shortcoming in the amount of work under this head that ought to have been turned out. On the other hand, the labors of the Deputy Commissioners of Kolar, Bangalore and Hassan merit special acknowledgment.

	Rs.
1. Kolar ...	42,752
2. Bangalore ..	27,175
3. Hassan ...	11,114

467. The number of tanks damaged during the past year shews the large number of 205, but the cases of serious injury were comparatively few, and the reports that have been received fully bear out the Superintending Engineer's statement that much important work has been executed to the tanks in the three Districts named, by the ryots, under the personal influence of the District Officers, and that the tanks generally in those Districts are in better order than they have ever been.

468. ESTABLISHMENT.—The outlay was Rs. 2,23,190, as against the Budget grant of Rs. 2,80,382, shewing a lapse of Rs. 57,192, of which Rs. 30,000 was due to the non-formation of the proposed extra Tank Division as already stated, and Rs. 27,192 to the establishment of the Divisions being incomplete. The percentage charge was 33·4 on total outlay, shewing a reduction of 6 per cent on that for 1872—73.

469. CHANNEL CONSERVANCY.—The charges under the head of establishment and repairs were Rs. 27,363 and Rs. 38,981 respectively, against a revenue of Rs. 3,43,124, being 19·3 per cent, as against 20·2 per cent in 1872—73. It is satisfactory to find the Superintending Engineer able to state that there has been an improvement in the con-

servancy of the channels of the Hemavati Division; but it is clear that the channels generally require much attention in this respect, in view to the introduction of a more efficient system than that under which they are now administered.

470. The present report does not shew that any great progress has been made in the Irrigation Department during the past year; but the general results have been in many respects as fairly satisfactory as could perhaps under the circumstances have been anticipated; and the Chief Commissioner confidently relies on a progressive improvement in this respect as the new scheme is worked out. Some of the shortcomings that have been remarked on are due to incomplete and consequently inefficient establishment.

POST OFFICE.

471. The principal features in Postal management during the year were:—

(*a.*) The introduction of the revised postal tariff.

(*b.*) The initiation of an arrangement with the Madras and Bombay Postal Authorities for the receipt and distribution by the Mysore Anche Department, of all unpaid inland letters from Her Majesty's Territory, the collections levied on this account being equally divided between both Departments and in the case of overland letters the full amount collected being handed over to the Imperial Department. Under this arrangement the Mysore Anche Department during the year delivered 313 overland and 23,464 inland, unpaid letters, and realized the sum of Rs. 841—4—7 from the latter source.

472. During the year the number of subordinate Offices and receiving houses fell from 151 to 150 owing to the abolition of the office at Madihalli in Hassan, the receipts from which were not sufficient to defray the cost of establishment. The total distance of the postal lines in miles was 2,304, against 2,321 in the preceding year; the decrease is due to the abolition of the line between Hiriyur and Chellakere.

473. The returns of correspondence for the year, for each Division, are given in the margin. It will be observed that there has been an increase under all heads.

Years.	Letters.	News-Papers.	Parcels.	Total.
1872—73...	* 1,007,398	14,126	5,305	1,026,829
1873—74...	† 1,065,397	30,590	7,431	1,103,418
Increase ...	57,997	16,464	2,126	76,589
Percentage	5·76	116·55	40·07	7·46

* Include registered letters 6,242.
† Do do 7,110.

474. The fact of the revenue from private correspondence being larger this year than in previous years is the best evidence of the development of private correspondence.

475. The correspondence which passed through the Anche as compared with previous years is shewn below:—

Years.	Number.
1864—65	2,026,793
1865—66	2,253,080
1866—67	2,050,122
1867—68	2,156,124
1868—69	2,206,387
1869—70	2,370,340
1870—71	2,323,734
1871—72	2,478,169
1872—73	2,543,673
1873—74	2,706,783

476. The number of permanent employés in the Anche Office is shewn hereunder:—

	1872—73.	1873—74.
Bakshi	1	1
Inspectors	8	8
Sheristadar, Peshkar, Clerks and Gumastas ...	20	19
Other servants	433	435
Road Establishment	1,343	1,344
	1,805	1,807

477. The financial results of the Anche Department continue to be satisfactory, the revenue derived from private correspondence especially shews a marked increase over the past two years, as will be observed by the marginal statement.

	1872—73.	1873—74.
Amount of postage on service letters	1,82,935 2 0	1,22,664 5 6
Do of parcels and packets ...	41,992 1 0	23,545 8 0
Do on letters, &c., carried to and from Her Majesty's Post Office	10,769 12 0	10,947 11 0
Do on letters of H. H. the Maharaja's Department ...	64 12 0	11 1 0
Do on Gazettes	3,245 10 0	1,023 3 6
	2,39,007 5 0	1,58,191 13 0
Do of postage collected in cash	44,674 9 4	46,644 13 1
	2,83,681 14 4	2,04,836 10 1
Deduct Expenditure... ...	1,50,283 7 2	1,52,042 12 10
Balance or Surplus Rupees ...	1,33,398 7 2	52,793 13 3

478. The great falling off in the surplus between 1872—73 and 1873—74 is owing to the postage on official correspondence based according to the rates prescribed for official correspondence in the India Government Notification No. 1445, dated 28th February 1873, having been taken into account.

479. The following figures exhibit the progression in revenue in each of the three last years, *viz* :—

	Revenue from Private Correspondence.	Increase over previous years.
1871—72	Rs. 44,098	Rs. 2,789
1872—73	,, 44,675	,, 577
1873—74	,, 46,645	,, 1,970

480. The postage chargeable on official covers for the last three years has been as follows :—

	Official Postage.
1871—72	Rs. 2,24,03
1872—73	,, 2,39,007
1873—74	,, 1,58,192

V. REVENUE AND FINANCE.

IMPERIAL REVENUE AND FINANCE.

481. The year 1873—74 opened with an outstanding balance of Rs. 27,42,645—10—8, and the total demand on account of revenue for the year under all heads excluding that which related to local and municipal funds amounted to Rs. 1,09,47,800—9—6, making an aggregate demand of Rs. 1,36,90,446—4—2, as against Rs. 1,36,66,934—14—4, for the previous year.

482. The items of the demand for the year under report are shewn in the following comparative statement :—

Items.	1872—73.			1873—74.			Increase.			Decrease.		
Land Revenue	72,09,453	8	10	71,77,283	14	3	...	...	..	32,169	10	7
Forest	4,12,092	12	4	5,13,660	12	6	1,01,568	...	2	...	...	...
Abkari	10,79,815	13	10	11,50,298	2	9	70,482	4	11	...	...	...
Customs	8,84,603	13	7	8,68,633	7	1	...	...	...	15,970	6	6
Opium	704	8	...	688	8	...	0	0	0	16	...	...
Salt pans	17,178	...	7	18,491	12	9	1,313	12	2	...	...	...
Stamps	1,87,042	1	3	1,92,584	10	4	5,542	9	1	...	...	...
Assessed Taxes	3,68,022	2	7	3,73,827	0	5	5,804	13	10			
Post Office	44,728	14	7	46,665	13	4	1,936	14	9	...	...	...
Law and Justice	4,06,906	14	10	4,14,533	3	0	7,626	4	2	...	...	...
Police...	1,270	2	4	1,220	15	7	...	...	...	49	2	9
Public Works	60,428	8	0	50,030	12	1				10,397	11	11
Mint	8,195	11	7	...	...	...				8,195	11	7
Miscellaneous	1,39,352	8	4	1,39,881	9	5	529	1	1	...	...	...
Total.....	1,08,19,795	8	8	1,09,47,800	9	6	1,94,803	12	2	66,798	11	4
Add Balance of previous year.....	28,47,139	...	...	27,42,645	10	8	...	...	...	1,04,493	5	4
Grand Total.....	1,36,66,934	8	8	1,36,90,446	4	2	1,94,803	12	2	1,71,292	0	0
				Deduct Decrease.....			1,71,292	0	8			
				Net Increase.....			23,511	11	6			

483. *Collections and Outstanding Balances.*—Of the total demand of rupees 1,36,90,446—4—2 for the past year as above shewn, rupees 1,09,77,630—7—8 were actually collected during the year, the proportion of collection on the total demand being 80·18 as against 80 per cent for the year 1872—73, and Rs. 3,985 were remitted; so that the balance outstanding on the 31st March 1874 was Rs. 27,08,830—12—6, the percentage of the arrear being 19·79 as against 20·1 of the previous year. During the succeeding months of April and May when the last 2 khists or instalments of revenue fall due, a further sum of rupees

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24,02,492—11—5 was collected, leaving on the 31st May—which is regarded as the close of the revenue or fiscal year—an outstanding balance of Rs. 3,06,338—7—1 or 22·4 per cent, as against 1·6 per cent of the previous year.

484. The remissions granted during the year under report were all out of the outstanding balance of 1872—73, and amounted, as above stated, to Rs. 3,985 or nearly, ·03 per cent of the total demand as particulars subjoined:—

Land Revenue Rs. 2,875. Mohatarfa Rs. 931. Abkari Rs. 179. Total Rs. 3,985.

485. Rs. 10,261—14—3 were realized from the sale of the property of defaulters distrained for arrears of revenue in the year 1873—74, as against Rs. 9,791 in the previous year.

LAND REVENUE.

486. The demand on account of land revenue for the year amounted to Rs. 71,77,283—14—3, as against Rs. 72,09,453—8—10 of the previous year, the decrease being Rs. 32,169—10—7.

487. The subjoined statement exhibits the distribution of the revenue in the various Divisions and Districts of the Province: —

Division.	District.	Land Revenue Demand.											
		1872—73.			1873—74.			Increase.			Decrease.		
Nundydroog	Bangalore	9,22,794	2	5	8,91,220	15	2	...	...	...	31,573	3	3
	Kolar	9,75,999	12	1	9,59,806	9	1	...	...	...	16,187	3	..
	Tumkúr	9,03,770	6	6	9,11,165	14	9	7,395	8	3	...	...	...
Ashtagram	Mysore	9,59,985	13	7	9,67,167	10	5	7,181	12	10	...	..	...
	Hassan	10,03,302	0	5	10,01,102	1	2	...	...	...	2,199	15	3
Nagar	Shimoga	10,97,687	13	6	11,19,631	12	6	21,943	15	...	...	...	...
	Kadur	5,84,162	3	7	5,74,885	9	8	...	...	...	9,276	9	11
	Chitaldroog	7,61,757	4	9	7,52,303	5	6	...	...	...	9,453	15	3
	Total	72,09,453	8	10	71,77,283	14	3	36,521	4	1	68,690	14	8
										Deduct Increase.....	36,521	4	1
										Net Decrease	32,169	10	7

488. The different items included under the head of land revenue and the demand under each item for the past year, as compared with the previous year, are shewn in the following comparative statement :—

No.	Item.	Money Assessment.		Batayi.		Total.			
		1872—73.	1873—74.	1872—73.	1873—74.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	Dry land	30,02,850 11 5	30,06,087 10 1	24,833 3 7	14,521 11 11	30,27,683 15 0	30,20,609 6 0	...	7,074 9 0
2	Wet land	21,16,574 11 10	21,41,363 2 10	1,42,255 15 6	7,20,119 3 7	22,58,830 11 4	22,13,412 6 5	...	45,418 4 11
3	Garden	10,49,690 13 5	10,55,002 1 7	548 2 5	392 10 1	10,50,288 15 10	10,55,394 11 8	5,155 11 10	...
4	Sugar-cane	1,46,502 8 7	1,48,797 10 6	183 9 0	169 14 0	11,46,686 1 7	1,48,967 8 6	2,281 6 11	...
5	Mulberry	54,833 11 3	54,260 8 4			54,833 11 3	54,260 8 4	...	573 2 11
6	Pasture land	99,374 11 7	1,10,337 1 5			99,374 11 7	1,10,337 1 5	10,962 5 10	...
7	Kayamgutta villages ...	62,161 6 3	62,116 14 4			62,161 6 3	62,116 14 4	...	44 7 11
8	Lightly assessed and whole inam villages	1,36,098 9 8	1,36,764 7 10			1,63,098 9 8	1,36,764 7 10	665 14 2	...
9	Inam jodi or minor Inams ...	1,68,083 10 2	1,88,168 9 0			1,86,083 10 2	1,88,168 9 0	2,084 14 10	...
10	Coffee Halat	79,161 6 3	54,978 15 4			79,161 6 3	54,978 15 4	...	24,182 6 11
11	Sale proceeds of Government land.	5,375 4 1	5,814 8 11			5,375 4 1	5,814 8 11	439 4 10	...
12	Miscellaneous	1,02,925 1 10	1,26,458 12 6			1,02,925 1 10	1,26,458 12 6	23,533 10 8	...
	Total.....	70,41,632 10 4	70,90,150 6 8	1,67,820 14 6	87,133 7 7	72,09,453 8 10	71,77,283 14 3	45,123 5 12	77,292 15 8

Deduct Increase.....45,123 5 11

Net Decrease 32,169 10 7

489. *Dry land.*—Under this head there was a decrease of Rs. 10,311—7—8, owing to the character of the season which was unfavorable to a large extent of batayi dry crop in the Nundydroog Division, and to the entire discontinuance of the batayi system in the marginally noted three settled taluks of the Chitaldroog District. This decrease was partly made up by an increase of Rs. 3,236—14—8 in the item of money assessment on dry lands, as compared with the previous year, consequent on dry lands taken up for cultivation in the Bangalore District, so that the net decrease under the head of dry land is Rs. 7,074—9—0.

Molkálmuru.
Dodéri.
Pavagada.

490. *Wet land.*—There was a falling off of Rs. 70,206—11—11 owing to the unfavorable season for batayi crops in the Nundydroog Division, and to the abolition of the batayi system in the Chitaldroog District. But the net decrease under this head is only Rs. 45,418-4-11, taking into account the increase of Rs. 24,788—7—0 under money assessment. Of this increase Rs. 16,042 are due to the imposition of full wet rates on lands below the Madhava Mantri anicut and channel in the Mysore District, which lands were charged last year with reduced rates of assessment in consequence of the breach of the anicut which has since been repaired ; Rs. 4,098 to the introduction of the Survey rates of assessment into the Shikarpur Taluk of the Shimoga District, and rupees 4,648 to lands taken up for wet cultivation.

491. *Garden land.*—The increase of Rs. 5,155—11—10 under this head is chiefly due to the imposition during the year of the Survey rates of garden assessment in the Shikarpur Taluk.

492. *Sugar-cane.*—There was an increase of Rs. 2,281—6—11, which is attributed to previously resigned lands having been taken up for sugar-cane cultivation.

493. *Mulberry.*—The decrease of Rs. 573—2—11 under this item is due to the relinquishment of lands under mulberry cultivation in the Nundydroog Division.

494. *Pasture lands.*—This item exhibits an increase of rupees 10,962—5—10 which is satisfactory, and is attributed to greater care

having been exercised in carrying out the annual sale of the right of grazing over waste and relinquished lands. The following figures shew the increase in each Division under this head.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Nundydroog	6,860	10	6
Ashtagram	1,181	3	9
Nagar	2,920	7	7
Total....	10,962	5	10

495. *Kayamgutta Villages.*—The revenue from this source amounted to Rs. 62,116—14—4, against Rs. 62,161—6—3 of the previous year, exhibiting a decrease of Rs. 44—7—11, which is due partly to a remission of Rs. 43—14—7 from the kayamgutta amount of the Allamallanhalli village in the Banavar Taluk consequent on the resumption of the right of the kayamguttadar to the sayer collections in the said village, and partly to a sum of Rs. 0—9—4 having been remitted from the assessment of the kayamgutta Koramangala village in the Bangalore Taluk on account of land taken up for constructing a Military slaughterhouse.

496. *Whole Inam Villages.*—There was an increase of Rs. 665—14—2 under this head. Of this amount Rs. 621—1—2 are due to the quit-rent charged by the Inam Department on certain villages in the Nundydroog Division, and Rs. 44—13—0 to the conversion of the Maklarhalli village in the Hiriyur Taluk of the Chitaldroog District from the Stalkayamgutta to the jodi tenure.

497. *Minor Inams.*—There was an increase of Rs. 3,520—5—2 owing to the imposition of quit-rent by the Inam Department on certain minor inams in the Kolar District. But on the other hand there was also a decrease of Rs. 1,435—6—4 in consequence of the resumption of certain inams during the Inam settlement in the Nagar Division, and the abolition of certain petty tax which used to be paid to Government under the designation of "Vazzar Ragi" by goldsmiths in some villages in the Bangalore District. The net increase under this head was therefore Rs. 2,084—14—10.

498. *Coffee Halat.*—This item shews a decrease of Rs. 24,182-6-11, which is attributed to the season having been unfavorable to coffee owing

to the failure of the early rains, and to a fall in the price of coffee, in consequence of which large quantities of the article were held in reserve by the planters in anticipation of a better market.

499. *Sale Proceeds of Government Waste lands.*—The sales of lands for building purposes brought in Rs. 5,814—8—11, or Rs. 439—4—10 in excess of the receipts for the previous year. This source of revenue is of a fluctuating character, the amount of collections depending chiefly on the demand for building sites, &c. The increase does not therefore call for any distinct remarks.

500. *Miscellaneous.*—The subjoined statement shews the receipts derived from the several items included under this head :—

Items.	1872—73.			1873—74.			Increase.			Decrease.		
Village amrayi or fruit trees	87.600	8	1	1,01,961	12	3	14,361	4	2	...	...	...
Collections on account of land cultivated, but not included in the jamabandi ...	5,787	5	0	7,138	0	5	1,350	11	5	...	...	...
Collections on account of concealed cultivation	860	11	0	467	3	2	...	...	..	393	7	10
Collections from Inam lands on account of Inamdars' absence	2,057	3	9	2,924	7	8	867	3	11	...	...	...
Fees on coffee pattas	471	0	0	277	0	0	...	...	..	194	0	0
Sale proceeds of assessed un-occupied lands sold by auction	3,203	11	9	6,895	0	8	3,691	4	11			
Fines levied from ryots for cultivation of lands without authority	2,332	15	3	6,144	15	4	3,812	0	1			
Other items	611	11	0	650	5	0	38	10	0			
Total.....	1,02,925	1	10	1,26,458	12	6	24,121	2	4	587	7	10
							Deduct Decrease...	587	7	10		
							Net Increase...	23,533	10	6		

501. There was a net increase of Rs. 23,533—10—6 in the year under report over the receipts of the previous year. This increase is chiefly due to a better harvest than usual from the honge and tamarind trees in the Kolar District, and to the proceeds obtained from the sale of waste or un-occupied lands under the Survey Rules in the settled taluks, as well as to larger receipts from fines levied for un-authorized cultivation.

502. It is gratifying to record that the item of "concealed cultivation" shews a net decrease of Rs. 393—7—10. This class of cultivation is believed not to be on the increase, but rather the reverse.

503. From the detailed statement shewing the items included under "Land Revenue" given in para 488, it will be observed that there was a net decrease of Rs. 32,169—10—7 for the year under report, as compared with 1872—73.

504. The subjoined statement shews at a glance the several items of increase and decrease resulting in the net decrease as above :—

Decrease.				*Increase.*			
Relinquishments of lands ...	1,66,395	4	2	Lands taken up... ...	1,77268	5	7
Reduction of assessment on lands by Survey operation ...	5,831	7	2	Increase of assessment by Survey operations ...	10,088	13	4
Batayi cultivation ...	80,687	6	11	Lands found unassessed on re-measurement and assessed.	4,582	4	0
Coffee halat	24,182	6	11	Water-cess	599	15	4
Total.....	2,77,096	9	2	Other items including pasture lands, fruit trees, sale of waste lands, quit-rent, &c.	2,387	8	4
Deduct Increase...	2,44,926	14	7				
Net Decrease ...	32,169	10	7	Total.....	2,44,926	14	7

505. It will be seen that the net decrease is chiefly under the heads of batayi cultivation and coffee halat. The causes of the falling off in these two items have already been explained.

506. The following table shews the particulars of relinquishment and acceptance of land by ryots in each District :—

No.	District.	Land taken up.			Land relinquished.			Balance relinquished.			Balance taken up.		
	Bangalore... Settled portion ...	2,200	0	0	336	0	0	...	...	...	1,864	0	0
	Bangalore... Un-settled portion.	13,794	7	0	16,566	7	10	2,772	0	10	...	...	...
	Kolar ... Un-settled portion.	21,241	2	0	28,918	6	1	7,677	4	1	...	...	...
	Túmkúr ... Settled portion ...	11,016	4	0	13,518	0	0	2,501	12	0	...	...	...
	Túmkúr ... Un-settled portion.	21,139	15	8	20,920	1	6	...	...	...	219	14	2
	Mysore .. Un-settled ...	15,403	5	9	10,249	5	8	...	...	...	5,154	0	1
	Hassan ... Do ...	20,292	15	3	14,647	0	0	...	...	...	5,645	15	3
	Shimoga ... Settled portion ...	19,570	15	0	9,868	8	1	...	...	..	9,702	6	11
	Shimoga ... Un-settled portion.	11,930	2	8	4,140	2	11	...	...	...	7,789	15	9
	Kadur ... Un-settled ...	17,970	2	1	20,135	11	3	2,165	9	2	...	...	...
	Chitaldroog. Settled portion ...	22,709	0	2	27,095	8	10	4,386	8	8	...	...	...
	Total ... Settled ...	55,496	3	2	50,818	0	11	6,883	4	8	11,566	6	11
	Total ... Un-settled ...	1,21,772	2	5	1,15,577	3	3	12,614	14	1	18,809	13	3
	Total.....	1,77,268	5	7	1,66,395	4	2	19,503	2	9	30,376	4	2
	Deduct relinquished...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19,503	2	9
	Net taken up	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,873	1	5

507. The land newly taken up in the settled taluks was of the value of Rs. 55,496, being 3·95 per cent of the Survey assessment as against 6·4 per cent in the previous year, and in the unsettled taluks Rs. 1,21,772 or 2·4 per cent, as against 1·8 per cent in 1872—73. In the settled taluks lands yielding a revenue of Rs. 50,818 or 3·6 per cent of the assessment were relinquished against 4·7 per cent of the previous year, and in the unsettled taluks lands valued at Rs. 1,15,577 or 2·3 per cent were thrown up, as against 2·9 in 1872—73.

Taluk.	*Amount.*	*Percentage.*		
Túmkúr ...	9,444	7	4	0
Sira... ...	1,572	1	6	7
Channagiri ..	4,441	7	0	0
Shikarpur ...	10,408	7	12	8
Sorab	4,726	2	7	0
Chitaldroog ...	1,864	1	13	6
Dávangere ..	2,140	2	8	9
Kankuppa ...	1,134	2	5	6
Molkálmuru ...	1,705	3	8	9
Dodéri... ...	4,437	6	0	0
Hiriyur ..	1,521	2	12	0
Budihal ...	1,293	2	0	3
Hosdurga ...	2,244	3	7	8
Pavagada ...	4,186	4	0	6
Harihar ...	2,180	3	12	9
Bangalore ...	2,200			
Túmkúr ...	11,380	8	11	0
Sira	2,137	1	14	9
Channagiri ...	3,161	3	8	9
Shikarpur ...	5,250	3	15	0
Sorab	1,455	0	12	0
Chitaldroog ...	1,071	1	0	10
Dávangere ...	691	0	13	1
Kankuppa ...	158	0	5	3
Molkálmuru ...	5,438	11	5	0
Dodéri... ...	10,352	14	0	0
Hiriyur ...	615	1	2	0
Budihal ...	703	1	1	6
Hosdurga ...	1,767	2	11	10
Pavagada ...	6,028	5	13	6
Harihar ...	269	0	7	6
Bangalore ...	336			

CANAL REVENUE.

508. As stated in para 508 of last Annual Report there is no such item as canal revenue in this Province. The assessment of wet and garden lands irrigated by river channels is included under the head of land revenue.

SOURCES OF IMPERIAL REVENUE OTHER THAN THE LAND.

FORESTS.

509. Under this head the revenue amounted to Rs. 5,13,660 against Rs. 4,12,092 in the previous year, giving an increase of Rs. 1,01,569 as per details shewn in the subjoined statement:—

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Proceeds from sale of sandalwood	2,37,530	3,18,763	81,233	...
Do do of timber	83,573	85,436	1,863	...
Amount realized from the contract of pepper and cardamom jungles	8,302	8,545	243	...
Do from fruit trees	1,8127	23,257	5,131	...
Lac	2,914	2,715	...	199
Wax and honey	2,805	2,981	176	...
Pasturage	3,160	3,767	607	...
Iron furnaces	8,188	8,068	...	120
Miscellaneous	47,493	60,128	12,635	..
Total.....	4,12,092	5,13,660	1,01,888	319
Deduct Decrease.....	...	...	319	...
Net Increase.....	...	...	1,01,569	...

510. The increase was chiefly in the item of sandalwood, and was owing to larger quantities of the article having been sold and the selling rates having been higher than in the previous year.

511. The other items do not call for any particular remarks excepting the head "Miscellaneous" in which there is a considerable increase of Rs. 12,760, which is due partly to larger receipts from seigniorage on timber, as well as from the contract of the minor forest products and the sale of confiscated wood, and partly to a tax levied on head loads of "Bindinaru," a kind of fibre used in fastening rafts for floating timber, as also the sale proceeds of decayed and fallen trees.

512. The total charge against the income in the Forest Department for the year under report was Rs. 2,36,233 or 46 per cent.

ABKARI.

513. The abkari revenue for the year amounted to Rs. 11,50,298, against Rs. 10,79,816 in the year 1872—73, exhibiting an increase of Rs. 70,482. The receipts from each item included under this head are shewn in the following comparative statement.

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Toddy (Contract)	5,43,923	5,81,013	37,090	...
Still head duty on arrack	4,39,039	4,68,521	29,482	...
Do do on beer	...	7,327	7,327	...
License fees	69,812	57,703	...	12,109
Sale of arrack shops by public auction... ...	17,319	24,946	7,627	...
Ganja (Contract)	9,514	10,296	782	...
Miscellaneous	209	492	283	...
Total	10,79,816	11,50,298	82,591	12,109
Deduct Decfease.....			12,109	
Net Increase.....			70,482	

514. *Toddy.*—The increase of Rs. 37,090 under this head was owing to increased tenders in the Bangalore, Kolar and Chitaldroog Districts. In the first named two Districts the contracts were disposed of for a term of 5 years from 1st April 1873. In the Chitaldroog District the course at present pursued is yearly talukvar sales to the highest

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accepted bidders, and this system is reported to have been fairly set afloat in the Nagar Division, and is working well.

515. *Arrack.*—The still head duty on arrack which is the only item of abkari worked under the Sadar Distillery system in Mysore shews an increase of Rs. 29,482, which is due partly to an increased consumption of liquor throughout the Province, except the Mysore and Chitaldroog Districts, and to the enhancement of the rates of still head duty.

516. The particulars of the quantity of liquor distilled. and the revenue derived from the manufacture of arrack, during the past year, are shewn in the following statement.—

No.	Districts.	Population.	No. of stills.	Quantity distilled in gallons.		* The degree of strength.	Rate of still head duty.		Amount realized.	No. of Shops.			Amount of fees levied on licenses for shops.
										Wholesale.	Retail.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5		6	7		8	9			10
1	Bangalore { Town & Cantt...		1	90,760	2	19°	2	12 0	2,49,592	16	258	274	11,320
	Bangalore { District ...		1	43,408	0	19°	1	8 0	25,243				
2	Kolar District ...		2	28,180	1	19°	1	4 0	35,100	36	409	445	14,752
3	Túmkúr ...		1	6,565	0	25°30'	1	0 0	6,565	0	80	80	5,029
4	Mysore ...		1	19,298	5	25°	3	0 0	25,754	16	98	114	7,903
							1	5 0					
5	Hassan ...		1	9,652	5	25°	1	8 0	13,387	7	59	66	3,408
							1	5 0					
6	Shimoga ...		3	33,850	1	25°30'	1	2 0	33,290	4	243	247	7,263
							0	14 0					
7	Kadur ...		3	23,378	2	25°	2	0 0	28,379	0	187	187	4,972
							1	0 0					
8	Chitaldroog ...		2	11,578	0	25°30'	1	0 0	11,208	7	108	115	2,867
							0	14 0					
	Total..		14	2,71,572	0				4,68,521	86	1442	1528	57,517

* The degree of strength of the arrack distilled and the rates of still head duty per gallon have been altered from 1st July 1874.

517. *Beer.*—During the year under report there were 3 breweries at work in Bangalore, and the beer manufactured was subjected to a still head duty of two annas per gallon. This being the first year in which beer has been charged with still head duty, the receipts under this head amounting to Rs. 7,327 call for no further remarks.

518. *License Fees.*—Under this item there was a decrease of rupees 12,109 owing to the license fees on arrack shops in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore having been transferred to the Municipality.

519. The increase of Rs. 7,627 derived from the sale of arrack shops was due to better competition in the Shimoga and Kadur Districts.

520. The item of miscellaneous shews an increase of Rs. 283 which is chiefly in the Bangalore District; Rs. 250 of the amount being a fine imposed on toddy contractors on account of one of their sub-contractors having drawn toddy from date trees under one yard in height contrary to the terms of their contract.

521. Out of the total amount of abkari revenue, *viz.*, Rs. 11,50,298 as above shewn, Rs. 1,749 were paid to inamdars of whole villages whose sannads entitle them to the abkari collections in their respective villages.

522. The cost of the establishment for the collection of the still head duty on arrack amounted to Rs. 18,987 or 3·22 per cent of the revenue from arrack.

CUSTOMS AND SAYER.

523. The subjoined statement shews the collections under the head of sayer customs :—

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Supari or Arecanut	6,39,067	6,19,092	...	19,975
Tobacco	1,33,444	1,28,194	...	5,250
Opium	6,949	5,632	...	1,317
Pepper	1,604	1,645	41	...
Cardamom	2,478	3,405	927	...
Cocoanut, dry	2,113	10,144	3,031	...
Do green	39,145	41,679	2,534	...
Betel leaves	47,707	48,350	643	...
Piece goods	51,644	50,697	...	947
Miscellaneous	8,553	8,416	...	137
	9,37,704	9,17,254	7,176	27,626
		Deduct Increase...		7,176
		Net Decrease.....		20,450

524. It will be observed that the decrease is chiefly in the item of supari, which is attributed to the heavy failure of the supari crop from "Koleroga" or rot in the Malnad taluks of the Nagar Division.

525. The next item is tobacco which shews a falling off of rupees

Rs.5,250. This unfavorable result is ascribed to the unusually scarce and unseasonable rain-fall in the Kadur District, in which the produce was very poor except in certain localities favorably situated.

526. The increase exhibited under cocoanuts, dry and green, is owing to a better crop of cocoanuts than in the previous year in the Túmkúr District.

527. The other items call for no special remark.

528. Out of the total receipts Rs. 2,96,117—8—1 were levied on goods exported to, and Rs. 15,292 on imports from, Her Majesty's Territories.

529. Out of the total collections for the year, *viz.*, Rs. 9,17,254 as above shewn, Rs. 14,820 were assigned to the Mysore Town Municipality and Rs. 33,766 were credited to the Shringeri Jahagir and other inamdars on whose behalf the Government collects the sayer duties, the charge of collection being paid by the inamdars themselves. Thus the net balance credited to Government was only Rs. 8,68,633 or 1·8 per cent less than in the previous year.

530. The cost of the establishment for the collection of the sayer dues amounted to Rs. 38,644 or 4·2 per cent of the total collections against Rs. 38,755 in the previous year, the net decrease being rupees 111. Of the above cost, Rs. 139 were paid by inamdars for whom the Government collected the sayer revenue. The salary of the paid establishment was Rs. 31,080 and the allowance to Shekdars, Shanbhogs and Patels at 5 per cent of the collections made by them amounted to rupees 7,563.

531. Of the nine articles subject to the sayer tax, those noted in the margin are liable to the duty both when imported into and exported from the Province. The remaining four are liable to the tax only when produced and consumed in the Province.

Arecanut, Tobacco, Pepper Cardamom and Opium.

532. Arrangements are under contemplation to reduce the rate of duty on supari and to abolish the duty on piece goods and pepper.

ASSESSED TAXES.

533. The revenue from mohatarfa or assessed taxes for the year under report amounted to Rs. 3,73,827 against Rs. 3,68,022 in the previous year, being an increase of Rs. 5,805. The amount derived from each item comprised under this head is shewn in the following statement :—

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Tax on houses	1,59,172	1,59,775	603	...
Do shops	87,916	90,053	2,137	...
Do looms	75,757	76,518	761	...
Oil mills	13,649	13,940	291	...
Carts	31,044	33,472	2,428	...
Miscellaneous	484	69	...	415
Total.. ...	3,68,022	3,73,827	6,220	415
Deduct Decrease.....			415	
Net Increase.....			5,805	

534. The revenue from assessed taxes as above shewn does not include the collections made under this head in the *marginally noted five Municipal towns, the same having been alienated to the respective Municipalities.

*Cantonment and Town of Bangalore. Kolar Town. Mysore. Hassan. Shimoga.

535. *Houses.*—The number of houses in the Province is estimated at 10,17,583, of which a considerable number, occupied by Brahmans, Muhammadans and the Rajbindes, who have from time immemorial enjoyed this immunity, have hitherto been exempted from taxation. Those classes, however, pay like all other people the Municipal tax on houses in those towns in which Municipalities have been established.

536. The number of houses exempted from taxation is 869,161 as per particulars subjoined :—

	No.
Agricultural	615,020
Brahmans, Musalmans and Rajbindes	150,533
Headmen of Towns, Villages, &c.	47,591
Houses on which shop tax is imposed	21,349
Do loom tax do	31,968
Do oil-mill tax do	2,700
Total.. ..	869,161

537. The houses on which the tax is levied numbered 148,422, as against 143,589 in the previous year, being an increase of 4,833, and are classified as follows:—

Class of Houses.	No.	Rate of Tax. From. To.	Amount realized.	Average Rate per House.
		Rs. Rs.		Rs. As. P.
Terraced houses	14	3 12	91 0 0	6 8 0
Tiled do	16,818	As. 8 12	44,851 13 11	2 10 8
Mud do	35,741	„ 8 12	47,057 3 9	1 5 3
Thatched do	95,849	„ 8 5	67,775 5 5	0 11 7
Total.....	1,48,422	As. 8 12	1,59,775 7 1	

538. *Shops.*—The total number of shops was 27,839, as against 26,918 of the previous year, of which 311 shops belonging to Shanbhogs, Patels and other privileged classes were exempted from the tax. The rates of tax range from 8 annas to 30 rupees, giving an average rate of Rs. 3—4—0 per shop.

539. *Looms.*—The number of looms at work in the Province is returned at 42,247 as against 42,079 of the previous year. Of this number 1,868 looms belonging to the village servants were according to the custom of the country exempted from the cess. The tax on each loom ranges from 8 annas to Rs. 8, the average rate being Rs. 1—13—0.

540. *Oil-mills.*—The tax on oil-mills varies from Re. 1 to Rs. 20 per mill, and the number of mills was reckoned at 3,353 against 3,321 of the previous year. The average rate was Rs. 4—2—6.

541. *Carts.*—Sixteen thousand, seven hundred and thirty-seven carts were subjected to the tax, as against 15,651 in the previous year at a uniform rate of 2 Rs. per cart, owned by non-agricultural classes.

542. *Opium.*—A sum of Rs. 688—8—0 was realized by renting out the privilege of selling opium, which is a monopoly, against rupees 704—8—0 of the previous year, being a decrease of Rs. 16 which does not call for any special remark.

543. *Salt Pans.*—There was an increase of Rs. 1,313—12—0 from this source in the year under report as shewn in the subjoined statement:—

Year.	No. of Salt Pans.	No. of manufacturers.	Rate of Tax per man.	Amount of Revenue.
1872—73	3,118	3,334	From 1 Anna to Rs. 120	17,178 0 7
1873—74	3,141	3,699	„ „ to „ 65	18,491 12 9
Increase.....	23	365		1,313 12 2

544. The increase under this head is satisfactory, and was due to the spirited competition at the sale of the right of the manufacture chiefly in the Kolar, Túmkúr and Chitaldroog Districts.

545. Under the orders of the Chief Commissioner passed in pursuance to instructions received from the Government of India, the manufacture of earth salt within five miles of the frontier, and the exportation of the article to Her Majesty's Territories have been prohibited.

STAMPS.

546. The realizations under "stamps" for the year amounted to Rs. 1,92,584—10—4, against Rs. 1,87,042—1—3, the increase being Rs. 5,542—9—1 as per details subjoined:—

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Sale of general stamps	1,58,772 8 7	1,68,355 0 6	9,582 7 11	...
Receipt and draft labels	8,659 4 10	9,408 10 0	749 5 2	...
Penalties and other items	19,610 3 10	14,820 15 10	...	4,789 4 0
Total.....	1,87,042 1 3	1,92,584 10 4	10,331 13 1	4,789 4 0
		Deduct Decrease.....	4,791 4 0	
		Net Increase.....	5,542 9 1	

547. The net increase under this head is attributable chiefly to a more extensive sale of stamp papers to private banks, where money transactions coming within the scope of Promissory Note Act No. 5 of 1866 are now carried on to a very large extent.

POST OFFICE.

548. The receipts from the Anche or the Postal Department of the Mysore Government amounted to Rs. 46,665—13—4, exhibiting an increase of Rs. 1,936—14—9 over those of the previous year as shewn in the following statement:—

Items.	1872—73.			1873—74.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.			
Amount of postage on letters, &c ..	43,504	1	3	44,134	11	3	630	10	0	...		
Express charges ...	260	4	0	849	15	9	589	11	9	...		
Registration fee ...	...			738	13	6	738	13	6	...		
Sale of anche houses ...	292	6	3	165	14	0	...			126	8	3
Miscellaneous, including fines, &c..	672	3	1	776	6	10	104	3	9	...		
Total.....	44,728	14	7	46,665	13	4	2,063	7	0	126	8	3
						Deduct Decrease.....	126	8	3			
						Net Increase.....	1,936	14	9			

549. The increase of Rs. 738—13—6 under "Registration" fee is only nominal, and is due to the collections under this head having been recently ordered to be shewn separately, whereas they were hitherto included and credited under the head of postage.

550. The other items call for no special remark. The operations of the Anche Department are described in detail under the head of Post Office.

LAW AND JUSTICE.

551. The revenue under this head amounted to Rs. 4,14,533--3--0, against Rs. 4,06,906—14—10 of the previous year, exhibiting an increase of Rs. 7,626—4—2. The details are shewn in the subjoined statement:—

Items.	1872—73	1873—74	Increase.	Decrease.
Court fees stamps	2,89,916	3,11,756	21,840	...
Magisterial fines	74,918	67,913	...	7,005
Registration fees	20,682	22,903	2,221	...
Sale of unclaimed property	4,587	3,130	...	1,457
Sale proceeds of Jail manufactures	8,697	4,475	...	4,222
Realized from convict labor	1,392	517	...	875
Miscellaneous	6,715	3,839	...	2,876
Total.....	4,06,907	4,14,533	24,061	16,435
		Deduct Decrease.....	16,435	
		Net Increase.....	7,626	

552. The increase under the head of Court fees stamps is chiefly due to the Civil Process Rules having been in full operation during the year under review.

POLICE.

553. The receipts under this head shew a decrease of Rs. 49--2--9 chiefly in the item of fines, which is so far satisfactory.

PUBLIC WORKS.

554. This is properly no source of revenue. It consists of such items as refunds and contributions by ryots, sales of materials, rents on houses, &c.

555. The receipts for the year under report amounted to rupees 50,030—12—1, against Rs. 60,428—8—0 in the previous year, exhibiting a decrease of Rs. 10,397—4—0. The details are shewn in the subjoined statement.

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Refunds	21,912	24,475 0 0	2,563	...
Contributions	21,878	15,872 0 0	...	6,006 0 0
Rent on houses	815	632 12 0	...	182 4 0
Miscellaneous	15,823	9,051 0 0	...	6,772 0 0
Total.....	60,428	50,030 12 0	2,563	12,960 4 0
			Deduct Increase...	2,563 0 0
			Net Decrease...	10,397 4 0

556. The net decrease of Rs. 10,397—4—0 above shewn was mainly owing to the contributions from ryots for the repairs of Government tanks having been less than in the previous year, and to a decrease in the proceeds of lands under kodigi tanks appropriated for the repairs of those tanks.

MINT.

557. There is no mint in Mysore. It has been the practice to credit under this head the amount realized by the sale of mutilated old copper coin, but there were no receipts during the year under report from this source.

MISCELLANEOUS.

558. The total income under this head amounted to rupees 1,39,881—9—5, against Rs. 1,39,352—8—4 realized in the pre-

ceding year, being an increase of Rs. 529—1—1. The several items comprising this source of revenue are noted below:—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Fines, (in the Revenue Department)	24,469	1	4
School fees	16,037	7	8
Sale of school books	13,250	14	10
Subscriptions to the Mysore Gazette	2,368	4	6
Travellers' Bungalows' fees...	6,085	7	0
Gross revenue of the Island of Seringapatam ...	19,155	14	11
Tolls on bridges	6,786	5	0
Interest realized on Government securities ...	1,240	0	0
Value of private work done by the Govt. Press ...	3,783	5	6
Produce of public gardens	1,830	12	8
Premium on Hundis	523	5	7
Savings and fines, &c.. in the Military Local Force	292	13	6
Interest collected on arrears of revenue defaulters	30,071	6	6
Sale proceeds of Government buildings and unserviceable furniture	5,637	14	4
Sundry receipts	8,348	8	1
Total.....	1,39,881	9	5

REVENUE AND FINANCE OTHER THAN IMPERIAL.

Local Funds.

559. The aggregate revenue of the Local Funds for the year 1873—74 amounted to Rs. 4,59,979—12—1, against Rs 4,36,845—6—9 of the previous year, giving an increase of rupees 23,134—5—4 in the year under report.

560. The subjoined statement shews the amount of each item credited under this head as contrasted with the previous year :—

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Local cess...	3,37,525 14 0	3,57,822 14 1	20,297 0 1	
Irrigation cess	48,953 7 6	51,349 7 11	2,396 0 5	
Sale of Stray cattle	33,176 14 5	40,191 0 9	7,014 2 4	
Ferry collection	5,943 15 1	6,404 15 9	461 0 8	
Miscellaneous	11,245 3 9	4,211 5 7	...	7,033 14 2
Total.....	4,36,845 6 9	4,59,979 12 1	30,168 3 6	7,033 14 2
			7033 14 2	
		Net Increase.....	23,134 5 4	

561. The net increase of Rs 23,134—5—4, as above shewn, is due to the levy of the local fund cess at one anna instead of half an anna in the rupee of the land assessment in the taluks settled during the year under report, and to the rate of the cess having been raised from half anna to one anna in the rupee of the collections under all items other than land revenue in the settled taluks under the Chief Commissioner's orders No. 3089—83 of 8th September 1873.

562. The irrigation cess having under the recent orders of the Government of India been abolished as a separate levy of one anna in the rupee on the assessment of wet lands, it will be hereafter merged in and collected with the ordinary assessment of such land, and at the settlement of each taluk, a lump sum equivalent to the amount so merged in the assessment will be set apart out of the annual revenue of the taluk to form a District Irrigation Fund which will be administered by the District Committees in the same way as the ordinary local fund for the repair, improvement, and reconstruction of works of irrigation within the Taluk.

ROAD AND EDUCATION CESSES.

563. No cesses under these denominations are separately levied in this Province as explained in para 575 of the Report for 1872—73.

MUNICIPAL REVENUES.

564. The total revenue credited to municipal funds for the year 1873—74 was rupees 3,53,189, against rupees 3,40,264 of the previous year, giving an increase of rupees 12,925 in the year under report as per details shewn in the following statement :—

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Octroi	1,42,258	1,46,728	3,470	...
House tax	78,254	81,473	3,219	...
Tax on professions	38,818	46,278	7,460	...
Tax on carriages	1,901	2,742	841	...
Rents	8,134	9,346	1,212	...
Transfers and contributions	12,634	10,995	...	1,639
Miscellaneous	57,265	55,627	...	1,638
Total.....	3,40,264	3,53,189	16,202	3,277
		Net Increase	12,925	

565. The net increase of rupees 12,925 was due to the levy of octroi tax in 19 kasbas or head-quarters of taluks which were newly formed into Municipalities in the year under report in the Ashtagram Division, and to the increased collections in the Municipalities already existing.

566. The cash balance on 1st April 1873 was rupees 1,43,925, which, being added to the income during the year under report, namely, Rs. 3,53,189, the total sum of the Municipal Funds was rupees 4,97,114. Of this amount, rupees 3,39,134 were expended during the year, so that the balance on the 31st March 1874 was rupees 1,57,980.

VI. VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

567. *Population.*—The population as determined by the Census of 1871 is, as stated in last year's Report, 5,055,412, the proportion of the sexes 2,535,924 males to 2,519,488 females, or in the ratio of 100 males to 99·35 females.

568. *Area.*—The area of the Province is 27,040 square miles, and the population to each square mile 186·96.

569. *Birth Rate of the Province.*—The births registered throughout the Province number 42,574, or in the ratio of 8·42 per mille of the population. In 1872, the per mille rate was 9·02. This shews that no progress has been made in birth registration.

570. In the large Town of Bangalore however there is manifest improvement as shewn below:—

Population.	Births registered.	Ratio per mille.
Bangalore...142,513	4,429	31·07

571. This rate is 10·5 in excess of that recorded last year, and is a nearer approach to the true birth rate amongst the native community, while at the same time it points to the entire unreliability of rural returns.

572. *Death Rate in Province.*—The deaths registered during 1873 are 53,340, against 57,990 in 1872, shewing a decrease of 4,650. It is impossible to say how much of this decrease is attributable to a better state of health, or to defective registration. The per mille rate is 10·55, against 11·47 last year. Both figures are far below the true death rate. It is therefore mere waste of time to make any further comments, or to compare the mortality in different months or at different seasons as was done last year, for the time has not arrived when such comparisons can be made with any profitable results.

573. *Deaths by different Causes.*—Deaths by different causes as compared with the previous year are as follows:—

		1872.		1873.	
Cholera		51		12	
Small-Pox		4,532		3,052	
Fevers		31,140		2,885	
Bowel Complaints...		6,284		574	
Injuries. Suicide		145	1,307	158	1,192
Wounding		107		103	
Accident		826		721	
Snake bite or killed by wild beasts ...		229		210	
All other causes		14,676		14,445	

If the figures for 1873 can be accepted as at all reliable for comparison with those of the previous year, the reduced mortality is traceable mainly to the smaller prevalence of cholera, small-pox and fevers.

574. *Mortality of large Towns.*—The towns having 5,000 or more inhabitants number 23, and give an aggregate population of 341,294 with 6·387 deaths. The mortality of towns contrasted with that pertaining to rural circles is as follows:—

Population.		Deaths.	Ratios per mille.	
Of entire Province		5,055,412	53,340	10·55
Of 23 large towns		341,294	5,751	16·85
Of 83 rural circles		4,714,118	47,589	10·09

575. There can be no doubt that the returns as at present drawn up are any thing but reliable. This is especially the case with those relating to the rural districts.

EMIGRATION.

576. From the subjoined statement furnished by the Protector of Emigrants, Madras, it will be seen that 46 men, 58 women and 14 children, making a total of 118, belonging to this Province, emigrated during the year, embarking from the ports of Madras, Pondicherry and Karikal; but none seem to have returned to their homes during the same period:—

Port of Embarkation.	Town belonging to—	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Madras	Bangalore	3	1	...	4
Pondicherry	Mysore	20	12	8	40
Karikal	Mysore	20	45	6	71
	Mysore	3	...	...	3
	Total.....	46	58	14	118

Returned None.

MEDICAL RELIEF.

577. The following comparative statement shews the working of hospitals and dispensaries (exclusive of Special Hospitals) for the year under report as compared with the two previous years :—

Years.	Treated. In Hospital.	Out of Hospital.	Total.
1871	2,711	69,830	72,541
1872	2,831	85,885	88,716
1873	2,599	1,02,226	1,04,825

578. As compared with the year immediately preceding, the sick treated in hospitals shew a falling off of 232. This is doubtless owing to the closure of the Pete Hospital and its retention only as a dispensary for out-door relief. But the out-patients have increased by 16,341, 7110 of whom are to be placed to the account of the new dispensary opened at Chikballapur, leaving 9,231 as the increase under this head at the older dispensaries. The general increase upon in and out-patients collectively is 16,109. These institutions then are evidently acquiring the confidence of the native community.

579. The following table gives the results in each hospital and dispensary in the Province :—

Stations.	Hospitals and Dispensaries.	Total treated. In.	Total treated. Out.	Average daily sick. In.	Average daily sick. Out.	Died. In.	Died. Out.	Per mille ratio of deaths to treated (In patients only.)
Bangalore ...	Bowring Civil Hospital ...	1,334	19,473	58·50	142·50	126	1	94·45
Do ...	Pete Dispensary ...	0	19,785	0	149·8	0	3	0
Mysore ...	Raja's Hospital ...	596	18,221	43·14	124·12	63	2	105·70
Shimoga ...	Civil do ...	239	6,618	14·75	69·50	14	3	58·58
Hassan ...	Do Dispensary ...	7	5,805	·50	45·75	0	4	0
Sheikalli ...	Do do ...	68	1,583	1·33	15·	6	2	88·24
Chitaldroog...	Do do ...	188	7,552	9·5	63·10	1	1	5·32
Chikmagalur..	Do do ...	167	5,755	8·80	54·75	14	2	83.83
Kolar ...	Do do ...	0	7,377	0	59·68	0	3	0
Túmkúr ..	Do do ...	0	2,949	0	27·50	0	10	0
Chikballapur.	Do do ...	0	7,110	0	59·37	0	0	0
	Total.....	2,599	102,226	136·52	811·07	224	31	86·19
	Grand Total.....	1,04,825		947·59		255		0

580. Of special hospitals the Lunatic Asylum at Bangalore is every year extending its usefulness. The total number of inmates at the close of 1873 was 13 males and 10 females.

VACCINATION.

581. The following return shews the work done in this Department during the year, and the cost of the same :—

Divisions.	Successful.	Unsuccessful.	Unknown.	Total.	Cost.		
					Rs.	As.	P.
Nundydroog ...	34,419	2,183	3,686	40,288	4,235	7	11
Ashtagram	29,120	760	170	30,050	3,244	6	3
Nagar	23,009	2,025	1,089	26,123	2,913	...	11
Office Establishment ...	...	...	...	...	240	...	...
Total... ..	86,548	4,968	4,945	96,461	10,682	15	1

582. These figures shew a *decrease* in the number vaccinated as compared with the previous year of 780, the operations returned as successful equal 94·57 per cent.

583. The total cost of the establishment has been Rs. 10,682—15—1, against Rs. 10,892—8—2 in 1872, a decrease of Rs. 209—9—1; Rs. 0—1—11$\frac{1}{7}$ is the cost of operation in each successful case. The quality of lymph in use is generally reported to have been good.

VII. INSTRUCTION.

EDUCATION.

584. During the past year there was an increase of 11 Government, 6 aided, and 43 unaided schools over the number shewn in the Report for 1872—73 ; and at its close there were in existence 670 Government, 104 aided, and 1,536 unaided schools, making a total of 2,310 schools of the three classes in the Province.

585. The number of pupils on the rolls in Government and aided schools aggregated 27,298, shewing an increase of 901 as compared with 1872—73. The number in unaided schools is reported to have been 18,914, making the total of pupils up to 46,212 on the rolls in all classes of schools. It is explained by Mr. Rice that the number of pupils shewn on the rolls during the year under review was reduced owing to the discovery of false returns. This unsatisfactory circumstance indicates the necessity of closer inspection, a subject which has been repeatedly urged. The general results of the year, as shewn by the above figures, cannot but be regarded as fairly encouraging.

586. Of the total number under instruction, 43,592 were boys and 2,620 girls. Of these, the number of either sex in Government and aided schools aggregated 57 per cent and 94 per cent respectively, and stood classified as shewn in the margin.

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Hindus ...	...		22,621
Muhammadans	...		3,131
Others ...	...		1,546
Total.....	24,834	2,464	27,298

587. The average number of square miles of area to each school and the proportion of students to population of school-going age in each District are shewn below. In the whole Province there is one school for every 11·72 square miles on an average ; and 5·20 per cent of the boys between six and twenty, and 0·66 per cent of the girls between six and 12 years of age are under instruction. These figures include schools of all classes :—

	Area, Square Miles.	No. of Schools.	No. of Square Miles to each School.	Population of School-going age.	Students.	Percentage of Schools to Population of School-going age.
Bangalore	2,914	416	7·02	197,239	13,199	6·65
Kolar	2,577	183	14·08	137,991	5,204	3·77
Túmkúr	3,606	389	9·27	157,128	6,224	3·96
Mysore	4,127	334	12·35	228,668	6,283	2·75
Hassan	3,291	249	13·21	163,093	3,885	2·38
Shimoga	3,797	178	21·33	126,399	4,009	3·17
Kadur	2,294	292	7·85	85,784	2,814	3·28
Chitaldroog	4,471	269	16·62	134,723	4,594	3·41
	27,077	2,310	11·72	1,231,025	46,212	3·75
				837,985 Boys.	393,040 Girls.	5·20 Boys. 0·66 Girls.

588. The subjoined table shews the several classes of Government and aided schools with the number of pupils on the rolls at the end of the year:—

	Government.		Aided.		Total.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Boys' Schools.						
Higher	7	1,588	5	851	12	2,439
Middle	6	250	8	600	14	850
Lower	638	17,306	61	3,469	699	20,775
	651	19,144	74	4,920	725	24,064
Girls' Schools.						
Higher	...	...	3	311	3	311
Middle	...	...	3	189	3	189
Lower	9	252	23	1,651	32	1,902
	9	252	29	2,151	38	2,402
Normal Schools	3	13	...	...	3	13
Special Schools	7	736	1	82	8	818
Grand Total.....	670	20,145	104	7,153	774	27,297

589. Exclusive of the cost of direction and inspection, and of the charges in connection with the Book Department, the expenditure on actual instruction in Government and aided schools from all sources was as shewn below :—

	Government.		Aided.	
	From Provincial Funds.	From Local Funds.	From Provincial Funds.	From other Sources.
Boys' Schools.				
Higher	45,702	...	11,935	21,451
Middle	8,496	...	5,040	11,303
Lower	33,532	45,031	13,507	17,020
	87,730	45,031	30,482	49,774
Girls' Schools				
Higher	...	...	4,040	5,464
Middle	...	...	1,560	1,845
Lower	3,221	...	6,460	10,723
	3,221	...	12,060	18,032
Normal Schools	1,938	55	...	...
Special Schools	790	...	600	995
	93,679	45,086	43,142	68,801
	181,907			

590. The total expenditure on the part of Government on education in the Province during the year under review was Rs. 2,43,372 as shewn in the margin, of which Rs. 55,799 or 29·7 per cent were debitable to Local and the remainder to Provincial Funds. The expenditure during the previous year was Rs. 2,39,375. Of the total expenditure, Rs. 1,18,007 were recouped to Government in the different shapes noted in the * margin. The net cost to the Provincial Exchequer thus amounted to Rs. 1,25,365.

	1872—73	1873—74
	Rs.	Rs.
Direction ...	13,671	12,884
Inspection ...	21,596	32,873
Instruction ...	1,78,964	1,8,1907
Miscellaneous, including Book Department ...	25,144	15,708
	2,39,375	2,43,372

	Rs.
* By School Fees ...	13,261
By sale of Books ...	18,043
By allotment from Local Fund Cess ...	86,703
	1,18,007

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591. Fifty-four candidates passed the several University examinations. noted in the margin. The Bachelor of Laws was formerly a student in the London Mission Institution. Eight of the F. A.'s and 23 of the Matriculates were sent up from Government and the rest from aided institutions. The High School at Bangalore as usual stands first both as regards the number that passed therefrom and in the proportion of the numbers passed to those examined. The District School at Shimoga and the Wesleyan Native Educational Institution at Bangalore, which are almost on a par, rank next.

B. L. Degree	1
F. A. Examination	10
Matriculation	43
	54

Schools.	F. A. No. Examined.	F. A. Passed. 1st Class.	F. A. Passed. 2nd Class.	Matriculation. No. Examined.	Matriculation. Passed. 1st Class.	Matriculation. Passed. 2nd Class.
Government.						
High School, Bangalore ...	7	1	4	17	3	5
Raja's School, Mysore	5	...	2	12	1	4
District School, Shimoga	2	...	1	14	...	6
„ Hassan	...	...	...	1	...	1
„ Tumkúr	...	...	...	6	...	1
„ Chitaldroog ...	...	...	...	3	...	1
Taluk School, Chilkballapur ...	...	...	...	2	...	1
Aided.						
Native Educational Institution, Bangalore	5	...	2	25	...	5
Bishop Cotton's School	...	...	...	12	1	4
London Mission Institution	...	...	..	11	...	3
St. Andrew's School	...	...	...	8	...	3
Saint Joseph's Catholic Seminary ...	...	...	...	2	...	1
Wesleyan Mission School, Mysore ...	...	...	...	14	...	3

592. In connection with the subject of University examinations the Director mentions certain changes which have been introduced by the Madras University in the Matriculation and First-in Arts examinations, the tendency being to attach greater importance to the study of natural science. The Chief Commissioner has no doubt that, so far as the educational requirements of this Province are concerned, a still more decided move in the same direction might be made by the Senate with confidence and advantage. The curriculum pursued in the Madras University necessarily influences to a great extent the instruction given in the Mysore Provincial schools, and arrangements shall be made for instruction in natural science in the Higher Class schools. The "School of Engineering and Natural Science" now established at Bangalore will, it is hoped, in time supply a great want in this respect.

593. Of Government schools of the higher class there are still 7, one at the head-quarters of each District, except Kadur. The High School at Bangalore and the Raja's School at Mysore, which teach up to the B.A. standard, have continued to work satisfactorily. The teaching staff in the latter has been augmented since the year under review. The remaining 5, which are called District Schools, are limited to the Matriculation standard of the Madras University, and have also shewn satisfactory results, those at Shimoga and Hassan continuing to hold their position in advance of the rest. The subjoined tabular statement embodies the more important of the statistics connected with the schools of the higher class :—

	Monthly Average Number on the Rolls.	Expenditure, Rs.	Total Cost of educating each Pupil.	School Fees realized.	Net Cost to Government per Pupil.
High School, Bangalore	534	15,468	28 15 4	4,741	20 1 3
Raja's School, Mysore	222	9,428	42 7 5	1,968	33 9 8
District School, Hassan	146	6,036	41 5 5	403	38 9 4
„ Tumkúr	102	3,028	29 10 11	527	24 8 4
„ Shimoga	203	3,882	19 2 0	627	16 0 7
„ Chitaldroog	140	4,366	31 2 11	540	27 5 2
„ Kolar	88	3,409	39 12 3	247	36 14 11
Total.....	1,435	45,702	31 2 5	9,055	25 8 7

These figures afford useful comparison with those noted in the margin for 1872—73, for the Provincial schools of the Madras Presidency with which most of the Government schools of the higher class in Mysore correspond.

Provincial Schools.	Monthly Average Number on the Rolls.	Expenditure, Rs.	Total Cost of educating each Pupil.	School Fees realized, Rs.	Net Cost to Government per Pupil.
Combaconum...	338	24,342	72 0 3	13,297	41 13 6
Bellary ...	214	12,442	58 0 8	4,838	35 8 6
Ca'icut ...	276	13,476	59 6 6	5,456	35 4 3
Mangalore ...	213	12,751	41 1 4	5,027	36 4 2

594. Of middle class Anglo-Vernacular schools, there are 6 educating up to a standard below Matriculation. They have 250 pupils between them on the rolls with an average attendance of 223, costing Rs. 8,496, which gives a trifle above Rs. 38, as the cost of educating each pupil. Rs. 596 were realized in the shape of fees, the net cost to Government per pupil thus amounting to Rs 35—6—9. The School at Chikballapur stands foremost. It has been suggested to the Director of Public Instruction whether the backward condition of the other schools

may not be due to deficiency in the teaching staff, inasmuch as there are 4 masters at Chikballapur, while there are but 2 at each of the others, except Gundlupet where there is only one.

595. Of lower class schools there are 647, of which 638 are for boys and 9 for girls, having on their rolls 17,306 boys and 252 girls respectively. Of the schools for boys, 104 are Taluk schools, and 534 Hobli schools for elementary instruction. Of the former, 81 are Kanarese with 4,308 pupils on the rolls, 6 Telugu in the Kolar District, with a nominal roll of 238 pupils, and 17 Hindustani schools with a nominal roll of 777 pupils. The Taluk schools are divided into four classes as noted in margin. Twelve of the schools have reached the standard of the first or highest class, 53 that of the second, and 32 the third. The remaining 7 have not advanced beyond the lowest stage. The average number of pupils in the 104 Taluk schools during the past year was 4,705. The cost was Rs. 33,532, or Rs. 7--2—0 per pupil on an average. The fees realized having been Rs. 2,990, the net cost to Government per pupil was Rs. 6—7—10.

	Kanarese.	Telugu.	Hindustani.	Total.
1st Class	12	...	...	12
2nd „	46	2	5	53
3rd „	23	3	6	32
4th „	...	1	6	7
	81	6	17	104

596. The 534 Hobli schools had 11,983 pupils on the rolls on the last day of the year, or an average of 23 for each. The aggregate average daily attendance was 8,989 or 17 for each school; and although the number was very much larger at some schools, at others it was below 10, and in the case of some even lower.

597. Of the pupils attending these schools for elementary instruction five per cent were Muhammadans, and the rest, except a very small fraction, Hindus. The schools have been maintained entirely from Local Funds, and cost Rs. 45,031; which, taking the average daily attendance, gives a trifle above 5 Rs. as the charge per pupil. No fees are levied in Hobli schools. The Department has good reason to be proud of the success achieved by this class of schools, which promise to supply Mysore with a system of primary education second to none in India. It is evident, however, that they require more inspection than falls to their share at present, and unless the inspecting staff is strengthened (a subject

which is under consideration) any large increase in the present number of schools is a measure of doubtful advantage.

598. The nine schools for girls are all elementary and almost entirely in the Bangalore and Kolar Districts, there being but one of them at Hassan. They have 252 pupils between them, all Hindus except three who are Muhammadans. Two hundred and thirteen girls learn Kanarese and 39 Telugu. The schools are maintained from provincial funds at a cost of Rs. 3,221 or Rs. 14—2—7 per pupil. The fees collected have been small amounting only to Rs. 6. The Director of Public Instruction remarks that no marked progress was made in any of these schools; first, because the institutions themselves are exotic, and, secondly, because it is impossible to get female teachers; and that the most successful instruction must be looked for in Mission Schools, which are under the superintendence of European ladies. This must be admitted to be an unsatisfactory state of things. The training of female teachers is doubtless attended with difficulty, but the difficulty is not insuperable, and if Brahman female teachers cannot be obtained owing to the prejudices of the class, an attempt might be made to train some from the Modaliar or other Sudra castes, or even to induce qualified East Indian women to take charge of Hindu girls' schools. The subject is one that requires to be dealt with cautiously, and the willing co-operation and aid of the native community are essential to its successful treatment. An intelligent interest in the furtherance of this important object on the part of the Native Officers of Government is equally necessary, and will, it is hoped, be generally forthcoming.

599. The only Normal School in operation throughout the year was the Hindustani School at Bangalore, where the average attendance was 12. The school cost Rs. 1,938, or at the high rate of a little more than Rs. 161 per pupil, which was doubtless due to the limited number of pupils. The point seems however to need explanation. Two other Normal Schools for training Hobli school masters were opened at the close of the year.

600. The Engineering Classes at Bangalore and Túmkúr had between them an average attendance of 15, their cost being 790 or Rs. 52½ per pupil per annum. Three students from the class at Bangalore passed the Surveyor's test.

601. Of private institutions under Government inspection and aid there were 74 for boys, 29 for girls, and one for special education.

Subjoined is a comparative abstract of the numbers of this class of schools for the past and previous years:—

	No. of Institutions.	Pupils.		Expenditure.			Fees realized, Rs.
		Monthly Average on Rolls.	Average daily attendance.	Government aid, Rs.	Other aid, Rs.	Total, Rs.	
1872—73	98	6,229	5,404	41,109	73,248	1,14,357	28,546
1873—74	104	6,617	5,710	43,142	68,801	1,11,943	22,102
Increase.....	6	388	306	2,033	...	...	...
Decrease.....	...	...	...	...	4,447	2,414	6,444

Thus, although there has been an increase in the number of schools and in the average daily attendance, as also in the grant-in-aid from Government, the fees realized have considerably fallen off, and the expenditure from other than Government sources is less by 6 per cent.

602. Fresh grants-in-aid to the extent of Rs. 3,585* were sanctioned during the year, against a reduction of previous grants of Rs. 70 per mensem. There was thus a net increase of 2,745 Rs. ; but as only Rs. 43,142 are shewn as the total amount of the Government aid in 1873—74, it would seem that only Rs. 2,033 was utilized in excess of the previous year's grant.

*Including building and furniture grants.

603. The following tabular statement gives the statistics of the several classes of aided schools during the year :—

Schools.	No.	Average Number of Pupils.	Cost of Maintenance.			Fees realized.		Average Cost of educating each Pupil.	
			Government Funds.	Other sources.	Total.	Total Amount.	Average per Pupil.	Total Charge.	Cost to Government.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Higher Classes ...	5	813	11,935	21,451	33,386	9,708	11 15 0	41 1 0	14 10 10
Middle do ...	8	521	5,040	11,303	16,343	2,488	4 12 5	31 5 11	9 10 9
Lower do ...	61	3,168	13,507	17,020	30,527	1,862	0 9 5	9 10 2	4 4 3
Female Schools ...	29	2,033	12,060	18,032	30,092	7,042	3 7 5	14 12 9	5 14 11

604. The higher and middle class institutions are reported to have made favorable progress, and they continue to do much useful work each in its sphere. Some of them, however, which are intended mainly for children of the European and Eurasian classes, are susceptible of improvement in the way of rendering the instruction imparted of a more useful and practical character.

605. The lower class schools are also reported to be generally in a fair condition.

606. The defects in the working of particular institutions specially remarked on by the Director of Public Instruction have been brought to the notice of the managers, and the Chief Commissioner trusts that they have received due attention.

607. The increase reported in the number of unaided private schools is gratifying. Of the 1,536 schools of this class reported to be in existence, 1,439 are stated to be for Hindus and 47 for Muhammadans. Their income has been Rs. 54,344, the greater portion, *viz.* Rs. 50,995, being derived in the shape of fees. The attendance at these schools amounts to 18,914 pupils, and each on an average educates 12 pupils and derives an income of Rs. 33—6—5 a year, or about $3\frac{2}{3}$ annas per pupil per mensem.

608. The number of new books added to the Central Book Depôt during the year was 23,224, valued at Rs. 13,344. The value of stock, inclusive of that remaining from the previous year, was Rs. 60,784. 21,359 books, worth 7,348 Rupees, were supplied to Branch Depôts; and the total receipts from the sale of books amounted to Rs. 18,043, which is much the same as in 1872—73.

609. Two school houses of the second class standard design were in progress during the year, and one of them was almost completed. Rs. 4,007 were spent in repairs. Building grants were made to the Wesleyan Mission of Rs. 1,000 towards the erection of the Market Boys School at Mysore; and Rs. 350 towards that of the Pete Boys' School at Túmkúr.

610. As regards the means provided for the education of Europeans and Eurasians—a subject which is now attracting much atten-

tion from the public—it appears that the number of boys and girls of these classes in Mysore aggregate about 1,646 and 1,723 respectively. Of these numbers 421 boys and 308 girls belong to the European Military, and their education is provided for in the Regimental schools. There are thus 1,225 boys and 1,415 girls with whose instruction the Educational Department has to deal, and of these 1,029 boys and 1,233 girls reside in Bangalore. Allowing for children under six years of age, it is calculated that there are 2,100 European and Eurasian children of both sexes of school-going age, and of these it is estimated that 1,400 attend school. Considering that a fair proportion of the total number are believed to be educated at home, the residue of about 700 children, whose instruction is thus not accounted for, does not, in the Chief Commissioner's opinion, afford room for any startling conclusions as to the neglected condition of the European and Eurasian community at Bangalore. Sir Richard Meade believes that few Eurasian adults are unable to read and write, and it is clear that any illiteracy which may exist among the class here is not due to supineness on the part of Government, inasmuch as there are in Bangalore alone 11 aided schools specially designed for the education of Europeans and Eurasians, of which four are schools of the higher class. Mr. Rice's remarks in his report on the impolicy of attaching too much weight to race distinctions in schools are sensible and practical, and the Chief Commissioner has no doubt of the desirability of a thoroughly impartial fusion of Europeans, Eurasians and natives in all the schools attended by the three classes. The higher class schools in Bangalore, where Europeans, Eurasians and natives engage in the same athletic sports in friendly rivalry, shew that such a course is attended with little, if any, difficulty, and with good general results.

611. The Chief Commissioner believes that some movement in the direction of instructing and training Europeans and Eurasians in practical arts and industries might with advantage be made by Government. An association with the object of promoting this measure, among others designed for the improvement of the class in question, has recently been formed in Bangalore.

612. The acknowledgments of the Government are due to Mr. Rice, Director of Public Instruction, and to the other Officers engaged in the

education of the youth of the Province, for their zealous services in this one of the most important of the Public Departments. The Director has mentioned in his report the aid received by his Department from the Officers of the General Administration. From their position and from the intimacy which they acquire with the people by being so constantly in contact with them, these Officers ought to possess an amount of useful influence which, if duly exercised, should be of the utmost advantage to the Educational Department, and aid its operations and progress in a most important manner.

LITERATURE.

613. *Annual Review.*—Among the works registered in this Province during the year may be noticed a small Agricultural Class Book, compiled for use in village schools, by Colonel E. Boddam, published in diglot ; and an edition of the celebrated Sanskrit Thesaurus, the Amara Kosha, with meanings in English and Kanarese. A Kanarese version of the Manual of the More Deadly Forms of Cattle Disease, by Veterinary Surgeon Hallett, appears under the head of Medicine. The remaining publications were principally re-issues of old works, and fall under the heads Fiction, Poetry and Religion. Of law books, a Police Manual for use in the Mysore Province was published in Kanarese, as also Acts XIII and XVIII of 1855 and X of 1872.

614. *Manuscripts of ancient works.*—The following additional manuscripts of old works in Kanarese were brought to light by the Director of Public Instruction during the year.

Lilávati—A poetical romance.

Kávyávalókana—A valuable work on rhetoric, by Nága Varma, the oldest known Kanarese Grammarian.

Rájávali Kathe—Historical annals of the Jain sect from the earliest times.

Ráma Kathávatára—The history of Ráma as handed down by Jain tradition, with much collateral information of value.

Bhadra Báhu Charita—The history of Bhadra Báhu, a distinguished Jain leader, the founder of the Shravanbelgola settlement.

Giriávva Gita—The songs of Giriavva, a local poetess of the shepherd caste.

Nambaiyana Ragale—A Lingayat work containing 36 rhapsodies by Hampe Haripam.

THE PRESS.

615. The only notice required under this head additional to the remarks contained in last year's report is the issue, or revival, of two newspapers in Kanarese, the *Vrittánta Bodhini* and the *Karnátaka Prakásika*, the former under European and the latter under native management. Both these papers, it is understood, formerly enjoyed the patronage of the late Maharaja, but since his demise they have not been published until the present year. Each contains a leading article and some correspondence in English. The *Vrittânta Bodhini* receives a certain amount of aid from Government, and the copies subscribed for are circulated in the Revenue and other Departments.

IX. MISCELLANEOUS.

ECCLESIASTICAL

616. There has been no change in the ecclesiastical arrangements of the Churches of England and Scotland since last report.

617. The following particulars have been furnished with reference to the progress and results of the operations of the Roman Catholic Mission in Mysore during the year 1873—74.

618. *The Convent.*—This establishment is entirely under the control and management of the ladies of the "Good Shepherd." The inmates number 261 against 233 of the previous year. Of these there are 137 European, East Indian and Native Orphans, who are dependent for support and education on the Lady Superioress and the public. There are besides 73 Magdalenes. The day scholars and boarders have also increased in number which is a convincing proof of the utility and popularity of the system and course of instruction adopted in this institution.

619. Attached to the convent is the Industrial school, which is also under the supervision of the Nuns. This institution gives employment to widows and orphans without reference to creed or caste; and many avail themselves of the means thus afforded them of earning an honest livelihood.

620. *St. Joseph's Seminary.*—The number of pupils in this institution has increased to 131 against 100 during the preceding year. An additional Clergyman has been appointed to assist in the duties of the seminary. In the native seminary there are 40 pupils studying Kanarese or Latin. Three of the most promising have already received the "Minor Orders" of priesthood.

621. *The Sethalli Hospital and Dispensary.*—This useful institution has not lost any of its popularity as evidenced by the large numbers of in-door and out-door patients who resort to it for medical treatment. The Revd. gentleman in charge has trained some Kanarese nuns as nurses and Hospital Assistants. Their devotedness, patience

and charity towards the sick and afflicted are, it is said, almost on a par with that of the well known Sisters of Mercy in Europe.

622. *Printing Office.*—This Office which was closed some time ago has again been re-opened, and under the talented clergyman now in charge will, it is stated, publish some useful works.

623. *New Chapels.*—The new chapel which is being built at Shimoga is fast approaching completion and is said to be one of the best buildings in that locality. Another small chapel at Kudlur in the Hassan Taluk will be soon opened for public worship.

624. *Wesleyan Mission.*—The number of Missionaries employed is 11 Europeans and 2 Natives and the number of Catechists is 13. Two missionaries have died during the year, and three others are on sick-leave in England. There are 375 accredited church-members in the Mysore District. In the number of scholars there has been a large increase : there are now 42 schools and 3,270 scholars, of whom 2,242 are boys and 1,028 are girls.

625. *London Mission.*—In connection with this mission there are 4 European Missionaries and 1 European Lady Superintendent of Female Schools, also 2 Native Ministers, and 8 Evangelists and Catechists. There are two Native Christian congregations, one Kanarese and the other Tamil, both containing 426 baptized persons.

626. The number of schools under this mission during the year is 10, *viz.*, 5 for boys and 5 for girls ; the total number of pupils on the rolls being 882, *i. e.* 468 boys and 414 girls—29 of the latter are boarders.

627. The mission has two out-stations at Malur and Anekal, with a vernacular school in each.

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STATISTICAL TABLES.

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A. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY OF THE TERRITORIES UNDER THE CIVIL AND POLITICAL CONTROL OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE.

I. A.—2. *Character of the Surface.*

Nature of different Tracts.	Names, Area, and Physical Description of each Tract.	Where situated, in British or Native Territory.	Prevailing Soils, Minerals and Products.
Mountains and Elevated Tracts.	The Mysore country above the ghats is often called the "Table Land," a denomination very little descriptive of its appearance, as it is by no means plain or flat, but in some parts mountainous, and everywhere undulating. The Eastern Ghats form the frontier by which it is separated from the Carnatic. They constitute the exterior of the east ranges of hills, which run along the whole length of the Peninsula from Cape Comorin, stretching up to the Continent of Asia. In many parts the ascent over them into Mysore is very high and difficult, while in others it is more sloping and protracted. The country rises gradually from these ghats towards Bangalore, which is situated in the most elevated portion of the Mysore plateau, and is 3,031 feet above the sea level.		The soils, in the order of their prevailing kinds, are as follow:— 1. Red soil mixed with loam and vegetable mould. 2. Inferior red sandy soil. 3. Black cotton, free from stones. 4. Stony and gravelly soil. 5. Rich garden soil. 6. White stiff loam. 7. Black cotton, but light and stony. 8. Soil impregnated with salt.
Plains.	The descent from Bangalore on all sides is perceptible though not rapid. On the north-west, after passing the Chitaldroog range of hills, there is a gradual fall through the broad valley which leads to the river Tungabhadra, near which is the station of Harihar, probably the lowest point in Mysore, its altitude above the sea being only 1,800 feet. To the south-west and west by Seringapatam and Hassan, there is perhaps a more marked descent, until it is abruptly terminated by the western range of ghats comprising in this direction the Nilgiri and Coorg hills, and further north, the Manjarabad and Nagar ranges. A marked feature of the country is the number of isolated hills called Durgs, on the most inaccessible of which the former Pallegars or petty chiefs built forts, afterwards in many instances strengthened and improved by Hyder and Tippu, and still in good preservation, but now without guns.		The great rock, which may be said to constitute the basis of the whole country, is a kind of sienite, composed for the most part of four different ingredients, *viz.*, quartz, felspar, hornblende and mica. The quartz has usually a dull greyish white color, and veins of it from 4 to 10 inches thick, often traverse the rock in different directions. The felspar varies in color from a silver white to a deep brick red, and is the most copious constituent of the rock. The hornblende is black, very abundant, and very much given to decomposition. The mica is easily distinguished from the hornblende, even when the stone is nearly in a state of disintegration. The hornblende in that state has assumed a brown ochre color, and has lost all lustre and cohesion, while the mica retains both its color, lustre and cohesion to the last, and becomes only more apparent by the progress of disintegration. This is particularly exemplified in the Mysore country, where the undulating high ground consists of sienite, decomposed into pipe clay, intermixed with micaceous shining particles and grains of quartz. From the structure of the country, which is entirely primitive, no coals could be expected.
Forests.	The principal forests are found clothing the sides of the Western Mountains. They abound in teak, blackwood and other valuable kinds of timber. There are no forests in the Eastern Ghats. Sandalwood grows in the country bordering the hills.		Chlorite slate is found near Sira, and drawing slate in the neighbourhood of Chitaldroog. Other minerals are the following:— Clay Iron Stone. Schorl in Quartz. Mica Slate.

Nature of different Tracts.	Names, Area, and Physical Description of each Tract.	Where situated, in British or Native Territory.	Prevailing Soils, Minerals and Products.
Rivers.	The Tunga and Bhadra rise in the north-west of Mysore, and uniting form the Tungabhadra, which flows northwards and eastwards till it joins the Krishna below Kurnool. The banks of the Tungabhadra are too high for irrigation purposes. The Cauvery rises in Coorg and passes through and out of Mysore in a south-easterly direction, after receiving the Hemavati, the Lokapavani, the Shamsha, and the Arkavati from the north, and the Lakshmantirtha and the Kapini from the south. The Cauvery and its tributaries supply numerous irrigation channels and tanks. The Pennair, the Palar and Penar rise in the eastern part of Mysore, in their short course through which their waters are detained and converted into chains of tanks. They become large rivers before they reach the sea. None of these rivers are suitable for navigation.		Magnetic Iron Stone. Pot Stone. Actinolite. Ligniform Asbestos. Brown Spar. Common Salt. Carbonate of Soda. Gold is occasionally found near Bětmangala by washing the alluvial soil; but in too small quantities to repay labor. The chief products are:— Paddy. Ragi—The principal food of the people. Ballar—A kind of small bean. Gram. Wheat. Millet. Oil Seeds. Sugar-cane. Cotton. Hemp. Tobacco. Mulberry. Coffee. Cocoanuts. Betel nuts. Potatoes for export.
Lakes.	There are no natural lakes in Mysore; but there are nearly 20,000 artificial reservoirs, some of which are of considerable magnitude.		
Marshes.	None of any consequence.		

I. A.— 3. *Climate for* 1873—74 *in the Province of Mysore.*

District.	Rain-fall in inches.				Average temperature in the shade.									Prevailing winds.			Remarks.
					May.			July.			December.						
	January to May.	June to September.	October to Dec.	Total.	Sun rise.	2 P. M.	Sun set.	Sun rise.	2 P. M.	Sun set.	Sun rise.	2 P. M.	Sun set.	January to May.	June to Sep.	October to Dec.	
Bangalore...	1·91	15·94	11·31	29·16	10 A. M. 83·2	4 P. M. 88·9		10 A. M. 75·5	4 P. M. 80·1	...	10 A. M. 71·6	4 P. M. 76·4	...	S. E. by S.	W. by S.	S. E. by E.	
Kolar* ...	3·	12,59	9·53	25·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Túmkúr ...	3·79	10·25	6·74	20·78	9·30 A. M. 80·5	3·30 P. M. 84·7	...	9·30 A. M. 70·77	3·30 P. M. 77·19	...	9·30 A. M. 72·6	3·30 P. M. 75·1	...	N. E.	S. W.	N. E. S. W.	
Mysore ..	4·36	7·53	9·53½	21·42½	Maximum. 91·30		Minimum. 64·75	Maximum. 84·		Minimum. 67·5	Maximum. 84·96		Minimum. 61·5	E. S. W.	S. W.	N. E. E.	
Hassan ...	11·85	14·1	17·21	43·7	9·30 A. M. 78¾		3·30 P. M. 83½	9·30 A. M. 72¼		3·30 P. M. 72½	9·30 A. M. 72½		3·30 P. M. 80½	E. N. E. W.	S. S. W.	W. N. E. E.	
Shimoga ...	*1·87½*	*18·74¼*	*8·49¾*	*29·11½*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	E.	S. W.	S. E.	
Kadur ...	*6·69¼*	*9·41¾*	*14·42½*	*30·53¾*	*9·30 A. M. 79·9*	*3·30 P. M. 84·3*		*9·30 A. M. 75·2*	*3·30 P. M. 70·11*		*9·30 A. M. 72·10*	*3·30 P. M. 81·4*		*N. E. E. S. W.*	*S. W.*	*S. W. N. E.*	
Chitaldroog	*8·30*	*13·30*	*10·37½*	*31·97¼*	*83·9*	*89·7*		*74·2*	*97·6*		*74·3*	*76·8*		*N. E. & S. W.*	*S. W.*	*N. E.*	
Total...	*41·77¾*	*101·78*	*87·62¼*	*231·18*													

*No observation was taken.

J. D.—POPULATION.

Districts.	Inhabited houses.			Population.						Classification of population.					Occupation.		Prevailing languages.	Emigration or immigration during the year.
	No. of Masonry Dwellings.	Do. of all other kinds.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children under 12 years. Male.	Children under 12 years. Female.	Total.	No. per square mile.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Agriculturists.	Non-Agriculturists.		
Bangalore ..	2,223	1,74,398	1,76,621	2,71,794	2,71,938	1,42,749	1,41,873	8,28,354	284	17,613	7,56,693	53,485	1	562	1,45,825	7,82,529	Kanarese, Telugu and Hindustani.	
Kolar ...	98	1,65,794	1,65,892	2,06,202	2,05,355	1,03,453	1,03,918	6,18,954	240	613	5,92,652	25,038	0	651	1,32,872	4,86,082		
Túmkúr ...	11	1,23,390	1,23,401	1,99,808	2,03,716	1,15,632	1,13,083	6,32,239	178	709	6,09,520	20,535	0	1,475	1,31,761	5,00,470		
Mysore ..	298	1,74,653	1,74,951	2,87,175	3,08,437	1,80,387	1,67,188	9,43,187	232½	2,249	8,98,897	39,790	37	2,214	1,71,047	7,72,140		
Hassan ...	95	1,47,148	1,47,243	1,93,202	2,15,104	1,29,122	1,24,989	6,68,417	203	2,670	6,49,333	14,460	0	1,954	1,41,793	5,26,624		
Shimoga ...	24	1,01,935	1,01,959	1,70,267	1,55,485	88,179	85,045	4,98,976	131¼	984	4,68,351	25,598	1	4,042	1,28,617	2,70,359		
Kadur ...	0	75,856	75,856	1,09,653	1,03,660	60,684	59,928	3,33,925	145½	568	3,20,028	12,017	0	1,312	68,234	2,65,691		
Chitaldroog ...	4	1,18,554	1,18,558	1,68,857	1,59,507	1,02,730	1,00,266	5,31,360	118¾	270	5,12,193	18,068	4	825	1,14,406	4,16,954		
Total.....	2,753	10,81,728	10,84,481	16,12,988	16,23,198	9,22,936	8,96,290	50,55,412	187	25,676	48,07,667	2,08,991	43	13,035	10,34,563	40,20,849		

I. E. 2.—*Surveyed and Assessed Area in Acres.*

Districts.		Chitaldroog	Shimoga	Tumkúr	Bangalore	Total
		A. G.	A. G.	A. G.	A. G.	A. G.
Cultivated. Irrigated.	By Government Work.	28,244—29	85,947—33	13,579—24	1973—16	1,29,745—22—0
	By private individuals.	46,922—15	4,629— 8	15,471— 8	1,502—13	66,525— 4—0
	Unirrigated.	10,81,446— 3	1,77,404—25	2,00,419—18	21,685— 8	14,80,955-14—0
	Total.	11,56,613— 7	2,67,981—26	2,27,470—10	25,160—37	16,77,226- 0—0
Uncultivated.	Grazing lands.	3,57,856— 1	1,29,319—14	27,862—26	2,161—37	5,17,199—38—0
	Culturable.	7,79,666—34	1,96,962—36	1,73,101—37	23,612—23	11,73,344—10—0
	Unculturable Waste.	8,11,391—33	1,68,849— 3	2,14,750—38	7,679—13	12,02,671— 7—0
Total Area assessed.		19,36,280— 1	4,64,944—22	4,00,572— 7	48,773—20	28,50,570—10—0
Gross Amount.		Rs. As. P. 9,63,740-4-0	Rs. As. P. 4,49,175-11-1	Rs. As. P. 2,61,823-11-11	Rs. As. P. 0	Rs. As. P. 16,74,739—11—0
Assessment.	Rate per Acre on cultivation.	0—9—6	1—14—6	1—2—0	1— 9—3	
	Rate per Acre on culturable land.	0—5—8	1— 1—9	0—6—5	0— 9—4	
	Rate per Acre on Total Area of Settlement.	0—5—0	0—9— 3	0—9—0	0—15—6	
Remarks.						

II. STATISTICS OF PROTECTION.

A. LEGISLATIVE.

II. A.—4. *Statement of the Acts of the Governor General in Council extended to the Province of Mysore during the year* 1873—74.

No. of Act.	Title or Purport of Act.	No. and Date of Notification or Orders of the Government of India extending Act to Mysore.	Remarks.
XXIII of 1871 ...	"The Pensions Act."	170, Judicial, dated 22nd August 1873.	With the following modifications—Section 2 with the Schedule mentioned therein, also clause 2 of Section 7 to be omitted. The words "Chief Commissioner" to be substituted wherever the words "Local Government," "Chief Revenue Authority" and "Chief Controlling Authority" occur.
V of 1873 ...	"The Government Savings' Bank Act of 1873."	Notification 118, Judicial, dated 23rd June 1873.	In Section V the words "Subject to the General Control of the Local Government" and in Section 14 the words "With the consent of the Local Government" to be omitted.

II. B.—1. *Statement shewing the Various Judicial Tribunals, Original and*

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judge's previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges. Europeans. Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	Natives.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Peshkars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.				Included under the head of Amildars.			A competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties in general.				
Ashtagram paid ...	...	...	...		1	Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class.		...	...	...	7
Nundydroog do ...	...	...	...		1			...	...	...	10
Nagar do ...	...	...	...		1			...	...	...	5
Total.....	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22
Sheristadars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.											
Ashtagram paid ...	...	...	...	do	1	do	do	...	...	...	10
Nundydroog do ...	...	...	...	do	1	do	do	...	...	...	6
Nagar do ...	...	...	...	do	1	do	do	...	...	...	11
Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27
Amildars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases, also Civil and Revenue powers.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd class with the exception of the Bangalore and Ashtagram Amildars who exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd class. In the Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions dispose of Original Civil suits up to Rs. 50 in value and have small cause powers up to Rs. 20.					
Ashtagram paid	23	316	70,069	23	1		do	...	...	...	23
Nundydroog do ...	27	304	77,020	27	1		do	...	...	...	27
Nagar do ...	26	456	52,471	26	1		do	...	...	...	26
Total.....	76	360	66,518	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	76
Munsiffs—Exercising Civil powers only.						Dispose of Original Civil suits up to Rs. 300 in value and have small cause powers up to Rs. 20.					
Nundydroog paid ...	8	1,026	259,943	8	1		do	...	...	...	8
Sar-Amin—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.											
Nundydroog paid ...	1	...	...	1	1	Exercise powers of a Magistrate of 2nd class.	do	...	...	1	...

JUDICIAL.

Appellate, existing in the Province of Mysore, on the last day of the year 1873.

Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge.		Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of days in the year devoted to Judicial work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of cases decided during the year.					
							Original.			Appeal.		
European.	Native.						Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.	Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	657 8 0	Included under the head of Amildars.		All the duties entrusted to them by the Amildars, and in their absence all the duties connected with office.			626					
	546 0 0						969					
	493 5 4						56					
	569 7 6						1,651					
	420 0 0	do		The legitimate duties of their offices as the Chief Ministerial Officers of the Taluk Courts.			479					
	230 0 0	do					180					
	366 12 6	do					145					
	356 1 4						804					
	1,148 4 11	40,881 2 9	7,184 10 4	General supervision of Revenue, Muzrayi, Registration, Municipalities, &c., within their respective Talukas, also of Police, in many talukas.			1,674	2,190				
	1,076 8 0	46,665 8 1	12,403 15 10				4,112	3,282				
	1,038 2 11	39,228 12 11	7,650 8 4				1,813	2,560				
	1,136 7 6	1,26,775 7 9	27,239 2 6				7,599	8,632				
	595 12 0	8,262 5 10	8,230 7 2					1,041				
100 9 0		4,786 11 6	266 0 0	All the duties entrusted to him by the Town Magistrate. Sub-Registrar for Cantonment of Bangalore, and Executive Officer of the Municipal Board.			667					

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges. Europeans. Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	Natives.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Town and Cantonment Magistrates—Exercising full powers of Magistrates in Criminal cases only.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 1st class. Town and Cantonment Magistrate of Bangalore hears appeals from the decisions of Sar-Amin of the Bangalore Cantonment and the Magistrate of Bangalore Pete in Criminal case.	A competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties in general.				
Ashtagram paid ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	1	...	...
Nundydroog do ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	1	...	...
Nagar do ...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...
Total.....	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
Judicial Assistants—Exercising Civil powers only.						Dispose of Original Civil suits from 50 to 3000, Rs. in value and have small cause powers up to Rs. 100. In the Nundydroog Division the jurisdiction ranges from 300 to Rs. 5,000 with appellate powers in such cases as are referred to them by the Deputy Commissioners. The Judicial Assistants of Kolar and Túmkúr have small cause powers up to Rs. 300 in addition.					
Ashtagram paid ...	3	2,427	537,201	3	1		do	...	...	1	2
Nundydroog do ...	3	2,737	693,182	3	1		do	...	...	...	3
Nagar do ...	3	3,950	454,753	3	1		do	...	...	...	3
Total.....	9	3,033	630,926	9	...	...	...	...	...	1	8
Small Cause Court confined to proper functions ...					The Court is constituted under Act XI of 1865 consists						
Nundydroog paid ..	1	14	120,000	1	of 1 Judge and 1 Registrar. There is no Jury nor are there any Assessors but occasionally cases are referred to arbitration.	Small cause jurisdiction up to Rs. 1,000. The Registrar up to 20 Rs.	do	...	1	...	...
Jahagirdar of Yelandur—Exercising powers of a Magistrate, in Criminal cases, also Revenue powers.											
Ashtagram unpaid ...	1	...	...	1	1	Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 1st class.	The present Jahagirdar is a Graduate at Law of the Madras University	...	...	...	1
Assistant Commissioners—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases, also Revenue powers.											
Ashtagram ...	1	1,820	...	1	1	Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 1st and 2nd classes.	A competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties in general.	...	...	...	1
Nundydroog ...	4	2,053	...	4	1			...	..	..	4
Nagar ...	3	2,370	..	3	1			...	...	...	2
Total ...	8	3,418	.	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	7

—1. (*Continued*).

Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge.		Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year.					
							Original.			Appeal.		
European.	Native.						Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.	Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
				The Town Magistrate superintends the Mysore Town Police, and								
8,400 0 0	...	12,527 2 11	157 11 0	is the President	...	...	301	...	...	...	...	...
11,741 0 0	...	16,220 0 7	151 13 0	of the Municipal	...	...	545	...	...	...	...	...
... ...	...	...	...	Board.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10,079 8 0	...	28,747 3 6	309 8 0	...	...	...	846	...	...	...	...	...
6,000 0 0	4,200 0 0	27,974 11 10	39,891 10 5	None.	...	..	...	2,149	...	...	...	...
... ...	6,000 0 0	29,242 1 1	32,174 10 2	do	...	...	...	1,560	...	...	32	...
... ...	4,753 3 0	26,327 4 6	39,025 14 3	do	...	...	...	1,777	...	...	...	...
6,000 0 0	5,082 7 1	83,544 1 5	1,11,092 2 10	...	...	...	...	5,486	...	...	32	...
11,749 7 5	...	23,369 2 10	29,638 10 0	The Judge occasionally officiates as Justice of the Peace.	282	...	...	5,954	...	...	...	...
				The present Jahagirdar is an Assistant Commissioner in the Mysore Commission.								
... ...	... ...	1,441 7 11	57 2 0		...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...
				Generally assisting the Deputy Commissioner in all branches of duties excepting								
... ..	3,600 0 0	2,328 3 10	42 4 0	Civil.	..	..	85	...	...	...	...	...
... ...	2,265 8 0	19,519 4 8	239 6 0		...	...	218	...	...	...	...	...
... ...	2,475 0 0	15,215 15 7	70 12 0		...	...	329	...	...	...	...	...
... ...	2,576 9 1	97,063 8 1	352 6 0									

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges. Europeans. Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	Natives.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Assistant Commissioners—Exercising full powers of Magistrate in Criminal cases, also Revenue powers.						Exercise full powers of a Magistrate; dispose of appeals from the decisions of Peshkars, Sheristadars and Amildars in Criminal cases,	A competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties in general.				
Ashtagram ...	2	1,820	...	2	1			...	...	...	2
Nundydroog ..	3	2,737	...	3	1			...	..	1	2
Nagar ...	2	2,370	...	2	1			...	2	...	...
Total.....	7	3,038	...	7	...	...	...	...	2	1	4
Deputy Commissioners—Exercising powers of Magistrate of District in Criminal cases, also Civil and Revenue powers and enhanced powers in Criminal cases under Section 36 of Act X of 1872 ..						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the District. Most of them have enhanced powers under Section 36 of Act X of 1872. Dispose of original Civil suits from 3,000 to 10,000 Rs. in value. Hear appeals from the decisions of Amildars and Munsiffs in Civil cases and from the decisions of the Magistrates of the 1st and 2nd classes in Criminal cases.					
Ashtagram ...	2	3,641	805,802	2	1		do	...	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	3	2,737	603,182	3	1		do	..	2	...	1
Nagar ..	3	3,956	454,755	3	1		do	...	2	...	1
Total	8	3,418	631,926	8	...	...	...	...	6	...	2
Commissioners—Exercising powers of a Civil and Sessions Judge and also Revenue powers.						Exercise powers of a Session Judge. Dispose of Original Civil suits from 10,000 Rs. and upwards in value. Hear appeals from the decisions of the Judicial Assistants in Civil cases, and from the decisions of full power Magistrates.					
Ashtagram ..	1	7,202	16,11,604	1	1		do ...	1	..	..	..
Nundydroog ..	1	8,212	20,79,547	1	1		do ..	1	..	..	..
Nagar ..	1	11,852	13,64,261	1	1		do ...	1	..	..	..
Total ..	3	9,115	16,35,137	3	..	...	...	3	..	..	..

—1. (*Continued*).

Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge.		Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year.					
							Original.			Appeal.		
European.	Native.						Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.	Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
.....	4,800 0 0	21,946 0 6	161 13 0	Generally assisting the Deputy Commissioner in all branches of duties excepting Civil.	...	...	385	...	...	33	...	..
3,996 0 0	2,825 0 0	14,639 7 10	...		...	...	320	...	...	51	...	...
3,300 0 0	.....	15,654 13 9	70 12 0		...	...	90	...	..	17	...	...
3,518 10 8	3,812 8 0	51,240 6 1	232 9 0	...	...	...	795	...	...	101	.....	
8,287 1 5	.....	24,068 7 10	5,092 0 0	General supervision of Revenue, Muzrayi, Registration, Municipal, Public Works Department, &c., within their respective Districts, also of Police.	..	..	114	22	...	65	66	...
4,741 0 0	7,000 0 0	32,105 2 3	4,469 6 0		...	.	136	25	...	98	161	..
6,000 0 0	6,000 0 0	32,164 10 11	2,431 0 0		...	...	150	8	...	74	41	...
6,342 11 1	6,500 0 0	88,338 5 0	11,992 6 0	...	...	...	401	55	...	237	268	...
14,625 .. 11	.....	22,973 2 3	9,742 11 0	do	...	...	26	5	...	45	183	..
15,000 6 0	.....	24,156 0 0	4,026 6 0	do	...	...	84	...	...	28	136	...
11,877 5 10	.....	20,594 7 6	2,700 7 0	do	..	...	73	2	...	40	54	...
31,768 12 7	.....	67,723 9 9	16,469 8 0	..	..	...	183	7	...	113	363	...

Class of Tribunals distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunal stating number of Judges in each and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges.			
								Europeans.			Native.
								Covenanted.	Commissioned Military.	Uncovenanted.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Judicial Commissioner	1	27,346	50,55,412	1	1	Exercises powers as a Court of revision and reference. Hears appeals from the decisions of Session Judges in Criminal cases, and appeals and special appeals from the decisions of the Deputy Superintendents and Superintendents in Civil cases. Exercises original jurisdiction in granting probates and letters of administration.	A competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties in general.	1	.....	.....	...
Total.....	125	27,346	50,55,412	125	...	...	...	1	...	14	3

ABSTRACT.

COURTS.

Peshkars and Sherista'ars ...	...
Amildars ...	...
Sar-Amins ...	...
Town and Cantonment Magistrates	...
Judicial Assistant Superintendents	...
Small Cause Court, Bangalore	.
Assistant Superintendents ...	...
Do do invested with full powers	...
Deputy Superintendents ...	. .
Superintendents	...
Judicial Commissioner ...	...
Total.....	

—1. (*Continued*).

Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge.						Total Cost of Tribunals.			Net Receipts from Stamps.			Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year.					
															Original.			Appeal.		
European.			Native.												Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.	Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.
13			14			15			16			17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
38,000	0	0	...	...	...	78,778	13	1	4,638	11	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	138	129	...
9,344	15	1	1,289	0	1	6,00,171	2	9	2,10,538	8	6	...	...	...	13,584	21,175	...	589	792	...

Original.		Appeal.	
Criminal.	Civil.	Criminal.	Civil.
..	...	...	...
76	49	...	...
1	...	...	...
2	...	1	...
...	9	...	3
...	1	...	...
8	...	...	...
7	...	7	...
8	8	8	8
3	3	3	3
...	...	1	1
105	70	20	15

II. B.—2. *Statement of Offences reported, and of Persons tried, convicted and acquitted for each Offence in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1873.

Description of Offences.		Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
CLASS I.								
Offences against the State, the Public and Justice.								
Against the State.								
Relating to Coin, Stamps, Weights and Measures.								
Counterfeiting coin... ...231 to 238	Ashtagram ...	2	7	1	6	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	1	2	1	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	3	9	2	7	...	...	
Diminishing or altering coin ...246 to 249	Ashtagram ...	1	2	1	1	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	2	3	1	2	...	...	
Passing or possessing bad or altered coin ... ... 239 to 243 & 250 to 254	Ashtagram ...	3	3	3	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	5	5	3	2	...	...	
	Nagar ...	8	10	6	4	...	...	
	Total...	16	18	12	6	...	...	
Counterfeiting stamps or selling same ... ...255 to 259	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Using as genuine counterfeit stamps, or effacing or altering same ... ...260 to 263	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Making, using or possessing false weights or measures ...264 to 267	Ashtagram ...	2	2	...	2	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	7	13	7	6	...	...	
	Nagar ...	3	4	2	2	...	...	
	Total...	12	19	9	10	...	...	
Against Public Justice.								
Personating public servant or soldier ... ...140—170—171	Ashtagram ...	1	3	3	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	4	4	1	3	...	...	
	Nagar ...	4	6	3	3	...	...	
	Total...	9	13	7	6	...	...	

II. B. —2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.		Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Concealing design to commit offence ... ...118 to 120	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
Omitting to give information of offence or giving false information ... 176-177-181 ...182-202-203	Ashtagram ...	18	31	9	22	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	18	24	2	22	...	...	
	Nagar ...	17	19	5	14	...	...	
	Total...	53	74	16	58	...	...	
Causing disappearance of evidence ... ...201 to 204	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	4	14	6	4	...	4	
	Total...	6	16	6	6	...	4	
Resisting, obstructing, or omitting to assist public servant...189, 190 183 to 187	Ashtagram ...	6	10	10	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	6	8	2	6	...	...	
	Nagar ...	8	13	1	12	...	...	
	Total...	20	31	13	18	...	...	
Disobedience of lawful order causing injury 188	Ashtagram ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog ...	8	21	...	21	...	...	
	Nagar ...	1	4	...	4	...	...	
	Total...	10	26	1	25	...	...	
Intentional insult or interruption in judicial proceeding ... 228	Ashtagram ...	7	7	...	7	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	3	3	...	3	...	...	
	Nagar ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Total...	11	11	1	10	...	...	
Harbouring an offender ... 212—216	Ashtagram ...	1	3	...	3	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	2	3	1	2	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	3	6	1	5	...	...	
Taking gift to screen offender ...213 to 215	Ashtagram ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	4	11	7	4	...	...	
	Total...	5	12	7	5	...	...	
Resistance to lawful apprehension and rescue ... ...224 to 225	Ashtagram ...	7	11	4	7	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	6	6	...	6	...	...	
	Total...	13	17	4	13	...	...	
Escape from lawful custody or transportation ... ...224 to 226	Ashtagram ...	3	4	...	4	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	3	3	...	3	...	...	
	Nagar ...	2	3	...	3	...	...	
	Total...	8	10	...	10	...	...	

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Absconding from, avoiding or disobeying summons, or notice, or order to attend, or produce, or refusing to answer or sign	172—175 & 178 to 180	Ashtagram ...	54	104	9	95	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	46	80	15	67	...	...	
		Nagar ...	27	51	8	43	...	...	
		Total...	127	235	30	205	...	...	
Failure to attend as juror or assessor	C. P. 414	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
By Public Servants.									
Taking valuable thing by or to influence public servant ..	161—165	Ashtagram ...	15	25	16	9	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	5	6	4	2	...	...	
		Nagar ...	17	21	8	13	...	...	
		Total...	37	52	28	24	...	...	
Public servant acting illegally to injure any person ...	166—167	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	9	9	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	3	1	2	...	...	
		Total...	5	12	10	2	...	...	
Public servant unlawfully trading	168—169	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Public servant fraudulently defeating punishment or forfeiture	217—218	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	3	2	...	...	1	
		Total ..	1	3	2	...	...	1	
Public servant wilfully making order, or decision contrary to law	219—220	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Public servant intentionally omitting to apprehend, or permitting to escape ..	221—222	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Total...	2	2	1	1	...	...	
Public servant negligently suffering escape	129—223	Ashtagram ...	7	13	4	9	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	12	...	12	...	...	
		Nagar ...	4	8	3	4	1	...	
		Total...	14	33	7	25	1	...	
Breach of Police Act by Police Officers ...		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
False Evidence, False Complaints or Claims and Forgery.									
Giving false evidence	...193 to 196	Ashtagram ...	18	33	11	19	...	3	
		Nundydroog...	13	28	15	13	...	...	
		Nagar ...	11	14	13	1	...	...	
		Total...	42	75	39	32	...	3	
Fabricating false evidence	...193 to 196	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	3	2	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	3	2	1	...	..	
		Total...	4	6	4	2	...	...	
Making, issuing, or using false statement or certificate	...197 to 200	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
False personation in judicial proceeding ...	...205 to 229	Ashtagram ...	3	12	3	9	...	...	
		Nundydroog.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	2	...	2	...	...	
		Total...	4	14	3	11	...	...	
Fraudulent claim to, or concealment of, property or suffering of decree ...	206 to 208 ... 421 to 424	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
False claim in Court of Justice...	202—210	Ashtagram ..	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total..	2	1	1	...	...	...	
„ Charge of offence ...	211	Ashtagram ...	43	45	11	34	..	...	
		Nundydroog...	24	35	4	31	...	...	
		Nagar ...	12	14	5	8	...	1	
		Total..	79	94	20	73	...	1	
Frivolous or vexatious complaints ...	...209 C. P.	Ashtagram ...	126	287	287	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	545	1,423	1,423	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	26	82	82	...	...	...	
		Total...	697	1,792	1,792	...	...	...	
Forgery or fraudulently using or possessing forged document.	465—466 467—468 469—471 473—477	Ashtagram ...	7	22	18	4	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	12	21	16	5	...	...	
		Nagar ...	7	14	13	1	...	...	
		Total...	26	57	47	10	...	...	
Making or using false trade marks ..	...482 to 489	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	...	1	...	...	

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Public Nuisances.									
Public nuisances under Penal Code ...	269 to 294	Ashtagram ...	11	57	41	16	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	87	201	30	171	...	...	
		Nagar ...	25	50	10	40	...	...	
		Total...	123	308	81	227	...	...	
Nuisances under Police or Municipal and Local Acts ...		Ashtagram ...	3	32	4	28	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	703	924	12	912	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	706	956	16	940	...	...	
Relating to the Public Peace.									
Rioting or unlawful assembly...	143 to 153 157—158	Ashtagram ...	18	214	49	165	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	22	175	74	101	...	...	
		Nagar ...	11	79	22	57	...	...	
		Total...	51	468	145	323	...	...	
Omitting to inform of or prevent riot	154 to 156	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Affray	160	Ashtagram ...	58	254	28	226	...	...	
		Nundydroog ...	67	289	87	202	...	...	
		Nagar ...	43	148	17	131	...	...	
		Total...	168	691	132	559	...	...	
Offences relating to religion ...	295 to 298	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	13	3	10	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	2	2	...	...	...	
		Total...	5	16	5	11	...	...	
Grand Total.....		Ashtagram ...	419	1,186	514	669	...	3	
		Nundydroog...	1,597	3,309	1,709	1,600	...	...	
		Nagar ...	249	586	220	359	1	6	
		Total...	2,265	5,081	2,443	2,628	1	9	

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.				Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
CLASS II.										
Offences against the person.										
Murder, 302—303.	By thuggs		Ashtagram ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
			Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	By dacoits		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Total...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
	By robbers		Ashtagram ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
			Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
			Total...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
	By poison...	For sake of robbery...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Nundydroog...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
			Nagar ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
			Total...	1	...	..	...	...	...	
		From other motives...	Ashtagram ...	1	2	2	...	..	...	
			Nundydroog...	2	11	5	3	...	3	
			Nagar ...	5	14	5	1	...	8	
			Total...	8	27	12	4	...	11	
	Other murders ...	From motives connected with women ...	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	..	...	1	
			Nundydroog...	2	19	16	3	...	...	
			Nagar ...	5	2	1	...	1	...	
			Total...	8	22	17	3	1	1	
		From other motives...	Ashtagram ...	16	37	26	11	...	...	
			Nundydroog...	11	37	9	25	...	3	
			Nagar ...	10	32	15	12	1	6	
			Total...	37	106	48	48	1	9	
Attempt to murder ... 307			Ashtagram ...	5	10	4	1	...	5	
			Nundydroog...	12	9	2	6	...	1	
			Nagar ...	4	8	7	...	...	1	
			Total...	21	27	13	7	...	7	
Culpable homicide... ... 304—308			Ashtagram ...	12	20	8	9	...	3	
			Nundydroog...	12	23	7	12	...	4	
			Nagar ...	13	24	15	9	...	...	
			Total...	37	67	30	30	...	7	

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Abetment of suicide	305—306	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	..	
		Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Attempt to commit suicide	309	Ashtagram	7	7	4	3	...	...	
		Nundydroog	17	18	4	14	...	...	
		Nagar	7	8	3	5	...	...	
		Total	31	33	11	22	...	...	
Causing miscarriage	312—316	Ashtagram	1	3	3	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	6	9	3	4	1	1	
		Nagar	12	22	1	20	1	...	
		Total	19	34	7	24	2	1	
Exposure of infant or concealment of birth	317—318	Ashtagram	3	8	3	5	...	...	
		Nundydroog	8	14	1	13	...	...	
		Nagar	16	18	1	17	...	...	
		Total	27	40	5	35	...	...	
Grievous hurt	325—326	Ashtagram	12	49	28	21	...	...	
		Nundydroog	18	39	23	16	...	...	
		Nagar	7	13	5	6	...	2	
		Total	37	101	56	43	...	2	
„ on grave and sudden provocation	335	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Hurt	323—334	Ashtagram	759	1,951	793	1,157	...	1	
		Nundydroog	222	493	204	289	...	...	
		Nagar	449	947	397	550	...	...	
		Total	1,430	3,391	1,394	1,996	...	1	
Hurt by dangerous weapons	324	Ashtagram	15	49	25	24	...	...	
		Nundydroog	23	83	47	36	...	...	
		Nagar	19	37	5	32	...	...	
		Total	57	169	77	92	...	...	
Administering stupefying drugs	328	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	3	8	1	7	...	...	
		Nagar	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Total	4	9	2	7	...	...	
Causing hurt to extort property or confession	327,329 to 333	Ashtagram	2	2	...	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	2	2	...	2	...	...	

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Act dangerous to life or safety	336—337	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	3	1	2	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	4	3	1	2	...	...	
Wrongful restraint ...	341	Ashtagram ...	127	202	108	94	...	...	
		Nundydroog ..	162	276	138	138	...	...	
		Nagar ...	30	47	23	24	...	...	
		Total ..	319	525	269	256	..	...	
„ Confinement	...342 to 346	Ashtagram ...	7	17	14	3	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	7	22	11	11	...	...	
		Nagar ...	10	9	2	7	...	...	
		Total...	24	48	27	21	...	...	
„ „ to extort property or confession	347—348	Ashtagram ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	2	2	2	..	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	3	3	...	...	...	
		Total...	4	6	6	...	...	...	
Assault or use of criminal force	352—355 358	Ashtagram ...	642	1,440	652	788	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1,372	2,991	1,359	1,624	1	7	
		Nagar ...	298	498	158	335	...	5	
		Total...	2,312	4,929	2,169	2,747	1	12	
Assaulting a woman with intent to outrage her modesty ...	354	Ashtagram ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
Criminal intimidation or insult...	504 to 509	Ashtagram ...	266	505	178	327	...	...	
		Nundydroog..	1,162	2,044	887	1,150	...	7	
		Nagar ..	455	688	251	436	..	1	
		Total...	1,883	3,237	1,316	1,913	...	8	
Causing annoyance in state of intoxication	510	Ashtagram ...	4	7	...	7	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	22	30	3	27	...	...	
		Nagar ...	4	12	...	12	...	...	
		Total...	30	49	3	46	...	...	
Unlawful compulsion of labour ..	374	Ashtagram ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	..	...	...	..	
		Nagar ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Buying or disposing of any person as a slave	370—371	Ashtagram ...	..	...	..	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Assault or use of criminal force to deter a public servant or attempt to commit theft of property worn or carried by a person	353—356	Ashtagram ...	8	12	3	9	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	. .	...	...	
		Total...	8	12	3	9	...	...	
Kidnapping or abduction ...	363 to 365 367 to 369	Ashtagram ...	7	16	12	4	...	...	
		Nundyoroog...	4	5	3	2	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	6	6	...	...	...	
		Total...	11	27	21	6	...	...	
Abducting a woman to compel marriage or for defilement ...	366	Ashtagram ...	2	7	5	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	13	13	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	5	16	16	...	...	..	
		Total...	10	36	34	2	...	...	
Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for purposes of prostitution ...	372—373	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Enticing a married woman with criminal intent	498	Ashtagram ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	11	14	6	5	...	3	
		Nagar ...	4	6	3	3	...	...	
		Total...	16	20	9	8	...	3	
Fraudulent and unlawful marriages ...	493 to 496	Ashtagram ...	2	12	1	11	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	2	12	1	11	...	...	
Adultery	497	Ashtagram ...	2	2	1	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	12	14	10	4	...	...	
		Nagar ...	. .	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	14	16	11	5	...	...	
Rape	376	Ashtagram ...	3	4	3	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	2	4	4	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	7	6	5	1	...	...	
		Total...	12	14	12	2	...	..	
Unnatural offences ...	377	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	. .	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Defamation ...	...500 to 502	Ashtagram ...	15	30	24	6	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	19	27	18	9	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	3	2	1	...	...	
		Total...	35	60	44	16	...	...	
	Grand Total.....	Ashtagram ...	1,922	4,395	1,899	2,486	...	10	
		Nundydroog...	3,117	6,208	2,777	3,400	2	29	
		Nagar ...	1,366	2,421	925	1,472	3	23	
		Total...	6,405	13,024	5,599	7,358	5	62	
CLASS III.									
Offences against Property.									
With violence.									
Dacoity ...	... 395—397 398	Ashtagram ..	8	81	62	9	...	10	
		Nundydroog...	10	40	15	17	...	8	
		Nagar ...	16	109	41	68	...	..	
		Total...	34	230	118	94	...	18	
Preparation or assembly for dacoity ...	... 399—402	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Robbery with hurt or deadly weapon. By poison or stupefying drugs	... 394—397	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	4	17	9	8	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	3	3	...	...	...	
By other means	... 398								
		Total...	5	20	12	8	...	...	
Robbery. In a dwelling house, on the high-way, elsewhere	... 392—393	Ashtagram ...	16	41	33	8	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	31	65	34	30	...	1	
		Nagar ...	39	45	14	30	1	...	
		Total...	86	151	81	68	1	1	
Extortion ...	...384 to 489	Ashtagram ...	5	7	6	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	4	14	12	2	...	...	
		Nagar ...	10	20	15	5	...	...	
		Total...	19	41	33	8	...	...	
House-breaking or house trespass in order to commit theft	451—454 457	Ashtagram ...	56	105	64	41	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	98	114	40	74	...	...	
		Nagar ...	210	163	88	75	...	...	
		Total...	364	382	192	190	...	...	
House-breaking or house trespass in order to commit an offence other than theft ...	449—450 451—454 457	Ashtagram ...	25	33	17	16	.	...	
		Nundydroog...	65	140	44	96	...	...	
		Nagar ...	40	54	26	28	...	...	
		Total...	130	227	87	140	...	...	

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
House-breaking or house trespass with preparation for, or attempt at, hurt...	452—455 458—460	Ashtagram ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	2	3	1	2	..	...	
		Nagar ...	2	9	4	5	...	...	
		Total...	5	13	6	7	...	...	
House-breaking or lurking house trespass ...	452—455 458	Ashtagram ...	1	1	..	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	5	5	...	5	...	...	
		Nagar ..	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total..	7	6	...	6	...	...	
Without violence.									
Theft. Of cattle...	379—380—381	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Theft. Of ordinary.	379—380—381	Ashtagram ...	442	781	416	364	1	...	
		Nundydroog..	958	1,500	407	1,088	...	5	
		Nagar ..	660	959	345	609	...	5	
		Total...	2,060	3,240	1,168	2,061	1	10	
Dishonestly receiving stolen property ...	...411 to 414	Ashtagram ...	10	24	12	12	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	30	52	21	31	...	...	
		Nagar ...	14	39	19	20	...	...	
		Total...	54	115	52	63	...	...	
Dishonest misappropriation of property ...	... 403—404	Ashtagram ...	49	88	59	29	...	...	
		Nundydroog..	81	133	59	74	...	...	
		Nagar ...	42	66	19	47	...	...	
		Total...	172	287	137	150	...	...	
Criminal breach of trust	...406 to 409	Ashtagram ..	18	22	17	5	...	...	
		Nundydroog..	34	38	16	20	...	2	
		Nagar ...	21	23	13	10	...	...	
		Total...	73	83	46	35	..	2	
Cheating ...	...417 to 420	Ashtagram ...	11	16	12	4	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	20	27	13	12	...	2	
		Nagar ...	7	14	12	2	...	...	
		Total...	38	57	37	18	...	2	
Malicious Offences.									
Mischief, ordinary...	... 426—427 430 to 435	Ashtagram ...	249	492	251	239	...	2	
		Nundydroog...	330	609	286	323	...	...	
		Nagar ...	68	115	40	75	...	...	
		Total...	647	1,216	577	637	...	2	
Mischief by poisoning or killing cattle ...	...420—429	Ashtagram ...	6	11	9	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog ..	12	19	8	11	...	...	
		Nagar ...	7	12	7	5	...	...	
		Total...	25	42	24	18	...	...	

II, B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Mischief by destroying land marks	434	Ashtagram	6	13	11	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog	4	14	13	1	..	...	
		Nagar	3	6	2	4	...	...	
		Total	13	33	26	7	...	...	
Serious mischief by fire	435—436 438	Ashtagram	1	3	3	...	..	...	
		Nundydroog	5	9	5	4	..	...	
		Nagar	22	15	11	4	...	...	
		Total	28	27	19	8	...	...	
Criminal trespass or house-trespass	447	Ashtagram	128	292	171	120	...	1	
		Nundydroog	213	426	220	206	...	...	
		Nagar	80	127	78	49	...	...	
		Total	421	845	469	375	...	1	
Breaking closed receptacle	461—462	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	1	2	2	...	...	...	
		Nagar	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	2	2	2	...	...	...	
Grand Total		Ashtagram	1,034	2,018	1,151	853	1	13	
		Nundydroog	1,908	3,228	1,205	2,005	..	18	
		Nagar	1,244	1,779	737	1,036	1	5	
		Total	4,186	7,025	3,093	3,894	2	36	
CLASS IV.									
Not included in the above Classes.									
Arrest of vagabonds	C. P. 94	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	2	2	...	2	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	2	2	...	2	...	...	
Vagrancy without ostensible means of livelihood	C. P. 504	Ashtagram	...	..	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Bad habit and repute	C. P. 505	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	..	...	
		Nundydroog	...	...	..	...	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Concerning lunatics	C. P. 426 to 434	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	8	9	...	9	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	8	9	...	9	...	...	
Belonging to a gang of Thugs / Dacoits / Thieves	C. P. 400—411	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	..	...	
		Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	..	

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Personal recognizance or security to keep the peace ...	C. P. 489—490	Ashtagram ..	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	22	134	6	128	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	23	135	6	129	...	...	
Criminal breaches of contracts of service	C. P. 490—492	Ashtagram ...	3	13	...	13	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	..	...	..	...	...	...	
		Total..	3	13	...	13	...	...	
Protection to helpless persons and provoke a breach of the peace.	491—504 506	Ashtagram ...	34	80	19	61	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	22	52	1	51	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
		Total...	56	132	20	112	...	...	
Causing annoyance in state of intoxication	510	Ashtagram ...	5	7	...	7	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	5	7	...	7	...	...	
Breaches of Special Laws for the Protection of Revenue or on other subjects.									
Breaches of Laws relating—									
To excise on spirits and drugs ...		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	4	7	...	7	...	...	
		Total ..	4	7	...	7	...	...	
„ Opium		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog ..	6	11	1	10	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	6	11	1	10	...	...	
„ Stamps, Act X of 1862 and XVIII of 1869..		Ashtagram ...	17	22	3	19	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	10	16	2	14	...	...	
		Nagar ...	7	7	3	4	...	...	
		Total...	34	45	8	37	...	...	
„ Post Office...		Ashtagram ...	2	2	...	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog ..	7	8	1	7	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	9	10	1	9	...	...	
„ Municipalities, Act XXII of 1865...		Ashtagram ...	144	237	...	237	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	174	267	4	263	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	3	1	2	...	...	
		Total...	320	507	5	502	...	...	

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.		Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
To Forest Act VII of 1865 ...	Ashtagram ...	15	29	12	17	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	202	459	60	399	...	...	
	Nagar ...	140	374	90	284	...	...	
	Total...	357	862	162	700	...	...	
„ Railway, Act XVIII of 1854 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	37	53	...	53	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	37	53	...	53	...	...	
„ Soldiers' necessaries, Act VII of 1867	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nandydroog...	2	3	...	3	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	2	3	...	3	...	...	
„ Gaming and lotteries, Act III of 1867	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	5	23	...	23	...	...	
	Nagar ...	1	3	...	3	...	...	
	Total...	6	26	...	26	...	...	
„ Cattle trespass Act I of 1871 ...	Ashtagram ...	76	242	97	145	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	135	246	71	175	...	...	
	Nagar ...	61	149	57	92	...	...	
	Total...	272	637	225	412	...	...	
„ Possession of Arms, Acts XXXI of 1860 and VI of 1861 ...	Ashtagram ...	1	6	5	1	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	1	6	5	1	...	...	
„ License, Act XXI of 1856 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	16	20	7	13	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	16	20	7	13	...	...	
„ Breaches of Contract, Act XIII of 1859	Ashtagram ...	57	131	91	40	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	29	33	10	23	...	...	
	Nagar ...	14	12	1	11	...	...	
	Total...	100	176	102	74	...	...	
„ Vagrancy, Act XXI of 1859 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	11	19	1	18	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	11	19	1	18	...	...	
„ Breaches of Rules under Act II of 1872	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	1	1	1	...	...	...	

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.		Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
To Security for good behaviour ...	Ashtagram ...	2	2	...	2	...	..	
	Nundydroog...	..	...	...	...	...	..	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	2	2	...	2	...	...	
„ Police Rules	Ashtagram ...	6	7	1	6	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	4	7	1	6	..	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	10	14	2	12	...	...	
„ Registration...	Ashtagram ...	2	2	1	1	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	2	2	1	1	...	...	
„ Octroi Rules	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	8	12	1	11	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
	Total...	8	12	1	11	...	...	
„ Rules relating to prostitutes ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	4	4	...	4	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	4	4	...	4	...	...	
„ Criminal Procedure Code, Section 445	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	4	8	1	7	...	...	
	Total...	4	8	1	7	...	...	
„ Police Rules, Section 25... ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	1	1	..	1	...	...	
	Total...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Grand Total.....	Ashtagram ...	365	781	229	552	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	708	1,382	168	1,214	...	...	
	Nagar ...	235	565	153	412	...	...	
	Total...	1,308	2,728	550	2,178	...	...	
General Total.....	Ashtagram ...	3,740	8,380	3,793	4,560	1	26	
	Nundydroog...	7,330	14,127	5,859	8,219	2	47	
	Nagar ...	2,094	5,351	2,033	3,279	5	34	
	Total...	14,164	27,858	11,685	16,058	8	107	

II. B.—3. *Statement showing the General Result of Criminal Trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1873.

Class of Tribunal.		Number of Persons dealt with.							Persons disposed of.					Remaining at end of year.	Average Number of Days during which each Case lasted.	Number of Witnesses who attended.	Remarks.
		Remaining at end of last year.	Brought to Trial during present year.				Received by Transfer.	Total.	Discharged without Trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred				
			Under Arrest by Police.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.											
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Peshkars ...	... Ashtagram ...	4	77	601	542	58	...	1,282	158	296	824	2	...	2	5	2,347	
	Nundydroog...	...	369	118	1,497	20	4	2,008	77	819	1,097	8	...	7	3	2,642	
	Nagar ...	...	17	55	45	6	...	123	24	30	69	...	...	...	5	254	
	Total.....	4	463	774	2,084	84	4	3,413	259	1,145	1,990	10	...	9	3	5,243	
Sheristadars ...	... Ashtagram ...	14	71	316	802	43	...	1,246	202	335	704	3	...	2	6	2,403	
	Nundydroog...	...	47	111	186	3	...	347	3	153	191	. .	...	...	3·50	605	
	Nagar ...	1	40	85	147	2	...	275	71	46	158	...	...	...	4	439	
	Total.....	15	158	512	1,135	48	...	1,868	276	534	1,053	3	...	2	4	3,447	
Amildars ...	... Ashtagram ...	5	416	758	2,674	135	1	3,989	557	1,286	2,094	52	...	...	5	7,167	
	Nundydroog...	13	1,331	1,313	5,602	319	15	8,593	414	3,506	4,516	143	1	13	3	13,717	
	Nagar ...	18	997	830	1,806	110	...	3,761	593	716	2,306	126	...	20	5	6,797	
	Total.....	36	2,744	2,901	10,082	564	16	16,343	1,564	5,508	8,916	321	1	33	4·2	27,681	

II. B.—3. (*Continued*).

Class of Tribunal.		Number of Persons dealt with.							Persons disposed of.					Remaining at end of year.	Average Number of Days during which each Case lasted.	Number of Witnesses who attended.	Remarks.
		Remaining at end of last year.	Brought to Trial during present year,				Received by Transfer.	Total.	Discharged without Trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.				
			Under Arrest by Police.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.											
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
~~Sar Amins~~	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	734	3	227	...	1	965	24	150	780	11	...	...	1·50	443	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	...	734	3	227	...	1	965	24	150	780	11	...	...	1·50	443	
2nd Class Assistant Commissioners.	Ashtagram . .	3	143	37	34	2	5	224	65	59	91	9	...	...	7·22	594	
	Nundydroog..	4	312	40	123	8	13	500	113	89	212	81	...	5	5	1,151	
	Nagar ..	20	376	120	165	5	20	706	227	71	343	63	...	2	8	1,724	
	Total.....	27	831	197	322	15	38	1,430	405	219	646	153	...	7	7·8	3,469	
1st do do ...	Ashtagram ...	8	455	108	196	31	29	827	384	83	335	57	1	3	5·5	1,841	
	Nundydroog...	...	427	111	146	9	32	725	187	126	392	17	...	3	4	1,472	
	Nagar ...	6	190	5	7	5	4	217	67	31	111	7	...	1	10·50	465	
	Total.....	14	1,072	224	349	45	65	1,769	602	240	838	81	1	7	5·8	3,778	
Town and Cantonment Magistrates	Ashtagram ...	3	323	55	211	1	3	596	70	165	349	9	...	3	3·30	806	
	Nundydroog...	1	577	107	158	...	6	849	47	51	740	10	...	1	1	1,176	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	4	900	162	369	1	9	1,445	117	216	1,089	19	...	4	2·2	1,982	
Yelandur Jahagir	Ashtagram ...	...	36	...	...	...	...	36	...	7	29	...	...	...	6·42	61	

Deputy Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	...	131	30	25	5	34	225	62	61	82	20	..	...	11	607
	Nundydroog...	1	99	12	12	10	38	172	26	24	112	8	...	2	6	457
	Nagar ...	17	151	37	30	1	28	264	69	28	148	17	1	1	8	663
	Total.....	18	381	79	67	16	100	661	157	113	342	45	1	3	8·2	1,727
Do (with enhanced powers)	Ashtagram ...	...	12	8	...	..	...	20	1	...	19	...	...	...	3·25	28
	Nundydroog...	...	60	10	1	8	8	87	14	13	60	...	...	...	5	289
	Nagar ...	...	12	8	..	...	5	25	6	4	15	...	...	...	12·50	73
	Total.....	...	84	26	1	8	13	132	21	17	94	...	...	...	6·5	390
Commissioners (Sessions Judges)	Ashtagram ...	7	...	...	...	...	80	87	...	38	33	...	...	16	40·8	206
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	159	159	...	23	119	...	1	16	39	815
	Nagar ...	52	...	...	...	...	141	193	2	48	129	...	4	10	68	580
	Total.....	59	...	...	...	...	380	439	2	109	281	..	5	42	51·0	1,601
	Grand Total...	177	7,403	4,878	14,636	781	626	28,501	3,427	8,258	16,058	643	8	107	4·8	49,826

II. B.—5. *Statement shewing the Result of Appeal and Revision in Criminal Cases in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1873.

Tribunal.		Number of Appellants or Persons applying for revision under Section 404, Code of Criminal Procedure.	Number of Persons.								Remarks.
			Appeals or Applications rejected.	Sentences confirmed.	Sentences modified.	Sentences reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	Further enquiry or evidence ordered.	Cases referred for revision to High Court.	Pending.	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Town and Cantonment Magistrates	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
Assistant Commissioners	Ashtagram ...	99	15	18	44	22	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	114	11	50	17	35	..	..	...	1	
	Nagar ...	37	...	14	5	18	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	250	26	82	66	75	...	...	...	1	
Deputy Commissioners .	Ashtagram ...	128	46	42	1	38	...	...	...	1	
	Nundydroog...	178	1	88	31	41	...	...	17	...	
	Nagar ...	146	...	67	45	34	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	452	47	197	77	113	...	...	17	1	
Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	62	8	30	11	14	...	...	..	5	
	Nundydroog...	52	22	3	6	10	...	...	..	11	
	Nagar ...	63	...	36	13	12	...	...	...	2	
	Total.....	183	30	69	30	36	...	...	...	18	
Judicial Commissioner ...	Ashtagram ...	34	...	27	...	6	...	...	...	1	
	Nundydroog...	95	...	46	12	14	...	...	...	3	
	Nagar ...	104	...	86	11	7	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	233	...	179	23	27	...	...	...	4	
	Grand Total.....	1,118	103	527	196	251	...	...	17	24	

II. B.—7. *Statement shewing Value of Suits disposed of in the Civil and Revenue Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1873.

Value of Suits.		Number of Suits disposed of in different Courts.						Total Value of Suits.			Remarks.
		Bangalore Court of Small Causes.	Amildars.	Munsiffs.	Judicial Assistants and Assistant Commissioners.	Deputy Commissioners.	Commissioners.				
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8			9
In Civil Courts.											
Rs.	Small Cause Court.	1,447	..	...	...	...	...	4,989	8	2	
Not exceeding 5	Ashtagram ...	...	182	...	...	...	...	667	9	11	
	Nundydroog ...	...	230	20	...	...	...	966	10	..	
	Nagar ...	...	114	...	...	...	...	438	5	2	
	Total.....	1,447	526	20	...	...	...	7,062	1	3	
„ 20	Small Cause Court	2,257	...	...	...	...	...	26,699	12	2	
	Ashtagram ...	...	784	...	...	...	...	10,148	11	4	
	Nundydroog ...	...	1,575	253	23	...	...	23,911	6	5	
	Nagar ...	...	826	...	...	...	...	10,528	15	1	
	Total.....	2,257	3,185	253	23	...	...	71,288	13	...	
„ 100	Small Cause Court.	1,684	...	...	...	...	...	79,653	11	5	
	Ashtagram ...	...	1,224	...	932	...	...	1,04,619	7	3	
	Nundydroog ...	...	2,077	588	623	4	...	1,42,273	12	9	
	Nagar ...	...	1,620	...	665	...	...	1,05,286	13	9	
	Total.....	1,684	4,921	588	2,220	4	...	4,31,833	13	2	
„ 500	Small Cause Court.	521	...	...	...	...	...	1,09,113	15	...	
	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	1,035	...	...	2,00,268	4	5	
	Nundydroog ...	...	..	180	775	6	...	1,93,523	14	7	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	953	...	...	1,95,765	2	10	
	Total	521	...	180	2,763	6	...	6,98,671	4	10	
„ 1000	Small Cause Court.	45	...	...	...	...	...	29,225	9	6	
	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	130	...	...	89,351	9	1	
	Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	87	2	...	74,012	15	7	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	96	...	...	66,526	13	8	
	Total.....	45	...	...	313	2	...	2,59,116	15	10	

II. B.—7. (*Concluded.*)

Value of Suits.		Number of Suits disposed of in different Courts.						Total Value of Suits.			Remarks.
		Bangalore Court of Small Causes.	Amildars.	Munsiffs.	Judicial Assistants and Assistant Commissioners.	Deputy Commissioners.	Commissioners.				
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8			9
Not exceeding Rs. 5,000	Small Cause Court.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	52	17	...	1,36,387	1	8	
	Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	52	11	...	97,491	8	6	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	63	5	...	1,34,699	9	10	
	Total.....	..	...	...	167	33	...	3,68,578	4	...	
„ 10,000	Small Cause Court.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	5	...	30,546	1	7	
	Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	...	2	...	13,065	2	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	3	...	24,664	...	...	
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	10	...	68,275	3	7	
„ 1,00,000	Small Cause Court.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1,04,576	6	4	
	Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	2	56,337	1	8	
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	6	1,60,913	8	...	
Exceeding 1,00,000	Small Cause Court.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2,79,640	14	7	
	Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	1	2,79,640	14	7	
Grand Total.	Small Cause Court.	5,954	...	...	...	...	...	2,49,682	8	3	
	Ashtagram ...	...	2,190	...	2,149	22	5	9,56,206	2	2	
	Nundydroog ...	...	3,882	1,041	1,560	25	...	5,45,245	5	10	
	Nagar ...	...	2,560	...	1,777	8	2	5,94,246	14	...	
	Grand Total.....	5,954	8,632	1,041	5,486	55	7	23,45,380	14	3	

II. B.—8. *Statement shewing the General Result of the Trial of Civil Suits in the Courts of Original Jurisdiction in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1873.

Class of Courts.		Suits remaining from last year.	Instituted in 1872.	Received by transfer.	Total for disposal.	Transferred to other Courts.	Plaint rejected or returned.	Dismissed for default.	Withdrawn with leave.	Compromised.	Decreed on confession.	Decreed exparte.	Dismissed exparte.	Contested. Judgment for Plaintiff in whole or part.	Contested. Judgment for Defendant.	Total disposed of.	Pending.	Over 2 months.	Over 4 months.	Average Duration of Suits. Contested.	Average Duration of Suits. Uncontested.	Referred to Arbitration.	Remarks.
Civil Courts.																							
Bangalore Court of Small Causes.		125	5,966	...	6,091	...	23	852	95	426	844	2,602	4	798	310	5,954	137	1	...	10·55	9·70	11	
Amildars ...	Ashtagram ...	11	2,194	1	2,206	1	29	336	79	70	538	450	160	404	124	2,190	15	...	...	27· 6	21·65	...	
	Nundydroog...	44	3,850	5	3,899	17	79	365	78	128	1,074	753	645	894	166	3,882	...	..	...	20·	16·	..	
	Nagar ...	10	2,574	...	2,584	...	27	244	60	166	909	414	213	415	112	2,560	24	1	1	21·25	16·99	...	
	Total.....	65	8,618	6	8,689	18	135	945	217	364	2,521	1,617	718	1,713	402	8,632	39	1	1	22·68	17·78	...	
Munsiffs ...	Nundydroog...	...	1,313	61	1,374	5	5	136	12	53	237	215	88	239	56	1,041	328	23	...	22·	·17	2	
Judicial Assistant Commissioners	Ashtagram ...	233	2,119	4	2,356	2	59	184	45	228	385	387	19	617	225	2,149	205	15	5	59·	37· 8	...	
	Nundydroog...	113	1,539	3	1,655	40	77	90	28	188	166	356	7	564	84	1,560	55	6	2	32·	24·	4	
	Nagar ...	140	1,793	...	1,933	...	33	106	18	48	461	479	159	342	131	1,777	156	21	...	42· 4	29·22	...	
	Total.....	486	5,451	7	5,944	42	169	380	91	464	1,012	1,222	185	1523	440	5,486	416	42	7	43· 1	31·22	4	
Deputy Commissioners	Ashtagram ...	1	21	2	24	...	1	3	1	...	1	1	1	10	4	22	2	...	...	63·71	52·25	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	28	...	28	1	1	...	...	1	6	11	...	5	1	25	2	...	...	23·	12·	...	
	Nagar ...	1	8	...	9	...	1	...	...	1	4	1	1	...	...	8	1	...	1	...	54·25	...	
	Total.....	2	57	2	61	1	3	3	1	2	11	13	2	15	5	55	5	...	1	51·75	31·	...	
Commissioners...	Ashtagram ...	3	4	3	10	...	..	...	...	2	..	1	...	1	1	5	5	...	2	139·	198·	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	3	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	2	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	..	1	...	2	...	..	...	92·	1·	...	
	Total.....	3	9	3	15	1	...	1	...	2	...	1	...	2	1	7	7	...	3	123·	184·74	...	
Grand Total.....		681	21,414	78	22,174	67	335	2,317	416	1,311	4,625	5,870	96	4,700	1,214	21,175	952	67	12	28·75	18·36	7	

II. B.—9. *Statement shewing the Business of the Civil and Revenue*

Class of Courts.			Remaining.	Instituted.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Transferred.
Civil Courts.							
Judicial Assistants		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	40	...	40	...
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	...	40	...	40	...
Deputy Commissioners		Ashtagram ...	...	69	...	69	...
		Nundydroog...	4	168	...	172	10
		Nagar ...	1	42	...	43	...
		Total.....	5	279	...	284	10
Commissioners...		Ashtagram ...	26	194	1	221	...
		Nundydroog...	4	132	...	136	...
		Nagar ...	2	60	...	62	...
		Total.....	32	386	1	419	...
Judicial Commissioner	Regular Appeal from Commissioners in Original Jurisdiction.	Ashtagram	...	2	...	2	...
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	1	...	1	...
		Total.....	...	3	...	3	...
	From Deputy Commissioners ...	Ashtagram	1	...	...	1	...
		Nundydroog...	1	3	...	4	...
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	2	3	...	5	...
	Special Appeals ...	Ashtagram ...	5	45	...	50	...
		Nundydroog...	8	49	...	57	...
		Nagar ..	1	19	...	20	...
		Total.....	14	113	...	127	...
Total of the Judicial Commissioner's Court.....			16	119	...	135	...
Grand Total.....			53	824	1	878	10

Appellate Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year 1873.

Dismissed for default or under 5 and 6, Act XXXIII of 1861.	Heard exparte.			Contested.				Total disposed of.	Pending.	Over four months.	Objections under Section 348, Act VIII of 1859.	Objections allowed.	REMARKS.
	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.						
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	10	11	5	5	32	8	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	10	11	5	5	32	8	...	...	...	
19	5	1	1	21	3	14	2	66	3	...	...	...	
6	13	2	6	67	26	25	16	161	1	...	...	...	
3	4	...	2	18	3	6	5	41	2	...	...	...	
28	22	3	9	106	32	45	23	268	6	...	...	...	
11	13	2	3	106	24	17	7	183	38	3	...	...	
10	...	...	...	84	13	12	7	126	10	...	...	...	
3	...	...	...	35	6	8	2	54	8	...	...	...	
24	13	2	3	225	43	37	16	363	56	3	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	
...	..	...	...	29	2	15	...	46	4	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	29	6	20	...	56	1	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	10	...	8	...	19	1	...	...	...	
2	...	...	...	68	8	43	...	121	6	...	...	...	
2	...	...	...	73	10	44	...	129	6	...	...	...	
55	35	5	12	414	96	131	44	792	76	3	...	...	

II. B.—10. *Statement shewing the Execution of the Decrees of the Civil and Revenue Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1873.

Class of Courts.		Applications to execute Decrees.				Decrees completely executed.	Decrees partially executed.	Pending at the end of 1873.	Decrees executed by possession being given.	Nature and Number of Coercive Processes issued.						Remarks.
		Pending.	Filed.	Received by transfer.	Total.					Imprisonment of person.	Movable Property.		Immovable Property.		Orders under Section 243, Code of Civil Procedure.	
											Attached.	Sold.	Attached.	Sold.		
Civil Courts.																
Bangalore Court of Small Causes		160	3,250	1	3,411	2,936	331	144	...	221	193	106	...	...	...	
Amildars	Ashtagram ...	60	998	60	1,118	961	79	78	38	15	119	24	83	73	...	
	Nundydroog...	134	2,082	185	2,401	2,179	222	...	17	72	498	70	245	111	...	
	Nagar ...	33	1,272	80	1,385	1,207	137	41	13	35	343	86	81	66	...	
	Total.....	227	4,352	325	4,904	4,347	438	119	68	122	960	180	409	249	...	
Munsiffs	Nundydroog...	...	1,014	297	1,311	821	44	446	26	61	106	18	100	42	...	
Judicial Assistant Commissioners.	Ashtagram ...	471	1,745	126	2,342	1,375	250	717	53	66	113	80	204	265	2	
	Nundydroog...	218	1,453	141	1,812	1,505	230	77	49	270	76	44	148	218	...	
	Nagar ...	246	1,413	18	1,677	1,126	327	224	34	43	124	120	121	214	...	
	Total.....	935	4,611	285	5,831	4,006	807	1,018	136	379	313	244	473	697	2	
Deputy Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	2	17	...	19	8	...	11	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	5	24	1	30	19	9	2	...	2	1	2	1	2	...	
	Nagar ...	1	17	...	18	12	4	2	...	...	1	...	1	2	...	
	Total.....	8	58	1	67	39	13	15	...	2	3	2	2	4	...	
Commissioners	Ashtagram ...	5	6	1	12	10	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	4	...	4	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
	Nagar ...	...	3	...	3	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	5	13	1	19	12	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
	Grand Total...	1,335	13,298	910	15,543	12,161	1,634	1,748	230	785	1,575	550	984	993	2	

II. C.—5. *Shewing the Escapes and Recaptures of Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1873.

1	2	3	4			5	6			7			8			
No.	Jails.	Remained uncaptured on the 31st December 1872.	Escaped during the year.			Grand Total.	Recaptured during the year.			Remaining uncaptured.			Unexpired portion of sentence of those who escaped during the year.			
			A	B	C		A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C	D
			From inside the Jail.	From outside the Jail.	Total.		Of those who escaped in previous year.	Of those who escaped during the past year.	Total.	Of previous years.	Of present year.	Total.	Under 1 year.	Above 1 and under 3 years.	Above 3 and under 7 years.	Above 7 years.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	3	1	...	1	4	...	...	...	3	1	4	...	1	...	...
	District Jails.															
2	Mysore ...	4	...	...	...	4	1	...	1	3	...	3	...	...	...	...
3	Hassan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	4	...	...	...	4	1	...	1	3	...	3	...	...	...	...
4	Kolar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Túmkúr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Shimoga ...	23	...	...	...	23	...	...	...	23	...	23	...	...	...	...
7	Kadur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Chitaldroog ...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	25	...	...	...	25	...	...	...	25	...	25	...	...	...	...
	Local Lock-ups.															
9	Mysore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan ...	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog ...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total...	33	1	1	2	35	1	1	2	32	1	33	...	1	...	...

II. C.—6. *Shewing the Offences committed by, and the Punishments inflicted*

No.	Jail.	Average number of Prisoners.		Criminal offences committed by Prisoners *when in Jail.*			Offences against Prison																	
							A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I	
							Wilful disobedience.		Assault or criminal force.		Insulting or threatening language.		Indecent or disorderly behaviour.		Wilfully maiming himself for labor.		Contumaciously refusing to work.		Filing or cutting irons or bars.		Idleness or negligence at work.		Wilful mismanagement of work.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	705·582	24·704	19	...	19	103	...	7	...	12	...	3	...	7	...	8	...	3	...	16	...	8	...
	District Jails.																							
2	Mysore ...	257·404	11·122	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	...	...	...	...	...
3	Hasean ...	20·044	1·616	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	277·448	12·738	...	...	...	...	..	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	...	...	...	...	...
4	Kolar ...	87·58	4·95	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Túmkúr ...	64·18	6·47	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	151·76	11·42	1	...	1	..	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Shimoga ...	348·90	25·40	1	...	1	4	...	2	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
7	Kadur ...	15·24	3·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Chitaldroog ...	29·18	6·03	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	393·32	34·65	1	...	1	4	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
	Local Lock-ups.																							
9	Mysore District ...	7·131	·597	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do ...	6·696	·381	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	13·827	·978	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District.	7·54	·79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	12·12	1·57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr do ...	7·83	·63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total. ...	27·49	2·99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District .	4·61	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	7·33	0·72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do ...	6·42	1·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	18·36	2·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	1587·787	89·540	21	...	21	107	...	20	...	18	...	3	...	7	...	9	...	36	...	16	...	10	...

Offices of the Province of Mysore for the year 1873—74.

Conveyance, &c., of movable property and receipts for same.			Registrations affecting Movable Property, Book IV.				Number of sealed covers deposited, Book V.	Number of wills registered in Book III.	Number of written authorities to adopt other than those conferred by will Book III.	Number of Registrations under Section 24.	Number of Registrations under Section 34.	Number of refusals to register.	Number of Powers of Attorney attested.	Number of searches or applications for copies.	Number of decree memoranda received from Civil Courts under Sections 41 and 42 of Act XX of 1866.	Receipts.				Total Expenditure.		Remarks.
Obligations for payment of money.	Other personal contracts.	Total registrations in Book IV.	Ordinary Fees paid for the same.													Total Ordinary Fees including the entries in columns 10, 18 and 24, and the total fees paid for Registration under column 27.			Total Extraordinary Fees and Fines.			Total Receipts.				
20	21	22	23	24			25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34			35			36			37			38
...	...	...	..	..	...	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	5	0	9	5	0	5,068	4	8	
8	21	87	111	314	8	0	...	15	...	9	8	7	56	82	...	4,842	12	0	761	2	1	5,603	14	1	3,138	8	4	
2	22	21	45	107	0	0	...	8	2	13	17	11	53	34	..	3,605	4	2	997	5	8	4,602	9	8	2,514	7	7	
3	14	20	37	64	12	0	...	...	...	4	9	5	8	16	..	1,493	8	0	199	...	0	1,692	8	0	1,230	8	9	
4	18	38	57	97	8	0	...	1	1	4	1	2	10	19	...	1,577	4	0	92	15	2	1,670	3	2	1,26	11	½	
5	16	45	64	111	4	0	..	2	1	13	12	17	30	30	4	2,176	0	0	419	6	0	2,595	6	0	1,545	0	0	
7	20	43	63	172	0	0	...	2	...	13	14	15	53	41	1	1,760	12	0	666	2	0	2,426	14	0	1,323	0	7	
9	29	37	65	150	0	0	..	2	1	7	7	18	14	19	...	1,633	6	0	318	14	11	1,95.	4	11	1,069	0	9	
1	2	4	6	18	4	0	...	...	...	2	...	2	10	3	...	702	12	0	62	8	0	765	4	0	624	8	10	
10	142	278	448	1035	4	0	...	28	5	65	68	77	239	235	5	17,791	10	0	3526	10	10	21,318	4	10	17,777	2	6½	

II. C.—1. *Statement shewing the Number and Disposal of the Convicts in the*

1	2	3		4		5		6				7		
Number.	Jail.	Remained on the 31st December 1872.		Imprisoned during the year.		Total.		Received from other Jails. A — To undergo sentence.		Received from other Jails. B — In transit, for transportation *en route* to other Jails, &c., &c.		Total Population.		
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail	681	27	528	65	1,209	92	19	...	13	1	1,241	93	1,334
	District Jails.													
2	Mysore	264	8	276	21	540	29	79	2	...	...	619	31	650
3	Hassan	12	2	165	16	177	18	...	1	...	..	177	19	196
	Total.....	276	10	441	37	717	47	79	3	...	...	796	50	846
4	Kolar	85	7	190	16	275	23	...	...	37	...	312	23	335
5	Túmkúr	80	9	125	10	205	19	14	4	...	...	219	23	242
	Total.....	165	16	315	26	480	42	14	4	37	...	531	46	577
6	Shimoga	317	16	174	26	491	42	148	15	...	..	639	57	696
7	Kadur	14	...	106	16	120	16	...	...	...	..	120	16	136
8	Chitaldroog	36	1	76	17	112	18	8	1	...	...	120	19	139
	Total.....	367	17	356	59	723	76	156	16	...	...	879	92	971
	Local Lock-ups.													
9	Mysore District	11	1	259	18	270	19	3	...	...	...	273	19	292
10	Hassan do	5	...	190	13	195	13	...	...	...	..	195	13	208
	Total.....	16	1	449	31	465	32	3	...	..	.	468	32	500
11	Bangalore District	2	...	362	55	364	55	...	...	...	..	364	55	419
12	Kolar do	5	..	354	50	359	50	4	...	49	4	412	54	466
13	Túmkúr do	9	...	255	29	264	29	...	...	3	...	267	29	296
	Total.....	16	...	971	134	987	134	4	...	52	4	1,043	138	1,181
14	Shimoga District	1	...	300	23	301	23	...	...	...	...	301	23	324
15	Kadur do	13	1	230	24	243	25	...	...	...	...	243	25	268
16	Chitaldroog do	6	2	236	29	242	31	...	...	...	..	242	31	273
	Total.....	20	3	766	76	786	79	...	...	...	...	786	79	865
	Grand Total.	1,541	74	3,826	428	5367	502	275	23	102	5	5,744	530	6,274

PRISONS.

Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.

8			9				10										11		12		13		14		15		16			17
			Transferred to other Jails.				Released during the year.																							
			A		B		A		B		C		D																	
													By Order of Government.																	
													E		F															
Daily average number.			To undergo sentence.		For transportation beyond Seas, &c.		On appeal.		On expiry of sentence.		On payment of fine.		On account of sickness.		For good conduct.		Transported beyond Seas.		Transferred to Lunatic Asylum.		Escaped.		Executed.		Died.		Remaining on the 31st December 1873.			
M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	
705·582	24·704	730·286	9	...	...	...	23	1	420	60	59	...	...	..	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	5	...	6	2	717	29	746	
257·404	11·122	268·526	15	...	...	...	43	...	253	16	9	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	1	12	...	272	13	285	
20·044	1·616	21·660	38	2	...	...	4	...	100	15	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	2	25	
277·448	12·738	290·186	53	2	1		47	...	353	31	21	1	1	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	14	1	12	...	295	15	310	
87· 58	4· 95	92· 53	39	...	...	...	2	2	141	12	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	123	9	132	
64· 18	6· 47	70· 65	10	...	...	...	11	..	47	14	73	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	75	5	80	
151· 76	11 42	163· 18	49	...	...	...	13	2	188	26	77	4	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	198	14	212	
348· 90	25· 40	374· 30	...	..	13	1	19	...	234	19	5	..	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	..	8	...	3	...	354	36	390	
15· 24	3· 22	18· 46	48	3	...	...	1	...	46	7	7	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	.	17	5	22	
29· 18	6· 03	35· 21	13	2	...	...	3	...	80	12	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	20	5	25	
393· 32	34· 65	427· 97	61	5	13	1	23	...	360	38	15	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	8	...	5	...	391	46	437	
7·131	·597	7·728	44	..	...	...	...	...	195	13	31	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	
6·696	·381	7·077	...	1	...	...	1	...	156	10	28	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	..	9	
13·827	·978	14·805	44	1	...	...	1	...	351	23	59	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	12	
7· 54	· 79	8· 33	38	3	...	..	1	...	276	46	48	6	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12· 12	1· 57	13· 69	71	4	...	...	2	...	269	40	53	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	2	19	
7· 83	· 63	8· 46	17	4	1	...	2	...	224	22	18	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	.	5	
27· 49	2· 99	30· 48	126	11	1	...	5	...	769	108	119	17	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	2	24	
4· 61	0· 31	4· 92	92	9	...	...	...	...	183	10	22	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	..	4	
7· 33	0· 72	8· 05	1	1	...	...	3	...	184	24	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	24	
6· 42	1· 03	7· 45	8	1	...	...	1	...	194	26	35	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	5	
18· 36	2· 06	20· 42	101	11	...	...	4	...	561	60	88	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	1	33	
1,587·787	89·540	1,677·327	443	30	14	1	116	3	3002	346	438	38	3	...	3	1	...	...	2	1	2	...	29	1	25	2	1667	107	1774	

II C.—2. *Shewing the Religion, Age, and Previous Occupation of the*

1	2	3												4			
		Religion.												Age.			
		A						B		C		D		A		B	
		Christians.															
		a		b		c											
Number.	Jail.	Europeans.		Eurasians.		Natives.		Muhammadans.		Hindus.		All other Classes.		Under 16.		16 to 40.	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	9	...	3	...	37	10	174	11	986	71	...	...	27	2	915	72
	District Jails.																
2	Mysore ...	...	...	...	...	6	2	91	1	164	7	279	19	5	1	401	27
3	Hassan ...	...	...	...	...	4	...	10	...	112	16	51	2	3	1	166	15
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	10	2	101	1	276	23	330	21	8	2	567	42
4	Kolar ...	...	...	...	...	4	...	89	..	166	22	16	1	3	2	149	13
5	Túmkúr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	187	19	3	...	...	...	186	15
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	4	...	104	...	353	41	19	1	3	2	335	28
6	Shimoga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	4	442	38	...	...	1	2	399	30
7	Kadur ...	...	...	...	...	2	...	5	1	73	10	40	5	1	1	101	8
8	Chitaldroog ...	...	...	...	..	..	...	8	1	104	17	...	...	...	1	63	17
	Total ...	..	..	...	...	2	...	62	6	619	65	40	5	2	4	563	55
	Local Lock-ups.																
9	Mysore District ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	...	249	19	...	...	...	...	204	16
10	Hassan do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	125	12	51	1	1	...	165	13
	Total ...	..	..	...	..	..	...	40	...	374	31	51	1	1	...	369	29
11	Bangalore District ...	...	...	1	1	13	8	53	3	276	31	41	12	16	1	307	42
12	Kolar do ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	6	1	317	46	35	3	10	2	295	43
13	Túmkúr do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	4	254	25	...	...	...	...	80	8
	Total ...	...	...	1	1	14	8	49	8	847	102	76	15	25	3	682	93
14	Shimoga District ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	260	22	21	1	77	7	203	16
15	Kadur do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	1	214	24	...	...	2	..	198	20
16	Chitaldroog do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	228	31	...	..	10	2	202	23
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	63	1	702	77	21	1	89	9	603	59
	Grand Total ...	9	...	4	1	67	20	593	27	4,157	410	537	44	156	22	4,034	378

Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.

5																				6			7
Previous Occupation.																				Total.			No.
Males.														Females.									
C		D		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L								
40 to 60.		Above 60.		Of independent property.	Agriculturists.	Laborers.	Shop-keepers and Traders.	Artizans.	Domestic servants.	Professional.	Government Servants.	No Occupation.	Married.	Unmarried.	Prostitute.								
M	F	M	F													M	F	Total.				
238	15	29	3	...	342	186	156	178	187	4	107	49	82	2	8	1,209	92	1,301				
99	1	35	...	15	149	307	4	2	19	8	11	25	21	3	5	540	29	569				
8	2	...	...	...	37	129	1	...	...	...	10	...	14	2	2	177	18	195				
107	3	35	...	15	186	436	5	2	19	8	21	25	35	5	7	717	47	764				
113	8	10	...	25	68	29	12	4	55	32	8	42	20	1	2	275	23	298				
19	4	...	...	...	95	44	22	....	...	30	14	..	16	2	1	205	19	224				
132	12	10	...	25	163	73	34	4	55	62	22	42	36	3	3	480	42	522				
86	8	5	2	...	132	140	48	36	1	67	59	8	36	3	3	491	42	533				
17	5	1	2	...	51	61	1	2	...	...	3	2	15	...	1	120	16	136				
49	...	...	..	...	54	51	...	...	...	2	5	...	18	...	...	112	18	130				
152	13	6	4	...	237	252	49	38	1	69	67	10	69	3	4	723	76	799				
63	3	3	...	31	169	43	2	...	8	3	7	7	10	9	...	270	19	289				
28	...	1	...	...	116	76	3	...	..	...	...	...	8	5	...	195	13	208				
91	3	4	...	31	285	119	5	...	8	3	7	7	18	14	...	465	32	497				
39	12	2	...	1	95	236	4	5	8	...	...	15	39	8	8	364	55	419				
54	5	...	...	28	245	44	1	...	19	13	2	7	47	3	...	359	50	409				
184	21	...	...	...	200	64	...	...	...	...	...	. .	29	...	...	264	29	293				
277	38	2	...	29	540	344	5	5	27	13	2	22	115	11	8	987	134	1,121				
18	...	3	...	1	221	64	..	...	...	6	...	9	18	2	3	301	23	324				
43	5	...	...	5	170	38	8	1	12	...	9	...	17	8	..	243	25	268				
29	6	1	...	1	89	85	10	17	..	36	2	2	27	2	2	242	31	273				
90	11	4	..	7	480	187	18	18	12	42	11	11	62	12	5	786	79	865				
1,087	95	90	7	107	2,233	1,597	272	245	309	201	237	166	417	50	35	5,367	502	5,869				

II. C.—3. *Shewing the Classes of Convicts in the Jails of the*

1	2	3																	
		Classes according to length of																	
		A			B			C			D			E			F		
		Class I.			Class II.			Class III.			Class IV.			Class V.			Class VI.		
Number.	Jail.	Not exceeding one month.			Above 1 and not exceeding three months.			Above 3 and not exceeding 6 months.			Above 6 months and not exceeding 1 year.			Above 1 year and not exceeding 3 years.			Above 3 and not exceeding 5 years.		
		M	F	Total	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail. ...	155	36	191	65	16	81	119	10	129	99	9	108	230	6	236	133	5	138
	District Jails.																		
2	Mysore ...	52	7	59	106	5	111	96	6	102	61	4	65	79	3	82	88	2	90
3	Hassan ...	72	6	78	31	4	35	39	4	43	6	2	8	16	1	17	6	..	6
	Total.....	124	13	137	137	9	146	135	10	145	67	6	73	95	4	99	94	2	96
4	Kolar ...	29	3	32	39	3	42	131	12	143	19	2	21	30	3	33	3	...	3
5	Tumkur ...	19	3	22	27	4	31	35	2	37	62	9	71	52	1	53	4	..	4
	Total	48	6	54	66	7	73	166	14	180	81	11	92	82	4	86	7	...	7
6	Shimoga ...	13	1	13	5	1	6	47	3	50	93	8	101	128	27	155	67	4	71
7	Kadur ...	4	...	4	18	4	22	23	7	30	18	3	21	31	..	31	12	...	12
8	Chitaldroog ...	16	1	17	20	5	25	49	17	66	8	..	8	9	...	9	5	...	5
	Total.....	32	2	34	97	5	102	119	27	146	124	6	30	168	27	195	84	4	88
	Local Lock-ups.																		
9	Mysore District ...	235	18	253	30	1	31	5	..	5	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	..
10	Hassan do ...	195	13	208	...	..	..	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	..	..	...	..	..
	Total.....	430	31	461	30	1	31	5	..	5	...	...	..	..	...	..	...	..	..
11	Bangalore District.	364	55	419	...	..	..	...	..	...	..	..	..	...	..	...	...	..	...
12	Kolar do ...	359	50	409	..	..	..	...	..	...	...	..	..	...	..	..	..	...	...
13	Tumkur do ...	264	29	293	...	...	...	..	..	..	...	...	..	..	..	..	...	...	...
	Total.....	987	134	1,121	..	..	..	...	..	..	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District	201	23	224	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	...	...	...	..	..	...
15	Kadur do ...	243	25	268	..	..	...	...	..	...	..	..	...	...	..	..	..	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do ...	274	20	294	1	1	2	..	..	..	6	..	6	1	...	1	...	..	...
	Total.	778	78	856	1	1	2	...	..	...	6	..	6	1	...	1	...	..	...
	Grand Total.....	2,554	309	2,864	396	39	435	544	61	605	377	32	409	576	41	617	318	11	329

Province of Mysore according to Sentence for the year 1873.

Sentence.										4 Nature of Imprisonment.								5		6
G		H		I				J		A		B								
Class VII.		Class VIII.		Class IX.				Class.				Rigorous Imprisonment.						Total.		No.
				Transported beyond Seas.								a		b		c				
Above 5 and not exceeding 10 years.		Exceeding ten years.		For life.		For shorter periods.		Executed.		Simple Imprisonment.		Hard Labor.		Medium.		Light.				
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.
260	...	68	2	35	7	27	...	18	1	125	36	1,084	56	Awarded in prison according to physical capability.				1,209	92	1,301
36	...	8	1	...	...	...	...	14	1	47	2	401	24	60	2	32	1	540	29	569
7	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	6	157	12	...	...	...	...	177	18	195
43	1	8	1	...	..	...	...	14	1	67	8	558	36	60	2	32	1	717	47	764
18	...	6	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	25	10	143	8	86	...	21	5	275	23	298
4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	25	3	116	10	45	3	19	3	205	19	224
22	...	6	...	...	...	..	...	2	...	50	13	259	18	131	3	40	8	480	42	23
60	1	5	..	12	2	...	...	8	...	27	3	406	37	51	1	7	1	491	42	533
14	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	4	109	12	...	...	...	...	120	16	136
...	...	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	19	1	93	17	...	..	...	...	112	18	130
74	1	5	2	12	2	...	...	8	...	57	8	608	66	51	1	7	1	723	76	799
...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	66	18	195	1	...	...	9	...	270	19	289
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	81	9	114	4	...	...	...	...	195	13	208
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	147	27	309	5	...	...	9	...	465	32	497
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	151	...	213	55	...	...	364	55	419
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	181	29	141	8	25	...	12	13	359	50	409
...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	14	224	15	...	...	...	..	264	29	293
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	221	43	516	23	238	55	12	13	987	134	1,121
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116	17	162	5	14	...	9	1	301	23	324
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	..	230	25	...	...	...	...	243	25	268
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	90	14	152	17	...	...	...	...	242	31	273
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	219	31	544	47	14	...	9	1	786	79	865
99	2	87	5	47	9	27	...	42	2	886	166	3,878	251	494	61	109	24	5,367	502	5,869

II. C.—4. *Shewing the Number of Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1873, *who had been previously in Jail.*

1	2	3		4				5				6				7		8	
No.	Jail.	Total Number of Prisoners during the year.		No. of those in Prison once before.				No. of those twice before in Prison.				No. of those more than twice before in Prison.				Total Number out of column 3, who had been previously in Prison.		Ratio of total of column 7, per cent of total in column 3.	
				A		B		A		B		A		B					
				For Crime belonging to same class.		For different Crimes.		For Crime belonging to same class.		For different Crimes.		For Crime belonging to same class.		For different Crimes.					
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	1,209	92	75	3	42	...	36	2	8	...	66	...	15	...	242	5	20·016	5·434
	District Jails.																		
2	Mysore ...	540	29	4	...	7	...	5	...	2	...	3	2	...	...	21	2	3·8	6·896
3	Hassan ...	177	18	3	...	4	...	...	...	2	..	...	...	1	...	10	...	5·649	...
	Total.....	717	47	7	...	11	...	5	...	4	...	3	2	1	...	31	2	4·323	4·255
4	Kolar ...	275	23	18	...	6	1	8	...	2	...	...	...	4	...	38	1	13·91	4·34
5	Túmkúr ...	205	19	9	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	5·85	...
	Total.....	480	42	27	...	8	1	9	...	2	...	...	...	4	...	50	1	10·41	2·38
6	Shimoga ...	491	42	22	...	9	...	1	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	36	...	6·80	...
7	Kadur ...	120	16	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	3	...	1·66	...
8	Chitaldroog ..	112	18	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	0·89	...
	Total.....	723	76	23	...	12	...	1	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	40	...	5·5	...
	Local Lock-ups.																		
9	Mysore ...	270	19	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan ...	195	13	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	·512	...
	Total... ..	465	32	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	·215	...
11	Bangalore ...	364	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar ...	359	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr ...	264	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	987	134	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga ...	301	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur ...	243	25	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1·6	...
16	Chitaldroog ...	242	31	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1·26	...
	Total.....	786	79	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	·89	...
	Grand Total...	5,367	502	137	3	73	1	51	2	16	...	72	2	20	...	369	8	6·9	0·1

II. B.—11. *Statement shewing Use of Juries and Assessors in the Civil and Criminal Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1873.

Classes of Courts in which Jurors or Assessors are employed distinguishing Criminal from Civil Courts.		Established or average number of Jury or Assessors in each case, and prescribed qualifications.	Number of Cases tried by Jury.	Number of Cases with Assessors.	Jury Trials.		Assessors' Trials.		Note shewing in what Classes of Cases Juries and Assessors have been principally employed.	REMARKS.
					Cases in which the Judge approved of the verdict.	Cases in which the Judge did not approve of the verdict.	Number of Cases in which Judges agreed with Assessors.	Number of Cases in which Judges differed from Assessors.		
Criminal.										
Commissioners...	Ashtagram ...	2	...	26	...	...	*21	*4	..	* In one case there was no occasion to call on the Assessors to give their verdict.
	Nundydroog...	3	...	34	...	...	76	8	...	
	Nagar ...	2	...	63	...	...	56	7	...	
	Total.....	...	...	173	...	...	153	19	...	

II. C.—7. *Shewing Particulars regarding the Convicts who were of the Province of Mysore*

No.	Jail.	3		4										5	
		Average number of prisoners during the year.		Total number employed during the year as.										Average number employed during the year.	
				A		B		C		D		E			
				Warders.		Work-Overseers.		Intramural Guards.		Extramural Guards.		Total.			
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	105·582	24·704	40	2	28	...	...	...	...	...	68	2	44	2
	District Jails.														
2	Mysore	257·404	11·122	8	...	9	1	2	...	4	...	23	1	18·121	1
3	Hassan	20·044	1·616	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	277·448	12·738	8	...	9	1	2	...	4	...	23	1	18·121	1
4	Kolar	87·58	4·95	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	8	...	8	...
5	Túmkúr	64·18	6·47	1	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	4	1
	Total.....	151·76	11·42	1	1	7	...	4	...	...	...	12	1	12	1
6	Shimoga	348·90	25·40	10	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	16	1	16·80	0·20
7	Kadur	15·24	3·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Chitáldroog	29·18	6·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	593·32	34·65	10	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	16	1	16·80	0·20
	Local Lock-ups.														
9	Mysore District ...	7·131	·597	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do	6·696	·381	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	13·827	·978	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District ...	7·54	·79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	12·12	1·57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr do ...	7·83	·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	27·49	2·99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District ...	4·61	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	7·33	0·72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do ...	6·42	1·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	18·36	2·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	1,587·787	89·54	·59	4	50	1	6	...	4	...	119	5	90·921	4.20

employed as Guards, Overseers, and Warders in the Jails during the year 1873.

6	7								8								9		10		11
Ratio of average number so employed per cent of average number of prisoners in Jail, Column 3.	Period of imprisonment accomplished by those so employed on date of first appointment.								Portion of sentence remaining unexpired on date of first appointment.								Number reduced for misconduct during the year.		Number otherwise punished during the year.		No.
	A		B		C		D		A		B		C		D						
	One year.		Above one and not exceeding two years.		Above two and not exceeding five years.		Above five years.		Under one year.		Above one and under two.		Above two and under five.		Above five.						
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
6·23	5	...	4	...	25	...	34		2	15	...	20	...	24	...	9	2	6	...	9	...
7·127	3	...	3	...	9	...	8		1	4	...	6	...	9	...	4	1	4	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6·8	3	...	3	...	9	...	8		1	4	..	6	...	9	...	4	1	4	...	...	...
8·64	4	...	4	...	...	...	...		...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7·07	4	1	...	...	...	...	...		...	3	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
7·96	8	1	4	...	...	...	...		...	7	1	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
4·55	1	...	4	...	11	1	...		...	7	1	6	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4·55	1	...	4	...	11	1	...		...	7	1	6	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5·6	17	1	15	...	45	1	42		3	33	2	36	...	36	...	14	3	10	...	9	...

II. C.—8. *Shewing the State of Education of the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1873.

1	2	3	4	5						6					
No.	Jail.	Daily average number of Prisoners.	Daily average number under instruction.	Of those received during the year, there were—						Of the "Total" of the year there have learned *while in Jail.*					
				Unable to read or write.		Able to Read or write a little.		Able to read and write well.		Neither to read nor write.		To read or write a little.		To read and write well.	
				M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	730·286	402·416	409	64	24	1	95	...	573	91	495	1	141	...
	District Jails.														
2	Mysore ...	268·526	181·344	221	21	43	...	12	...	455	29	70	...	15	...
3	Hassan ...	21·660	...	133	15	24	...	8	1	177	18	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	290·186	181·344	354	36	67	...	20	1	632	47	70	...	15	...
4	Kolar ...	92·53	...	159	15	25	1	6	...	275	23	...	...	...	...
5	Túmkúr ...	70·65	...	125	10	...	...	...	...	205	19	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	163·18	...	284	25	25	1	6	...	480	42	...	...	...	...
6	Shimoga ...	374·30	109·64	147	26	22	..	5	...	337	42	131	...	23	...
7	Kadur ...	18·46	...	101	16	1	...	4	...	120	16	...	...	...	...
8	Chitaldroog ...	35·21	...	60	17	9	...	7	...	112	18	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	427·97	109·64	308	59	32	...	16	...	569	76	131	...	23	...
	Local Lock-ups.														
9	Mysore District ...	7·728	...	249	18	10	...	...	...	270	19	..	...	..	...
10	Hassan do ...	7·077	...	135	13	38	...	17	...	195	13	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	14·805	...	384	31	48	...	17	...	465	32	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District.	8·33	...	362	55	...	...	...	...	364	55	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	13·69	...	354	50	...	...	...	...	359	50	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr do ...	8·46	...	255	29	...	...	...	...	264	29	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	30·48	...	971	134	...	...	...	...	987	134	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District...	4·92	...	300	23	...	...	...	...	301	23	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	8·05	...	183	24	47	...	...	...	243	25	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do ...	7·45	...	211	29	16	...	9	...	242	31	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	20·42	...	694	76	63	...	9	...	786	79	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total...	1,677·327	693·400	3,404	425	259	2	163	1	4,492	501	696	1	179	...

II. C.—9. *Shewing the Expenditure incurred in the guarding and maintenance excluding the cost of building new Jails,*

No.	Jail.	Rations. A — Total Cost.			Rations. A — Cost per head of average strength.			Rations. B — Total Cost.			Rations. B — Cost per head of average strength.		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	22,609	11	7	30	5	7	20,159	7	7	27	9	10
	District Jails.												
2	Mysore ...	9,084	9	2	33	13	4	5,289	8	2	19	11	2
3	Hassan ...	614	5	4	28	5	9	720	15	8	33	4	7
	Total.....	9,698	14	6	33	6	8	6,010	7	10	20	11	5
4	Kolar ...	1,752	12	3	18	15	...	1,558	5	10	16	13	5
5	Túmkúr ...	2,068	3	...	29	4	4	1,237	2	1	17	8	2
	Total.....	3,820	15	3	24	1	8	2,795	7	11	17	2	9
6	Shimoga ...	9,996	5	6	26	9	10	5,459	4	1	14	10	3
7	Kadur ...	483	2	3	26	2	9	496	5	...	26	14	2
8	Chitaldroog ...	697	1	7	19	12	9	1,119	9	11	31	12	9
	Total.....	11,176	9	4	26	1	9	7,075	3	...	16	8	5
	Local Lock-ups.												
9	Mysore District ...	95	10	11	12	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do ...	133	3	10	8	13	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	228	14	9	15	7	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District.	121	3	8	14	11	4	21	5	9	1	9	1
12	Kolar do ...	175	2	6	13	6	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr do ...	107	9	7	12	11	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	403	15	9	13	9	10	21	5	9	...	8	4
14	Shimoga District...	84	5	11	17	2	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	143	1	6	17	12	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do ...	95	2	..	12	12	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	322	9	5	15	13	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total...	48,261	10	7	22	12	4	36,062	..	1	21	9	.

No.	Jail.	Fixed Establishment. A — Total Cost.			Fixed Establishment. A — Cost per head of average strength.			Fixed Establishment. B — Total Cost.			Fixed Establishment. B — Cost per head of average strength.		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	7,246	11	9	9	14	10	2,970	6	1	4	1	1
	District Jails.												
2	Mysore ...	4,694	...	...	17	7	8	653	3	...	2	6	11
3	Hassan ...	1,380	...	...	64	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	6,074	...	...	20	14	1	653	3	..	2	6	11
4	Kolar ...	1,705	6	1	18	6	10	653	12	2	7	1	...
5	Túmkúr ...	1,932	10	3	27	5	8	653	3	1	9	3	11
	Total.....	3,638	...	4	22	14	3	1,306	15	3	8	2	6
6	Shimoga ...	5,263	13	8	14	4	2	2,775	15	8	6	4	6
7	Kadur ...	437	14	4	23	11	6	19	5	...	1	.	9
8	Chitaldroog ...	1,241	12	8	35	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	6,943	8	8	16	3	6	2,795	4	8	6	8	6
	Local Lock-ups.												
9	Mysore District ...	2,010	4	9	260	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do ...	1,662	12	3	234	15	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	3,673	1	...	248	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District.	1,569	6	11	188	13	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	2,486	10	2	190	11	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr do ...	862	...	3	104	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	4,938	1	4	161	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District...	900	13	7	183	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	1,507	2	10	186	15	11	19	5	...	2	6	7
16	Chitaldroog do ...	1,041	14	9	140	..	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	3,449	15	2	169	1	10	19	5	..	...	15	2
	Grand Total...	35,963	6	3	21	7	1	7,745	2	...	4	9	8

of the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873, *and of additions, alterations, and repairs.*

7									8					9					10			11			No.
Hospital Charges.									Clothing.					Contingencies.											
A			B			C			A			B		A			B								
Total Cost.			Cost per head of average strength.			Cost per head of average number sick.			Total Cost.			Cost per head of average strength.		Total Cost.			Cost per head of average strength.		Grand Total expended.			Total Cost per head of average strength.			
Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	
1,224	6	1	1	10	10	61	3	6	2,652	15	9	3	10	2	2,633	11	1	3	9	9	59,497	5	11	81	8	1	
630	4	6	2	5	7	61	2	3	701	12	...	2	9	9	1,111	13	8	4	2	3	22,165	2	6	82	8	8	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	5	..	2	1	6	186	2	4	8	9	6	2,946	12	4	136	7	8	
630	4	6	2	5	7	61	2	3	747	1	...	2	9	2	1,298	...	...	4	7	6	25,111	14	10	86	7	7	
69	3	3	...	11	3	117	4	8	178	8	..	1	14	10	468	6	2	5	...	11	6,386	5	9	68	15	3	
45	11	9	...	10	4	4	10	1	114	4	...	1	9	10	821	5	1	11	10	..	6,872	7	3	97	4	3	
114	15	...	...	10	10	60	15	5	292	12	..	1	12	4	1,289	11	3	8	5	5	13,253	13	...	83	1	9	
323	5	1	...	13	7	43	5	6	1,213	10	...	3	3	3	1,072	11	10	2	13	10	26,105	1	10	69	11	11	
46	11	10	2	2	6	53		8	48	12	...	2	8	3	286	4	10	15	8	2	1,818	7	3	100	10	10	
177	3	1	5	...	6	66	5	5	119	9	4	3	6	4	229	10	3	6	8	4	3,584	14	10	101	12	11	
547	4	..	1	4	5	61	8	10	1,381	15	4	3	3	8	1,588	10	11	3	11	4	31,508	7	11	73	9	7	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	15	5	5	15	1	2,151	15	1	278	7	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	84	6	9	11	14	10	1,880	6	10	265	11	4	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	130	6	2	8	12	11	4,032	5	11	272	5	10	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	14	5	5	8	4	1,757	14	9	210	10	6	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	163	3	11	12	0	8	2,824	...	7	216	2	7	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	12	2	4	5	6	1,026	6	...	141	5	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	244	14	6	7	4	10	5 608	5	4	182	11	4	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	15	5	1	9	11	993	2	11	202	4	5	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	8	8	5	10	4	1,715	2	..	210	4	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52	3	2	7	...	3	1,189	3	11	159	13	6	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	105	11	3	5	2	10	3,897	8	10	191	1	...	
2,516	13	7	1	8	...	60	1	9	5,074	12	1	3	...	5	7,291	1	2	4	5	7	1,42,914	13	9	85	3	1	

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II, C.—10. *Shewing the Expenses incurred in the guarding and maintenance of each (excluding cost of building new Jails, and of additions, alterations and repairs) each of the four years immediately*

1	2	3										4										5									
No.	Jail.	Cost of Rations per head of average strength.										Cost of Fixed Establishment, Police Guard, and Extra Establishment per head of average strength.										Cost of all Hospital Charges per head of average strength.									
		1869		1870		1871		1872		1873		1869		1870		1871		1872		1873		1869		1870		1871		1872		1873	
		Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	28	2	30	13	27	8	28	2	30	15	25	1	39	14	42	1	41	8	41	9	1	11	1	11	1	10	1	12	1	11
	District Jails.																														
2	Mysore...	38	1	30	5	29	1	29	15	33	13	46	14	49	2	45	9	38	10	39	10	1	1	...	13	...	13	1	7	2	6
3	Hassan...	27	6	34	14	26	4	26	7	28	5	129	3	167	5	103	2	98	0	107	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	37	9	30	8	28	14	29	12	33	6	50	9	56	6	49	6	42	14	44	0	1	1	...	12	...	12	1	6	2	6
4	Kolar ...	31	11	37	0	25	9	20	12	18	15	65	7	54	0	79	4	62	1	42	5	...	5	...	12	...	6	...	7	...	11
5	Túmkúr ...	25	0	27	15	30	0	28	2	29	4	49	8	59	10	79	7	65	2	54	2	...	10	...	10	2	...	1	4	...	10
	Total.....	28	2	32	7	27	13	24	7	24	2	57	0	56	14	79	6	63	10	48	5	...	7	...	11	1	3	...	13	...	11
6	Shimoga ...	19	3	22	1	22	10	24	10	26	10	31	12	41	1	40	3	45	1	35	3	1	13	1	2	...	11	...	9	...	13
7	Kadur ...	34	11	30	12	30	5	26	5	26	3	356	1	127	11	99	11	92	13	51	11	...	...	...	11	1	5	...	1	3	2	2
8	Chitaldroog ...	19	2	23	2	27	10	21	13	19	13	31	2	92	0	53	6	56	11	67	1	4	11	3	12	4	...	5	1	5	...
	Total.....	19	12	22	11	23	8	24	6	26	2	43	14	55	13	43	12	48	14	39	4	2	1	1	15	1	4	1	3	1	4
	Local Lock-ups.																														
9	Mysore District ...	13	14	57	10	9	11	11	1	12	6	185	14	631	4	255	15	288	8	260	0	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do ...	16	13	15	7	15	9	15	6	8	13	52	4	175	13	180	15	164	10	234	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	14	13	36	1	12	0	13	8	15	7	143	5	393	11	211	8	218	14	248	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District..	20	3	19	1	13	11	13	9	14	11	118	0	126	15	201	7	217	3	190	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	17	0	47	3	12	6	13	4	13	7	191	5	701	5	204	11	233	3	190	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr do ...	9	8	9	9	11	13	11	12	12	11	228	14	164	15	120	12	107	2	104	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	17	11	24	6	12	11	12	14	13	10	155	2	277	10	187	12	185	13	161	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District ..	21	8	34	2	9	7	15	5	17	3	1059	15	363	2	105	6	289	11	183	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	22	11	19	12	17	12	15	15	17	12	522	3	328	3	223	7	178	14	187	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do ..	13	7	11	12	10	8	12	0	12	12	878	10	164	13	204	5	244	6	140	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	19	1	18	8	11	15	14	9	15	13	776	1	245	4	176	0	218	7	170	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	27	6	28	13	26	4	26	11	28	12	44	5	53	14	52	0	51	10	47	10	1	8	1	7	1	5	1	7	1	8

Convict in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873, *compared with the expenses incurred on the same account in preceding.*

6										7										8										9
Cost of clothing per head of average strength.										Cost of contingencies per head of average strength.										Total cost per head of average strength.										No
1869		1870		1871		1872		1873		1869		1870		1871		1872		1873		1869		1870		1871		1872		1873		
Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	
3	13	3	3	4	9	4	9	3	10	3	11	3	9	3	6	4	12	3	10	62	6	79	3	79	2	80	11	81	8	
3	5	3	13	4	7	2	9	2	10	4	4	3	7	3	8	3	...	4	2	93	9	87	8	83	6	75	10	82	9	
5	11	...	..	3	14	2	2	2	1	5	3	7	12	8	2	10	...	8	9	167	10	209	15	141	6	136	9	136	8	
3	9	3	9	4	6	2	8	2	9	4	5	3	6	3	13	3	8	4	7	96	14	94	9	87	3	80	1	86	8	
4	4	3	5	9	3	...	...	1	15	11	15	3	15	6	9	6	1	5	1	113	10	99	..	120	15	89	8	68	15	
5	8	9	3	...	..	2	7	1	10	4	3	6	7	9	10	11	6	11	10	84	13	103	13	121	1	108	6	97	4	
4	14	6	4	4	9	1	3	1	12	7	15	5	4	8	1	8	12	8	5	98	6	101	7	121	...	98	15	83	2	
...		1	8	3	2	2	3	3	3	4	6	1	7	1	5	2	8	2	14	57	2	67	3	67	15	75	1	69	12	
...		8	9	...	...	...	...	2	8	17	8	15	3	14	4	17	6	15	8	408	7	193	4	149	4	137	13	100	11	
...		5	6	6	15	1	1	3	6	6	12	9	8	8	8	6	13	6	8	66	1	133	12	100	7	91	8	101	13	
...	7	2	4	3	9	1	15	3	4	5	2	3	3	2	11	3	13	3	11	71	4	80	7	74	12	80	3	73	10	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	40	13	8	8	6	11	5	11	204	...	730	4	274	2	306	5	278	7	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	16	5	9	8	7	14	11	15	71	2	207	9	206	.	188	...	265	11	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	9	28	6	9	1	7	6	8	13	161	11	458	5	232	9	229	12	272	6	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	1	8	2	15	5	8	138	8	146	9	215	7	223	12	210	10	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	33	11	8	2	9	1	12	1	209	13	782	3	225	3	255	10	216	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3	6	6	5	9	3	6	4	5	243	9	180	14	138	2	122	5	221	5	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	10	15	5	2	5	2	7	5	174	...	312	15	205	4	203	14	182	11	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	10	1081	7	397	4	114	13	305	1	202	4	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	1	...	2	6	5	5	8	5	10	554	15	348	1	247	8	200	6	210	4	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	5	11	6	11	8	...	7	...	895	4	182	4	220	13	264	6	159	13	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3	3	3	...	...	5	7	5	3	800	5	267	15	192	2	238	7	191	1	
2	15	3	5	4	2	3	1	3	...	4	8	4	11	3	11	4	11	4	5	80	10	93	2	87	6	87	8	85	3	

II. C.—11. *Shewing the Employment of the Convicts in the Jails of the Province o*

1	2	3	4	5	6						7				8			
					Jail Servants.						Building and repairing Jail.				Grinding wheat and making clothing or other articles for Prison use.			
					A		B	C		D	A	B	C		A		B	C
No.	Jail.	Average number sentenced to labor.	Average number unable to labor from sickness or old age.	Average number of convalescents and weakly convicts employed on light labor.	Average number of convicts so employed.		Ratio per cent of average strength.	Average estimated monthly earning per head.		Total estimated earnings for the year.	Average number of convicts so employed.	Average estimated monthly earning per head.	Total estimated earnings for the year.		Average number employed.		Average estimated monthly earning per head.	Total estimated earnings for the year.
								Rs	As	Rs. As		Rs	Rs.	As			Rs	Rs.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	710	31	67	119		17	4	...	5,712 ...	15	6	1,080	...	35		4	1,680
	District Jails.																	
2	Mysore ...	256·223	14·167	19·753	48·529		18·072	3	4	1,892 10	14·519	3	566	4	25·996		3	1,015 14
3	Hassan ...	14·295	...	...	...		...	...	...	... ..	...	...	...	...	2·		..	14 8
	Total	270·518	14·167	19·753	48·529		18·072	3	4	1,892 10	14·519	3	566	4	27·996		2	1,036
4	Kolár ...	58·11	1·93	4·97	8		8·64	2	8	240	1·31	2	89	5	8·50		..	8 255
5	Túmkúr ..	58·11	1·93	10·61	12·05		17·05	2	13	404 11	23·79	2	802	14	4·23		2	13 142
	Total.....	116 22	3·86	15·58	20·05		13·56	2	10	644 11	25·10	2	842	2	12·73		2	10 397 12
6	Shimoga ...	374·30	4·72	10·80	59·86		16·90	5	...	3,591 8	6·00	5	30	...	40·15		5	... 2,409
7	Kadur ...	18·46	1·38	0·49	...		...	...	...	... ..	...	...	...	...	2·50		5	.. 150
8	Chitaldroog ...	55·21	2·71	6·66	5·04		14·31	5	..	302 6	1·32	5	79	3	2.82		5	... 169
	Total.....	428·17	8·81	17·95	64·90		31·21	5	...	3,393 14	7·32	5	109	3	45·47		5	... 2,728
	Local Lock-ups.																	
9	Mysore District ...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	... ..	...	...	...	...	...		...	... ...
10	Hassan do ...	4·901	...	...	...		...	...	...	... ..	...	...	..	...	...		...	...
	Total.....	4·901	...	...	...		...	...	...	... ..	...	...	...	...	...		...	...
11	Bangalore District	...	...	..	...		..	...	...	... ..	...	...	...	...	...		...	...
12	Kolár do ...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	... ..	...	...	...	...	..		...	...
13	Túmkúr do ...	8·46	...	...	...		...	...	...	... ..	...	...	...	...	...		...	...
	Total	8·46	...	...	...		...	...	...	... ..	...	...	...	...	...		...	...
14	Shimoga District...	4·92	...	...	...		...	...	...	... ..	..	...	...	...	...		.	.
15	Kadur do ...	8·05	...	...	...		...	...	...	... ..	...	...	...	...	..		..	...
16	Chitaldroog do ...	7·45	.	...	...		..	...	...	... ..	...	...	...	...	...		..	...
	Total.....	20·42	..	...	...		...	...	...	... ..	...	...	...	...	...		...	...
	Grand Total...	1558·669	57·837	120·283	252·479		15·05	4	...	12,143 3	61·939	3	2,597	10	121·196		4	... 5,841

Mysore during the year 1873, *and their estimated Earnings.*

9					10							11				12				
On the roads employed by P. W. D., or by Municipalities.					On Jail Garden.							On Manufactories.				Total.				
A	B		C		A	B		C		D	E	A	B		C	A		B		
Average number employed.	Average estimated or actual monthly earning per head.		Total estimated earnings for the year.		Average number employed.	Value of vegetables supplied to prisoners.		Value of vegetables sold.		Average estimated monthly earning per head.	Total estimated earnings for the year.	Average number employed.	Estimated profits of year.		Average profits per head of those so employed.	Total estimated earnings of the Prisoners sentenced to Labor.		Average estimated earnings per head of Prisoners sentenced to labor.		No.
	Rs	As	Rs.	As		Rs.	As	Rs.	As	Rs As	Rs. As		Rs.	As	Rs As	Rs.	As	Rs	As	
52	4	...	2,496	..	61	1,538	10	264	7	4 ...	2,928 ...	330	8,894	7	26 15	22,790	7	32	1	
18·333	3	4	722	13	23·254	482	12	...	...	3 4	906 14	91·47	1,045	9	11 7	6,148	...	24	...	
9·73	4	2¾	487	2	2·56	86	2	...	...	2 13	86 6	...	...	...	.. ...	595	10	41	10	
28·363	3	11	1,209	15	25·814	568	14	...	...	3 6	993 4	91·47	1,045	9	11 7	6,743	10	24	...	
30·62	2	8	918	9	18·27	271	2	75	13	1 8	346 15	14·54	136	12	9 5	1,936	9	23	13	
...	...	...	...	...	9·04	57	15	4	13	0 9	62 12	9·0	303	12	33 12	1,718	12	24	5	
30·32	2	8	918	9	27·31	329	1	80	10	1 ..	409 11	23·54	440	8	25 9	3,655	6	27	4	
136·85	5	.	8,220	...	82·51	1,086	11	265	..	5 ...	4,954 4	36·98	3,909	9	100 13	23,114	5	51	15	
8·13	5	...	487	12	7·82	55	9	.....		5 ...	465 2	..	...	...	... ...	1,102	14	60	...	
7·09	5	...	425	6	5·80	196	5	164	4	5 ..	348 ..	3·77	226	3	60 ...	1,550	5	44	..	
155·07	5	...	9,133	2	96·3	1,338	9	429	4	5 ...	5,767 6	40·75	4,135	12	101 7	25,767	8	60	3	
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	...	
4·901	3	3½	189	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	... ...	189	10	38	..	
4·901	3	3½	189	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	... ...	189	10	38	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	..	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	8·46	285	8	33 11	285	8	33	11	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	8·46	285	8	33 11	285	8	33	11	
4·92	5	...	294	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.. ...	294	10	60	..	
8·05	5	...	483	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	... ...	483	7	60	...	
7·44	5	...	446	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	... ...	446	7	60	..	
20·42	5	...	1,224	8	...	...	...	..	..	.....	.. ..	...	...	...	.. ...	1,224	8	60	...	
288·374	4	6	15,171	12	210·254	3,775	2	774	5	4 ..	10,098 5	494·22	14,801	12	30 1	60,654	9	38	15	

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II. C.—12. *Shewing the Results of the Manufactories*

No.	Jail.	Cash.																		
		Debits.									Credits.									
		A			B			C			D			E			F		
		Balance at close of previous year.			Cash receipts during this year.			Total cash debits (against the Superintendent.)			Expended during the year.			Cash remitted to the Treasury.			Balance in hand at close of this year.		
		Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
1	Bangalore Central Jail	324	1	10	46,222	4	4	46,546	6	2	24,326	8	2	22,037	8	4	182	5	8
	District Jails.																		
2	Mysore ...	91	5	11	3,502	0	11	3,593	6	10	2,389	13	4	1,045	9	3	158	0	3
3	Hassan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	91	5	11	3,502	0	11	3,593	6	10	2,389	13	4	1,045	9	3	158	0	3
4	Kolar	...	...	...	109	12	3	109	12	3	50	0	0	59	12	3	...	...	...
5	Túmkúr ...	200	4	0	206	7	4	406	11	4	130	9	2	75	14	2	200	4	0
	Total.....	200	4	0	316	3	7	516	7	7	180	9	2	135	10	5	200	4	0
6	Shimoga ...	72	12	5	3,780	13	4	3,853	9	9	1,382	8	1	2,290	2	3	180	15	5
7	Kadur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Chitaldroog ...	10	4	0	417	8	4	427	12	4	25	0	0	402	12	4	...	...	...
	Total... ..	83	0	5	4,198	5	8	4,281	6	1	1,407	8	1	2,692	14	7	180	15	5
	Local Lock-ups.																		
9	Mysore District ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr do ...	...	...	...	33	2	2	33	2	2	...	...	...	33	2	2	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	33	2	2	33	2	2	...	...	...	33	2	2	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	698	12	2	54,272	0	8	54,970	12	10	28,304	6	9	25,944	12	9	721	9	4

in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.

4						5														6		7
Outstandings.						Stock.														Average actual cash earnings per head of average number of Prisoners sentenced to labor.		
A			B			Raw Material.				Manufactured Goods.				Plant and Machinery.								
						A		B		C		D		E		F						
Amount of Outstanding Bills due by the Jail.			Amount of Outstanding Bills due to the Jail.			Value at close of previous year.		Value at close of this year.		Value at close of previous year.		Value at close of this year.		Value at close of previous year.		Value at close of this year.					No.
Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	
5,787	8	5	462	11	4	1,010	0	0	1,148	5	0	2,501	10	0	2,339	6	10	5,190	13	6	5,274	7	9	31	6	0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	537	2	8	453	6	1	4,000	0	0	4,000	0	0	4	1	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
..	..	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	537	2	8	453	6	1	4,000	0	0	4,000	0	0	3	9	7
76	0	7	6	4	0	...	...	...	40	13	8	...	...	...	47	2	5	...	...	...	30	6	7	0	11	7
19	12	7	40	3	10	5	3	2	11	10	2	92	13	0	113	15	4	253	0	4	253	0	4	1	4	7
95	13	2	46	7	10	5	3	2	52	7	10	92	13	0	161	1	9	253	0	4	283	6	11	1	2	2
...	...	...	299	8	0	20	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	0	0	800	0	0	800	0	0	6	5	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	23	3	0	...	...	...	21	10	4	...	...	...	70	14	8	50	14	8	12	3	2
...	...	...	299	8	0	43	3	0	...	...	...	21	10	4	12	0	0	870	14	8	850	14	8	6	4	8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	14	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	14	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,883	5	7	803	11	2	1,058	6	2	1,200	12	10	3,153	4	0	2,965	14	8	10,314	12	6	10,408	13	4	16	10	7

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II. C.—13. *Shewing the Scales of Diet in force in the Jails of the Province of Mysore and the Average Cost of the Chief Articles composing it during the year* 1873.

No.	1 Jail.	2 Diet scale of laboring prisoners.	3 Diet scale of non-laboring prisoners.	4 Note of any change effected in either during the year.	5 Average Rate at which procured during the year. A Wheat per Re. 1. lbs.	oz.	B Meat per Re. 1. lbs.	oz.	C Dál per Re. 1. lbs.	oz.	D Rice per Re. 1. lbs.	oz.	E Salt per Re. 1. lbs.	oz.	F Ghee per Re. 1. lbs.	oz.	G Oil per Re. 1. lbs.	oz.	H Spices per Re. 1. lbs.	oz.	I Fish per Re. 1. lbs.	oz.	J Fuel per Re. 1. lbs.	oz.	S.	6 Average monthly cost of diet of each convict. A Laboring. Rs.	As.	P.	B Non-laboring. Rs.	As.	P.	No.
1	Bangalore Central Jail...	*Vide* Appendix A.		During this year meat was not stopped, but 2 oz of vegetables daily extra and 8 oz of Tyre weekly has been issued.	72	14	8	...	14	7	23	11	29	4	2	8	5	5	6	8	.....		183	.....		2	10	10	1	8	...	1
	District Jails.																														
2	Mysore ...	*Vide* Appendix A.		...																											2
3	Hassan ...	Do	do	..																											3
4	Kolar ...	Do	do	...	100	...	9	...	16	...	35	...	27	...	2	...	6	...	10	...	...		.....	.....		2	8	3	2	4	6	4
5	Túmkúr ...	Do	do	...	97	12	8	3	17	6	34	4	28	11	2	12	6	1	5	12	...		140	.....		2	1	.....	11	4	5
6	Shimoga ...	Do	B.	...	100	...	5	5	14	...	28	2	33	4	2	10	2	10	12	1	...		264	.....		1	9	3	1	5	8	6
7	Kadur ...	Do	A.	...	71	6	9	5	13	11	26	15	18	...	2	5	5	13	4	...	...		200	.....		2	8	...	2	...	6	7
8	Chitaldroog ...	Do	B.	...	49	...	3	14	13	7	36	5	26	6	...	...	5	12	...	...	...		213	5	...	2	3	6	1	8	...	8
		Do	do	...	111	4	8	6	18	13	28	6	21	11	2	6	6	8	97	9	...		192	14	...	2	5	6	2	3	6	9
	Local Lock-ups.																						220	...	..	1	10	5	1	4	5	10
9	Mysore District ...	One seer of ragi and ¾ of an anná per day.		..																											11
10	Hassan do ...			...																											12
11	Bangalore do ...	One seer of ragi and ¾ of an anna except in the Bangalore Taluk Lock-up, where the money allowance is four pies per day per prisoner.																					.....	.....	1	...	6	1	...	6	13
																							.....	.....		3	.....		1	6	14
12	Kolar District ...			...																											15
13	Túmkúr do ...			...																											16
14	Shimoga do ...			...																											17
15	Kadur do ...	One seer of ragi and ¾ of an anna.		...																											18
16	Chitaldroog do ...			...	92	11	.....		.....		29	9	.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....	.....								19
					50	9	.....		.....		32		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....	.....		1	7	9	1	7	9	20
					80	3	.....		.....		24		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....	.....		1	10	...	1	10	...	21
																										1	12	5	1	12	5	22

APPENDIX

New Scale of Dietary

Articles.	A. Class. Diet of Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment.								B. Class. Diet or long term prisoners for the first three months and for all not fit for hard labor.							
	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Remarks.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Remarks.
	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.		oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	
Rice	...	12	...	12	...	12	...		...	12	...	12	...	12	...	
Ragi	26	13	26	13	26	13	26		24	12	24	12	24	12	24	
Dâl or ballar	4	2	4	2	4	2	4		4	2	4	2	4	2	4	
Mutton	...	4	...	4	...	4	...		...	3	...	3	...	3	...	
Tyre and butter milk...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8		...	...	...	...	...	...	8	
Vegetables	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Salt	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾		¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	
Tamarind	½	½	½	½	½	½	½		½	½	½	½	½	½	½	
Gingelly oil	...	¼	...	¼	...	¼	¼		...	¼	...	¼	...	¼	¼	
Ghee	¼	...	¼	...	¼	...	...		¼	...	¼	...	¼	...	...	
Curry powder... ...	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾		¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	
Onions	½	½	½	½	½	½	½		½	½	½	½	½	½	½	
Garlic	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16		1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	
Pepper	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Coriander	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Chillies...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Firewood	2 or 1 lb. daily.								2 or 1 lb. daily.							

Men who do not eat meat to have Dâl 4 oz. daily, Ghee ¼ oz. on meat days.

A.

for Prisoners.

C. Class. Diet of Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment under one year.								D. Class. Non-laboring diet.								E. Class. Ordinary Hospital diet.							
Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Remarks.		Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Remarks.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Remarks.
oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.			oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.		oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	
...	...	...	...	..	24			..	..	..	...	...	...	20		...	10	..	10	..	10	..	
24	24	24	24	24	...			20	20	20	20	20	20	...		20	10	20	10	20	10	20	
3	3	3	3	3	3			2	2	2	2	2	2	2		3	2	3	2	3	2	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...			..	..	..	..	..	..	..		...	3	...	3	...	3	...	
...	...	..	...	...	...			..	..	..	..	..	..	..		...	...	...	...	...	...	8	
4	4	4	4	4	4			4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2 or 1 lb. daily.						Men who do not eat meat to get 4 oz. of Dál and ¼ oz. of Ghee on meat days.		2 or 1 lb. daily.							Under-trial Prisoners have meat once and twice a week, according to length of confinement.	2 or 1 lb. daily.							Mutton to be of the ordinary sort supplied to the Jail, but without bone. Prisoners who do not eat meat to receive ¼ oz. of Ghee or 8 oz. of Tyre in lieu thereof.

*Same as in Medical Code for Native patients.

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APPENDIX B.

Old Scale of Dietary for Prisoners.

	Articles of Diet.	Class A. Men sentenced to labor. lbs.	oz.	dr.	Class B. Men awaiting trial undergoing simple imprisonment, and women lbs.	oz.	dr.	Class C. Children of both sexes under 14 years of age. lbs.	oz.	dr.	Class D. Sick in Hospital. lbs.	oz.	dr.
1	Ragi Flour ...	1	8	0	1	4	0	1	0	0	Adults as class B. Children as Class C. But rice may be substituted for ragi and medical comforts and extra diet issued at the recommendation of the Medical Officer, for which a contingent bill is to be submitted.		
2	Dál or Ballar*...	0	4	0	0	2	0	0	2	0			
3	Vegetables ...	0	4	0	0	4	0	0	2	0			
4	Salt ...	0	0	8	0	0	8	0	0	6			
5	Tamarind ...	0	0	8	0	0	8	0	0	6			
6	Onions... ...	0	0	8	0	0	8	0	0	8			
7	Turmeric ...	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	½			
8	Coriander ...	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	½			
9	Chillies ...	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	2			
10	Black Pepper ...	0	0	½	0	0	½	0	0	¼			
11	Gingelly Oil ...	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	0	2			
	Total.....	2	2	1½	1	12	1½	1	5	9¼			
12	Firewood ...	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0			
	* To be issued on alternate days (*i. e.*) Dál one day, Ballar the next.	On Sundays an equal quantity of caru boiled rice to be substituted for ragi and 4 oz. meat added.			On Sundays an equal quantity of caru boiled rice to be substituted for ragi.			On Sundays an equal quantity of caru boiled rice to be substituted for ragi.					

Brahmans and inhabitants of the Malnad Taluks should be allowed to have rice instead of ragi, in the same quantity, and Brahmans and Lingayats sentenced to hard labor should be allowed half a pint of tyre on Sundays in lieu of the 4 oz. of meat allowed to lower caste prisoners.

II. C.—14. *Shewing the Expenditure incurred in the Construction of new Jails, of the Convicts in the Province of Mysore*

1	2	3	4	5				6			
Number.	Jail.	Estimated Cost of new Jail, if any sanctioned.	Expended on the construction of new Jail in previous year.	Expenditure on new Jail during the past year.				Expended during the past year on additions, alterations and repairs.			
				A		B		A		B	
				By Jail Department.		By Public Works Department.		By Jail Department.		By Public Works Department.	
		Rs. As P.	Rs. As P.	Rs.	As P.	Rs.	As P.	Rs.	As P.	Rs.	As P.
1	Bangalore Central Jail	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,249	12 0	2,626	9 9
	District Jails.										
2	Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	277	0 0	...	...
3	Hassan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	277	0 0	...	...
4	Kolar	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	0 0	...	...
5	Túmkúr	...	...	...	...	...	...	564	0 0	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	664	0 0	...	...
6	Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Kadur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Chitaldroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Local Lock-ups.										
9	Mysore District	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	7 6
13	Túmkúr do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	7 6
14	Shimoga District	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,190	12 0	2,668	1 3

and on additions, alterations and repairs with the gross and net cost during the year 1873, *including all charges.*

7			8			9			10			11			12			13
Total expended, Columns 5 and 6.			Expended on maintenance and guarding of the Prisoners during the past year as shewn in Statement No. IX.			Total Expenditure on the Prisoners of the Jails during the past year, Columns 7 and 8.			Deduct Cash Receipts remitted to the Treasury.			Net Cost to Government during the year per Convict.			Net Profit to Government during the year per Convict.			Number.
Rs.	As	P.	Rs.	As	P.	Rs.	As	P.	Rs.	As	P.	Rs.	As	P.	Rs.	As	P.	
3,873	5	9	59,497	5	11	63,373	11	8	22,037	8	4	30	15	9	...	...	...	
277	0	0	22,165	2	6	22,442	2	6	1,045	9	3	32	14	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2,946	12	4	2,946	12	4	...	...	...	15	1	9	...	...	...	
277	0	0	25,111	14	10	25,388	14	10	1,045	9	3	31	13	9	...	...	...	
100	0	0	6,386	5	9	6,486	5	9	59	12	3	21	12	3	...	...	...	
564	0	0	6,872	7	3	7,486	7	3	75	14	2	33	3	2	...	...	...	
664	0	0	13,258	13	0	13,922	13	0	135	10	5	26	10	9	...	...	...	
...	...	...	26,105	1	10	26,105	1	10	2,290	2	3	48	15	7	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1,818	7	3	1,818	7	3	...	...	...	13	5	0	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3,584	14	10	3,534	14	10	462	12	4	22	14	3	...	...	...	
...	...	...	31,508	7	11	31,508	7	11	2,692	14	7	85	2	10	..	...	...	
...	...	...	2,151	15	1¼	2,151	15	1	...	...	...	7	7	1	...	...	...	
..	...	.	1,880	6	10	1,880	6	10	...	..	...	9	0	8	..	...	...	
...	...	...	4,032	5	11¼	4,032	5	11	...	...	...	8	1	10	...	...	...	
41	7	6	1,757	14	9	1,799	6	3	...	...	...	3	2	0	...	...	...	
..	...	...	2,824	0	7	2,824	0	7	...	...	...	6	14	5	..	...	...	
..	...	...	1,026	6	0	1,026	6	0	33	2	2	3	8	0	...	...	...	
41	7	6	5,608	5	4	5,649	12	10	33	2	2	5	0	7	...	...	...	
..	...	...	993	2	11	993	2	11	...	...	...	3	1	1	...	...	...	
...	...	..	1,695	13	0	1,695	13	0	...	...	...	6	4	10	...	...	...	
..	...	...	1,189	3	11	1,189	3	11	...	...	...	4	5	5	..	...	...	
..	..	...	3,878	3	10	3,878	3	10	...	...	...	4	7	4	...	...	...	
4,858	13	3	1,42,914	13	9	1,47,773	11	0	25,944	12	9	19	6	8	...	...	...	

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II. C.—15. *Shewing the Sickness and Mortality among the Convicts*

No.	Jail.	3			4			5			6			7			8		
		Capacity of the Jail Barracks at 36 superficial feet per Prisoner.			Average number of Prisoners above capacity.			Average number of Prisoners below capacity.			Average daily strength during the year.			Total population during the year			Number admitted into Hospital during the year.		
		M.	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	722	78	800	...	..	...	17	53	70	705	25	730	1241	93	1,334	616	36	652
	District Jails.																		
2	Mysore ...	457	24	481	...	...	..	199·596	12·808	212·474	257·404	17·122	268·526	619	31	650	419	1	420
3	Hassan ...	52	10	62	...	...	...	31·956	8·384	40·340	20·044	1·616	21·660	177	19	196	23	..	23
	Total.....	509	34	543	..	...	...	231·552	21·192	252·814	277·448	12·738	290·186	796	50	846	442	1	443
4	Kolar ...	110	10	120	...	...	...	22·42	6·05	27·47	87·58	4·95	92·53	312	23	335	18	...	18
5	Túmkúr ...	300	30	330	...	...	...	235·82	23·53	259·35	64·18	6·47	70·65	219	23	242	79	3	82
	Total	410	40	450	..	...	...	258·24	28·58	286·82	151·76	11·42	163·18	531	46	577	97	3	100
6	Shimoga ..	300	25	325	67.61	4·71	72·32	...	...	...	248·60	25·40	274·00	659	57	696	179	13	192
7	Kadur ...	16·79	1·21	18·00	...	2·01	2·01	1·55	...	1·55	15·243	3·22	18·46	120	16	136	33	1	34
8	Chitaldroog ...	6·4	3·0	67·	...	3·03	3·03	34·82	...	34·82	29·18	6·03	35·21	120	19	139	70	2	72
	Total.....	323·79	29·21	410	12.53	5·44	17·97	...	...	...	293·32	34·65	427·97	879	92	971	282	16	298
	Local Lock-ups.																		
9	Mysore District..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7·131	·597	7·728	273	19	292	..	...	...
10	Hassan do ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	6·996	·381	7·077	195	13	208	...	..	..
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14·827	·978	14·805	468	32	500	..	...	...
11	Bangalore Dist...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	7·54	·79	8·33	364	55	419	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12·12	1·57	13·69	412	54	466	..	..	..
13	Túmkúr do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	7·83	·63	8·46	267	29	296	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	27·49	2·99	30·48	1043	138	1181	...	...	...
14	Shimoga Dist ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	4·61	·31	4·92	301	23	324	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7·33	·72	8·05	243	25	268	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	6·42	1·03	7·45	242	31	273	..	...	...
	Total.....	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	18·36	2·06	20·42	786	79	865	...	...	...
	Grand Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1587·787	89·54	1,677·327	5,744	530	6274	1437	56	1493

in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.

9	10									11			12																13
Daily average number of sick during the year.	Number of Deaths.									Ratio of Deaths per cent of "Total Population."			Ratio per cent of average strength.																No.
	A			B			C						A			B			C			D			E			
	In Hospital.			Out of Hospital			Total.						Of admissions into Hospital.			Of daily average number of sick.			Of deaths from cholera.			Of deaths from all other causes both in and out of Hospital			Of deaths from all causes both in and out of Hospital.			
M	F	Total	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	
19½	2		20	6	2			6	2	8	·483		2·150	·599	87·375	144		89·315	2·765		2	2·739			·851	8	1·095	·851	8	1·095	
10·120	·016		130	12				12		12	1·938			1·938	163·552	8·991		156·409	3·331		·089	3·772			4661		4·468	4·468		4·468	
·334			35												106·18			106·18	1·66			1·84									
10·454	·01		146	2				12		12	1·5			1·5	159·3	7·9		152·6	3·7		·08	3·6			43		4·1	4·3		4·1	
·59			59	2				2		2	·64			·59	20·55			19·4	·67			·63			2·28		2·106	2·28		2·106	
1·89	·04		185												123·09	46·36		116·06	2·94		·61	2·73									
2·48	·01		2					2		2	·41			·41	63·91	26·27		61·28	1·63		·35	1·54			1·31		1·22	1·31		1·22	
5·42	·13			3				3		3	0·43			0·43	51·3	51·1		51·2	1·5		60·05	1·60			0·80		0·80	0·80		0·80	
0·63	0·01			1				1		1	12·94			2·94	216·	31·		184·	4·		·3	4·0			2·94		2·94	2·94		2·94	
2·55	0·12			1				1		1	10·72			0·72	240·	33·3		204·5	7·24		0·34	7·58			2·84		2·84	2·84		2·84	
8·60	·29		8·89	5				5		5	·56			·51	71·5	42·5		69·6	2·3		·8	2·1			1·3		1·2	1·3		1·2	
41·034	·84		1453	28	2			25	2	27	·44	·37	·43	90·5	62·2	89·		2·5	1·1	2·5					1·5	2·2	1·6	1·5	2·2	1·6	

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II. C.—16. *Shewing the Chief Forms of Sickness and Causes of Mortality*

No.	Jail.	I.—General															
		Sub-Division A.												Sub-			
		Small-pox.		Intermittent Fever.		Remittent and continued Fever.		Cholera.		Other diseases of Sub-division A.		Total of Sub-division A.		Scrofula.		Phthisis Pulmonalis	
		A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D
1	Bangalore Central Jail	...	...	118	9	1	...	...	...	25	...	144	...	...	...	...	...
	District Jails.																
2	Mysore	...	...	119	...	...	...	...	...	149	1	268	1	...	...	...	...
3	Hassan	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	128	...	...	...	...	...	149	1	277	1	...	...	...	...
4	Kolar	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...
5	Túmkúr	...	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	...	...	...	...	...
6	Shimoga	...	...	65	...	5	1	...	...	7	...	77	1	...	...	1	1
7	Kadur	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	24	...	...	...	...	...
8	Chitaldroog	...	...	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	99	...	5	1	...	...	26	...	130	1	...	...	1	1
	Local Lock-ups.																
9	Mysore District	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total	...	...	380	...	6	1	...	...	200	1	586	2	...	...	1	1

among the Convicts of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.

Diseases.								II.—Local Diseases.														No.
Division D.						Total of General Diseases.		1		2		3		4		5		6		7		
Anæmia.		Other Diseases of Sub-division B.		Total of Sub-division B.				Of the Nervous System.		Of the eye.		Of the ear.		Of the nose.		Of the Circulatory System.		Of the Absorbent System.		Of the ductless glands.		
A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	
...	...	15	...	15	...	159	...	17	1	11	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	6	2	9	2	277	3	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	10	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	7	2	10	2	287	3	5	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	1	...	...	1	1	5	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
1	1	1	...	2	1	37	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	7	...	9	1	86	2	3	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	1	3	1	32	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	10	1	12	2	142	3	3	..	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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5	1	33	3	39	5	625	7	26	1	16	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

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124

No.	Jail.	II. Local.													
		8		9											
		Of the Respiratory System.		Of the Digestive System.											
				Dysentery.		Diarrhœa.		Hepatitis.		Jaundice.		Other Diseases of No. 9.		Total of No. 9.	
		A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D
1	Bangalore Central Jail.	10	1	15	2	47	...	...	...	2	...	67	...	131	2
	District Jails.														
2	Mysore	3	...	49	3	35	4	...	...	...	...	6	1	90	8
3	Hassan	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	7	...
	Total.....	3	...	50	3	36	4	...	...	...	...	11	1	97	8
4	Kolar	..	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	1
5	Túmkúr	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	7	...
	Total.....	..	...	1	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	5	...	10	1
6	Shimoga	6	...	17	...	19	...	2	...	2	...	14	...	54	...
7	Kadur	...	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
8	Chitaldroog ..	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	13	..
	Total... ..	6	...	18	...	30	...	2	...	2	...	16	...	68	...
	Local Lock-ups.														
9	Mysore District ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
10	Hassan do ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
	Total.....	..	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District ...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...
13	Túmkúr	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
14	Shimoga District ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do ...	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	19	1	84	5	117	5	2	...	4	..	99	1	306	11

(Continued.)

DISEASES.—(*Continued.*)

10		11		12		13		14								Total of Local Diseases.		No.
								Of the Cutaneous System.										
Of the Urinary System.		Of the Generative System.		Of the Organs of Locomotion.		Of the Cellular System.		Ulcer.		Boil.		Other Diseases of No. 14.		Total of No. 14.				
A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	
6	..	1	...	2	...	42	...	44	...	94	...	78	1	216	1	439	5	
...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	2	...	23	...	17	...	42	...	145	9	
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	2	..	5	...	13	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	4	...	24	...	19	...	47	...	158	9	
...	..	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	4	...	7	...	12	1	
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	16	...	10	...	9	...	35	...	43	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	19	...	10	...	13	...	42	...	55	1	
1	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	6	...	3	...	6	...	15	...	95	...	
4	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	1	
1	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	2	...	2	...	1	...	5	...	28	...	
6	...	5	1	...	...	19	...	8	...	5	...	7	...	20	...	133	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
12	...	6	1	3	...	67	1	75	...	133	...	117	1	325	1	785	16	

No.	Jail.	III.—Conditions.			IV.—Poisons.		V.—Injuries.													
		General Debility.		Other Conditions.		Total Conditions.			*2		3		4		5		Total of Injuries.	
									Accidental.		Homicidal.		Self-inflicted.		Judicial.			
		A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	12	3	4	...	16	3	...	43	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	53	...	...	...
	District Jails.																			
2	Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...
3	Hassan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...
4	Kolar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
5	Túmkúr	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...
	Total	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...
6	Shimoga	2	1	...	...	2	1	...	8	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	9	...	...	...
7	Kadur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Chitaldroog	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...
	Total	10	1	...	...	10	1	...	13	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	14	...	...	...
	Local Lock-ups.																			
9	Mysore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total	23	4	4	...	27	4	1	65	...	...	...	1	...	10	...	76	...	...	...

* No. 1 Column omitted.

(*Concluded.*)

VI.—SURGICAL OPERATIONS.		General Total.		Ratio of Admissions and Deaths per cent of average strength from—										No
				Intermittent Fever.		Remittent and continued Fever.		Cholera.		Dysentery.		Diarrhœa.		
A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	
	...	667	8	16·164	...	·136	...	...	...	2·054	·273	6.43	...	
..	...	425	12	44·315	...	...	...	..	...	18·247	1·117	13·034	1·489	
..	...	23	...	41·3	...	...	..	...	...	4·6	...	4·6	...	
..	...	448	12	44·1	...	...	...	...	...	17·2	1·03	12·3	1·3	
.	.	18	2	4·32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·16	1·08	
..	...	82	...	43·87	...	...	...	...	...	1·41	...	2·83	...	
..	...	100	2	23·03	...	...	...	...	...	0·66	...	2·63	·66	
..	...	192	3	17·87	...	1·51	0·25	...	...	4.53	...	6·04	0·25	
..	..	34	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	73	1	...	...	...	. .	..	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	299	5	17·87	...	1·51	0·25	...	...	4·53	...	6·04	0·25	
.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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..	...	1,514	27	22·6	...	·36	·06	...	...	5·0	0·3	6·9	0·3	

H. C.—17. *Shewing the monthly rates of admissions into Hospital, of daily average sick, and during the*

1	2	3			4			5			6			7			8		
No.	Jail.	January.			February.			March.			April.			May.			June.		
		Ratio per cent of average strength of—			Ratio per cent of average strength of—			Ratio per cent of average strength of—			Ratio per cent of average strength of—			Ratio per cent of average strength of—			Ratio per cent of average strength of—		
		Admissions.	Daily sick.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Daily sick.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Daily sick.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Daily sick.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Daily sick.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Daily sick.	Deaths.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	7·713	2·381	·140	6·329	2·953	·140	12·022	2·689	...	8·977	2·624	...	9·266	3·387	·138	7·458	3·314	·138
	District Jails.																		
2	Mysore ...	8·207	2·009	...	5·430	1·521	·387	14·414	1·926	...	31·391	5·506	·413	38·750	8·757	·399	14·576	5·209	...
3	Hassan ...	13·491	·44	...	10·728	·954	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17·064	2·934	...	...	...	...
4	Kolar ...	1·21	1·	...	1·47	·25	1·	1·57	·58	1·0	6·21	1·73	...	8·86	1·45	...	1·25	1·0	...
5	Túmkúr ...	12·73	4·28	...	16·98	2·88	...	11·32	2·87	...	15·56	2·83	...	12·73	2·77	...	9·90	2·95	...
6	Shimoga ...	4·73	1·21	...	3·01	1·41	...	3·68	1·31	...	2·38	0·30	0·27	5·30	1·48	...	4·13	1·29	...
7	Kadur ...	42·44	8·74	...	11·52	1·61	...	20·81	8·43	...	25·73	5·76	...	4·22	3·42	...	5·31	1·59	...
8	Chitaldroog ...	5·39	...	...	25·56	6·39	...	17·04	9·71	...	31·24	16·27	...	19·87	9·88	...	8·52	6·73	...
	Local Lock-ups.																		
9	Mysore District.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

deaths per cent of average strength of the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore *ear* 1873.

9			10			11			12			13			14			15			16
July.			August.			September.			October.			November.			December.			Total.			
Ratio per cent of average strength of—			Ratio per cent of average strength of—			Ratio per cent of average strength of—			Ratio per cent of average strength of—			Ratio per cent of average strength of—			Ratio per cent of average strength of—			Ratio per cent of average strength of—			No.
Admissions.	Daily sick.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Daily sick.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Daily sick.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Daily sick.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Daily sick.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Daily sick.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Daily sick.	Deaths.	
9·103	2·206	·136	6·425	2·374	...	6·887	2·913	·132	7·258	2·822	...	6·811	3·133	...	5·630	2·680	·268	89·315	2·739	1·095	
9·115	3·957	1·139	7·850	2·923	·714	8·157	3·606	...	7·272	3·590	·692	5·655	2·938	...	10·986	3·329	·665	156·409	3·768	4·468	
0·236	1·822	..	1·623	1·112	...	16·	3·6	...	14·069	5·14	..	7·742	2·063	...	..	...	...	136·18	1·54	...	
1·20	·22	...	...	...	...	·91	·63	..	·84	·35	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	19·4	·63	2·106	
4·27	2·84	...	1·41	1·44	...	9·90	1·44	...	2·83	·08	...	4·24	·05	...	14·15	2·91	...	116·06	2·73	...	
4·02	1·42	...	5·45	2·17	...	6·41	2·19	0·71	4·58	1·21	...	5·15	1·45	0·43	3·72	1·57	...	51·2	1·60	·80	
6·82	6·50	...	18·13	2·62	4·53	...	...	...	20·23	3·44	...	21·18	2·12	...	20·8	2·41	...	18·4	4·	2·94	
...	...	...	11·36	3·66	...	17·04	9·74	2·84	34·08	10·54	...	22·72	9·57	...	11·36	6·05	...	204·5	7·58	2·84	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

H. C.—18. *Shewing the Mortality among the Convicts of the Province of*

No.	Jail.	Under 16 years.						16 to 20.						20 to 30.					
		Average number.		Number of deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		Average number.		Number of deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		Average number.		Number of deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	District Jails.																					
2	Mysore													97·953	6·107	1	...	1·021	...	·960
3	Hassan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total													97·953	6·107	1	...	1·021	...	·960
4	Kolar													33·69	...	1	...	2·95	...	2·95
5	Túmkúr	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total													33·69	...	1	...	2·95	...	2·95
6	Shimoga													190·	25·	1	...	0·05	...	0·05
7	Kadur													15·24	3·22	1	...	5·42	...	5·42
8	Chitaldroog													29·18	...	1	...	3·43	...	3·43
	Total													234·42	28·22	3	...	1·2	...	1·14
	Local Lock-ups.																					
9	Mysore													...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total													...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore													...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar													...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total													...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga													. .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur													...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total													...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total													366.06	34·327	5	...	1·36	...	1·2

Mysore during the year 1873, *according to Age and Sex.*

6							7						8						9
30 to 40.							40 to 50.						Above 50.						No.
Average number.		Number of deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.			Average number.		Number of deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		Average number.		Number of deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		
M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	
273	5	5	1	1·831	20	2·166	123	2	1	...	·813	...	18	73	2	...	1	...	50	1·3	
87·393	2·520	8	...	9·142	..	8·897	48·103	1·263	3	...	6·236	...	6·077	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
87·393	2·520	8	...	9·142	..	8·897	48·103	1·263	3	...	6·236	...	6·077	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27·85	...	1	..	3·59	...	3·59	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27·85	...	1	...	3·59	..	3·59	
49	22	1	...	2·04	...	1·4	69	2	1	...	1·49	..	1·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
49	22	1	...	2·04	...	1·4	69	2	1	...	1·49	...	1·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
409·393	29·52	14	1	3·42	3·4	·22	240·103	5·263	5	..	2·08	..	2·04	130·85	2	1	1	·99	50·	1·9	

II. C.—19. *Shewing the Mortality among the Convicts in the Jails* *length of*

1	2	3	4			5			6			7		
			Under one month in Jail.			From 1 to 3 Months.			3 to 6 Months.			6 to 9 Months.		
No.	Jail.	Average term of residence.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	...	...	...	...	64	2	3·125	77	2	2·597	...	...	...
	District Jails.	Y. M.												
2	Mysore ...	1 5¼	...	...	...	47·633	2	4·199	39·76	...	...	24·573	1	4·069
3	Hassan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	47·633	2	4·199	39·76	...	...	24·573	1	4·069
4	Kolar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Túmkúr ...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Shimoga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	67	1	1·49
7	Kadur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Chitaldroog ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35·21	1	2·84	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35·21	1	2·84	67	1	1·49
	Local Lock-ups.													
9	Mysore District ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..
10	Hassan do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do ..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	...	...	...	...	111·633	4	3·5	151·97	3	1·9	91·573	2	2·1

of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873, *according to imprisonment.*

8			9			10			11			12			13			14
9 to 12 Months.			1 to 2 Years.			2 to 3 Years.			3 to 5 Years.			5 to 10 Years.			Above 10 Years.			
Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	No.
...	...	...	129	2	1·550	37	1	2·702	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	1	2·173	
19·207	1	5·206	25·369	2	7·884	...	...	..	...	...	...	28·559	6	21·009	...	...	..	
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
19·207	1	5·206	25·369	2	7·884	...	...	...	...	...	...	28·559	6	21·009	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2	40	...	...	...	...	...	..	
97	2	2·06	...		...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18·46	1	5·42	...	..	...	
...	...	..	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	..	
97	2	2·06	..	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	18·46	1	5·42	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
116·207	3	2·6	154·369	4	2·5	37	1	2·702	5	2	40	47·019	7	14·9	46	1	2·173	

II. C.—20. *Shewing the State of Health of the Convicts admitted into, and discharged from, the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1873.

1	2	3			4			5		6		
No.	Jail.	State of health on admission into Jail of those admitted during the year.			State of health on discharge from Jail of those discharged during the year.			No. of those discharged.		State of health on their admission into Jail of those who died during the year.		
		A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	A	B	C
		Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.	Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.	Who gained weight during imprisonment	Who lost weight.	Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.
1	Bangalore Central Jail	498	105	22	571	3	1	488	87	9	2	3
	District Jails.											
2	Mysore... ...	255	127	16	208	37	3	305	16	3	8	1
3	Hassan... ...	171	7	4	155	6	..	168	3	..	...	...
	Total.....	426	134	20	463	43	3	473	19	3	8	1
4	Kolar	217	8	18	183	18	...	185	16	2	...	...
5	Túmkúr ...	132	21	...	143	16	1	132	28	..	...	...
	Total.....	349	29	18	326	34	1	317	44	2	..	...
6	Shimoga ...	313	1	9	287	4	4	298	5	1	1	1
7	Kadur ...	94	21	7	89	21	3	80	33	..	...	1
8	Chitaldroog ...	83	19	.	113	...	...	98	...	1	...	...
	Total.....	490	81	16	489	25	7	476	38	2	1	2
	Local Lock-ups.											
9	Mysore District ..	280	...	...	289	...	..	...	..	...		...
10	Hassan do ..	165	29	9	185	14	...	179	20	...	.	...
	Total	445	29	9	474	14	...	179	20	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District	417	...	...	418	..	1	...	...	...	..	...
12	Kolar do ...	461	..	...	447	...	..	...	...	...	...	..
13	Túmkúr do ...	287	...	...	291	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	1,165	...	...	1,156	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District...	323	..	..	320	..	...	..	...	...	...	..
15	Kadur do ...	254	...	...	244	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do ...	285	...	...	268	...	..	...	..	...	...	...
	Total.....	842	..	...	832	...	..	...	..	..	...	...
	Grand Total. ...	4,195	378	86	4,311	119	13	1,993	208	10	11	6

II. C.—21. *Shewing Particulars regarding Civil Prisoners*

1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10	
No.	Lock-up or Jail.	Number remained at close of previous year.		Number received during the year.		Total Population.		Average daily number.		Released during the year.		Escaped.		Transferred.		Died.	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	7	1	66	4	73	5	9·163	·481	60	5						
	District Jails.																
2	Mysore ...	7		47	1	54	1	4·562	·038	45	1						
3	Hassan ...			8		8		·742		6							
	Total	7		55	1	62	1	5·304	·038	51	1						
4	Kolar ...	9		33	1	42	1	7·34	·08	39	1						
5	Tumkúr ...			7	1	7	1	1·15	·40	7	1						
	Total	9		40	2	49	2	8·49	·48	46	2						
6	Shimoga ...	5		4	1	9	1	1·71	...	8	1						
7	Kadura ...	2		10		12		0·26	...	11							
8	Chitaldroog ...			15		13		0·38	...	8							
	Total	7		27	1	34	1	2·35	...	27	1						
	Local Lock-ups.																
9	Mysore District ...								...								
10	Hassan do ...			9		9		·282	...	9							
	Total			9		9		·282	...	9							
11	Bangalore District ...								...								
12	Kolar do ...								...								
13	Túmkúr do ...			1		1		40	...								
	Total			1		1		48	...								
14	Shimoga District ...								...								
15	Kadur do ...			4		4		0·05	...	4							
16	Chitaldroog do ...			2		2		0·04	...	2							
	Total			6		6		·09	...	6							
	Grand Total...	30	1	204	8	234	9	26·159	·999	199	9						

in the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.

11	12		13		14		15								16										17
							Hospital.								Cost.										
							A		B		C		D		A		B		C		D				
Remaining on 31st December 1873.	Capacity of Barracks at 36 superficial feet.		Average number of Prisoners above capacity.		Average number of Prisoners below capacity.		Number of admissions.		Daily average sick.		Number of deaths.		Ratio of the per cent of average strength.		Guard and Establishment			Other Charges			Total Cost.			Average Cost per Prisoner.		
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Rs.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
13		25				15									376	3	6	17	1	3	393	4	9	39	5	3
9															31	9					31	9		6	11	9
2															23	6	4				23	6	4	31	8	1
11															54	15	4				54	15	4	10	4	6
3	2·25	2·25	5·09			2·17									330	7	1	26	2	3	356	9	4	48		10
	4·0	5·0				2·85	5·80								81	2	5	8	8	3	89	10	8	57	13	2
3	6·25	8·25	2·24			7·77									411	9	6	34	10	6	446	4		48	7	5
1	21					19·29		1		0·05					62	8	1				62	8	1	36	8	10
1	1					10·74		1		0·03					41	5	9				41	5	9	53		5
5	9					2·62									84	12	11	3	11	7	88	8	6	78	5	6
7	56					32·65		2		·08					188	10	9	3	11	7	192	6	4	81	13	11
															36	12	5				36	12	5	130	6	7
															36	12	5				36	12	5	130	6	7
1															11	7	8		5	8	11	13	4	24	9	3
1															11	7	8		5	8	11	13	4	24	9	3
															12	7	7		5	11	12	13	6	256	14	
															9	3	5		8	2	9	11	7	88	6	5
															21	11			14	1	22	9	1	250	6	5
35								2		·08					1101	6	2	56	11	1	1158	1	3	42	14	3

II. C—22. *Shewing Particulars regarding the Persons under*

1	2	3		4		5			6			7			8		
No.	Jail or Lock-up.	Number remained at close of previous year.		Number received during the year.		Total Population.			Average daily number			Released during the year.			Convicted and sentenced.		
		M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail	1		10	3	11	3	14	·951	·512	1.463	2	1	3	6	1	7
	District Jails.																
2	Mysore	1	1	80	13	81	14	95	5·976	1·070	7·046	50	11	61	80	5	85
3	Hassan	8	...	320	25	328	25	353	9·507	·493	10·000	219	19	238	94	5	99
	Total.....	9	1	400	38	409	39	448	15·483	1·563	17·046	269	30	299	124	8	132
4	Kolar ...	1	..	88	8	89	8	97	2·14	·54	2·68	30	2	32	59	5	64
5	Tumkur ...	1	1	104	10	104	11	115	5·23	·46	5·69	34	7	41	69	4	73
	Total.....	2	1	191	18	193	19	212	7·37	1·00	8·37	64	9	73	128	9	137
6	Shimoga ...	24	...	132	31	156	31	187	18·20	3·65	21·85	69	7	76	77	20	97
7	Kadur ...	2	..	145	17	147	17	164	12·32	2·01	14·33	61	3	67	80	13	93
8	Chitaldroog ...	16	1	134	16	150	17	167	6·89	1·20	8·09	85	4	87	65	13	78
	Total ...	42	1	411	64	453	65	518	37·91	6·86	44·77	216	14	230	225	46	269
	Local Lock-ups.																
9	Mysore District. ...	27	1	760	48	787	49	836	24·372	2·274	26·646	543	38	581	251	11	262
10	Hassan do ...	3	1	374	32	377	33	410	12·309	·888	13·197	287	25	312	86	8	94
	Total.....	30	2	1,134	80	1,164	82	1,246	36·681	3·162	39·843	830	63	893	337	19	356
11	Bangalore District..	23	..	1,168	119	1,191	119	1,310	23·97	2·11	29·03	648	67	715	512	50	562
12	Kolar do ...	2	2	288	24	290	26	316	14·18	1·29	15·47	165	17	182	121	9	130
13	Tumkur do ...	14	...	360	32	374	32	406	11·90	1·40	13·30	245	18	263	126	12	138
	Total. .. .	39	2	1,816	175	1,855	177	2,032	53·05	4·80	57·85	1,058	102	1,160	759	71	830
14	Shimoga District...	27	6	438	46	465	52	517	22·03	5·45	27·48	233	35	268	217	15	232
15	Kadur do ...	10	...	324	24	334	24	358	11·09	0.95	12·04	160	9	169	161	13	174
16	Chitaldroog do ...	25	3	250	31	275	34	309	9·22	1.04	10·26	127	18	145	138	15	153
	Total.....	62	9	1,012	101	1,074	110	1,184	42·34	7·44	49·78	520	62	582	516	43	559
	Grand Total...	185	16	4,974	479	5,159	495	5,654	193·785	25·340	219.125	2,959	281	3,240	2,073	197	2,270

Trial in the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.

9			10			11			12			13																14			
												Cost.																Hospital			
												A			B			C			D			E			A	B	C	D
Transferred, &c.			Escaped.			Died.			Remaining on 31st December 1873.			Rations.			Guards and establishment.			Other charges.			Total.			Annual cost per head of average strength.			Number of admissions.	Daily average sick.	Number of deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average strength.
M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A	P.				
3	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	2	4	59	14	3	10	2	9	96	3	4	64	2	3	..	...	...	...
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	1	145	7	11	126	4	4	19	....		290	12	3	41	2	6	2	·82	...	...
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	1	16	173	13	11	335	10	...	47	10	8	557	2	7	55	11	3	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	1	17	319	5	10	461	14	4	66	10	8	847	14	10	49	11	9	2	·82	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	52	7	1	108	3	5	8	9	2	169	3	8	63	4	1	..	..	...	...
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	141	11	11	298	13	2	11	9	...	452	2	1	79	7	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	194	3	..	407	...	7	20	2	2	621	5	9	74	3	1	..	...	...	...
.	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	8	5	11	559	3	5	831	6	1	43	3	5	1,433	12	11	65	5	...	12	0·51	1	4·5
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	4	350	.	5	708	1	3	137	1	9	1,195	3	5	80	9	6	24	0·51	..	...
..	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	..	...	126	12	9	509	12	6	36	10	5	673	3	8	83	3	5	1	0·04	1	12·5
...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	4	11	4	15	1,036	...	7	2,049	3	10	216	15	7	3,302	4	...	73	12	2	37	1·06	2	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	..	13	352	8	11½	3,223	11	3	133	8	3¼	3,709	12	5	139	3	7	...	...	...	..
..	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	3	257	2	4	2,131	5	11	113	10	11	2,562	3	2	189	9	7	...	..	...	...
...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	16	..	16	609	11	3½	5,355	1	2	247	3	2¼	6,211	15	7	155	14	9	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	2	33	571	12	10	4,055	6	3	224	7	8	4,851	10	9	166	13	...	..	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	..	4	185	12	9	1,842	4	4	117	3	3	2,145	4	4	138	10	5	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	2	1	3	88	6	7	1,302	9	3	58	...	...	1,448	15	10	108	13	1	1	·03	1	7·51
..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	37	3	40	846	...	2	7,200	3	10	399	10	11	8,445	14	11	145	15	8	1	·03	1	1·72
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	2	17	372	8	7	2,810	11	10	57	8	9	3,240	13	2	117	14	11	...	...	...	...
.	..	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	12	2	14	219	14	3	1,483	3	3	57	3	1	1,760	4	7	146	3	3	1	0·01	...	...
.	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	1	11	123	4	10	871	5	9	52	3	5	1,046	14	...	101	15	...	..	..	....	...
..	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	37	5	42	715	11	8	5,165	4	10	166	15	3	6,046	15	9	120	15	4	1	·01	...	..
3	1	4	2	...	2	4	2	6	118	14	132	3,747	2	10½	20,698	10	10	1,127	12	6¼	25,537	10	2	116	11	4	41	1·92	3	1·8

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II. D.—(A) *General Statement of Crime shewing the Result of Police Operations in the Town and District of*

PART I.—

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Cases. Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under enquiry during the year.	Investigation. By Police *suo motu*.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 63 of Criminal Procedure Code in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 6 to VIII in which conviction was obtained.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class I.—Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.						
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code. ...		1	...	1	...	...	...
1	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467, and 471 ...	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government notes.	25	...	25	...	...	8
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	3	..	3	...	...	...
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ..	14	...	14	...	...	11
5	143 to 155, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly ...	27	..	26	1	...	22
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	4	...	4	...	...	3
		Total.....	74	...	73	1	...	44
		Class II.—Serious Offences against the Person.						
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by thugs	...	...	...	...	..	..
9		Do dacoits	2	..	2	...	..	1
10		Do robbers	...	...	...	...	...	..
11		Do poison	10	..	10	...	...	5
12		Other murders...	44	2	41	2	...	19
13	307	Attempts at murder	19	1	20	..	...	8
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	26	1	27	...	...	13
15	376	Rape	13	...	13	...	...	.
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ...	34	1	34	...	..	18
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	48	...	47	...	...	21
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession. . .	..	..	...	..	...	.
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	71	1	67	3	...	30
21	328	Administering stupefying, drug * cause hurt ..	9	...	8	..	..	5
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession...	4	...	4	...	...	1
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	86	3	82	5	...	34
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	25	...	22	1	...	3
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion ...	15	...	14	...	..	4
26	372, 373	Selling letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution . ..	..	..	..	..	..	.
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves .	...	..	..	...	..	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ...	56	1	57	..	.	28
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	...	..	.	...	...	...
		Total.	463	10	448	11	..	198

Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property stolen in the Cantonment Bangalore for the year 1873.

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

PERSONS.																PROPERTY.			
Number arrested.								Acquitted or discharged after trial.				Number pending at end of year.							
Pending at end of last year.	Received by Transfer.	Total.	Within the year.		Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8.)								In custody of Police.	On bail.						
10	104	106	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
..	...	...	1	...	...	..	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
..	...	1	51	...	6	14	30	17	1	10	..	..	2	...	2	1	1	1	1
..	...	..	3	..	..	..	3	3	...	...	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
..	...	..	20	..	..	1	19	7	...	12	...	..	..	..	...	1	...	22	...
2	...	2	291	1	..	36	258	60	...	198	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
...	...	..	6	..	..	2	4	..	...	4	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	..	3	372	1	6	53	315	88	1	224	...	...	2	..	2	2	1	23	1
..	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
..	..	...	13	...	...	..	10	...	...	7	...	3	..	3	...	2	2	68	8
..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	19	...	1	4	14	2	4	5	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...
..	..	4	146	3	3	47	93	15	20	44	...	...	...	14	10	1	2	265	2,065
..	..	6	37	..	...	17	24	2	6	12	...	1	...	2	3	1	...	79	...
3	..	3	48	...	...	10	35	7	4	21	1	...	2	5	1	...	...	...	...
..	..	...	14	...	...	8	4	3	..	...	...	..	...	1	2	1	...	5	...
..	..	...	1	...	...	1	.	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
1	..	1	46	...	...	7	40	6	...	26	1	..	..	4	3	...	...	...	...
4	..	4	45	...	3	13	33	11	..	22	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
..	..	..	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
..	..	2	153	4	..	48	111	40	1	66	...	..	..	4	...	..	..	...	...
..	..	2	12	..	...	2	12	4	.	8	...	..	..	...	.	1	...	24	...
..	..	...	18	...	...	11	7	5	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	...	...	...	...
5	..	5	93	22	..	82	131	51	..	79	..	4	..	4	...	...	...	...	...
..	..	..	68	9	..	48	26	20	2	4	...	3	...	...	...	1	1	36	3 6
..	..	..	12	...	..	1	11	6	..	5	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..
..	..	..	..	...	...	...	..	..	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
..	..	..	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	..	7	119	18	1	67	74	31	..	43	...	.	..	2	...	8	4	380	26
..	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	..	34	954	56	8	366	625	203	7	344	2	11	2	39	22	15	9	857	2,135

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Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Cases.					
			Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Investigation.			Number of cases in columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.
					By Police *suo motu*.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has reported to enquire.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class III.—Serious Offences against person & property or against property only.						
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	46	7	49	...	...	13
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity.	2	...	2	...	...	1
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt { by poisonous or stupefying drugs. / by other means	12	...	10	...	..	4
33	392, 393	Robbery ... ... { in dwelling house... / on the highway, between sunset and sunrise ... / other robberies	45	...	45	...	...	13
			28	2	28	...	...	9
			99	...	94	3		
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	71	1	66	1	...	30
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	676	25	629	3	...	11
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	29	1	28	...	...	186
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually. .	...	1	1	...	..	18
		Total.....	1,008	37	952	7	...	...
		Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.						285
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	5	..	5	..	...	4
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	96	1	73	23	...	41
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ...	3	...	3	...	...	2
41	374	Compulsory labor	1	...	1	...	...	...
		Total.....	105	1	82	23	...	47
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.						
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ...	118	2	95	4	...	34
43	379 to 382	Theft ... { Of cattle ... ... / Ordinary	2,088	24	1995	46	3	1176
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	60	4	52	7	...	15
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	51	5	56	...	..	23
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	209	...	153	39	...	98
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	23	..	22	...	...	4
		Total.....	2,549	35	2374	96	3	1348
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves	...	...	...	...	...	...
49	Chapter XIX, C. P. C. ...	Vagrancy and bad character	79	...	74	5	...	77
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	1	...	1	..	..	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ...	4	...	4	...	...	4
52		Excise Laws	1	...	1	...	...	1
53		Railway Laws	1	...	1	...	...	1
54		Salt and Custom Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		Stage Carriage Act	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		Stamp Act	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or local laws ...	Public and local nuisances	965	2	959	8	..	909
58		Other special and local laws cognizable by Police ..	80	..	80	...	...	73
		Total.. ..	1,131	2	1120	13	.	1068
		Grand Total.....	5,380	85	5049	151	3	2982

(*Continued*)

PERSONS.																PROPERTY.			
Number arrested.							Acquitted or discharged after Trial.				Number pending at end of year.								
			Within the year.								Before being put on Trial.								
Pending at end of last year.	Received by Transfer.	Total.	By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8.)	Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.* died, &c., after commencement of trial.	In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
10	10a	10b	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
22	...	22	259	...	6	92	143	55	17	51	..	5	14	5	36	39	17	15,044	507
..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
...	...	..	25	..	..	7	9	..	..	9	..	1	..	..	8	4	2	392	1
..	..	..	123	...	1	69	53	34	...	19	...	..	...	...	...	25	17	1,408	136
6	..	6	75	...	..	46	35	7	...	21	...	...	..	7	...	22	12	707	115
...	..	..	271	7	...	176	100	42	...	50	...	1	...	8	1	53	26	3,557	313
3	..	3	104	4	..	47	63	24	...	35	3	1	..	...	1	..	...	...	...
32	...	32	876	4	3	340	534	201	...	316	...	1	18	26	7	384	223	51,671	10,200
...	...	...	29	...	..	1	27	6	...	21	..	...	...	1	...	14	13	2,122	256
...	..	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	15	15
63	...	63	1764	15	10	778	966	369	17	523	3	9	32	48	53	542	311	74,916	11,543
..	...	...	6	...	..	...	6	1	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	..	166	57	2	73	145	61	...	81	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...
...	..	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	3	...	...	..	2	..	...	...	...	...
..	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	..	177	57	2	73	156	62	...	89	...	...	5	3	...	..	...	...	...
3	...	3	132	..	..	46	75	32	..	42	...	6	8	1	...	9	4	897	19
19	8	27	3261	108	7	957	2,316	607	19	1,632	11	36	50	67	...	1419	1096	30,784	12,360
4	...	4	79	9	1	29	61	34	3	17	...	1	1	6	...	19	6	2,346	83
13	..	13	96	...	4	41	61	23	...	38	...	...	...	3	...	24	20	2517	602
1	..	1	345	80	1	126	297	126	..	162	7	...	...	4	...	11	7	313	77
1	2	3	43	...	...	22	22	11	...	11	..	...	2	..	...	4	3	2,047	35
41	10	51	3956	197	13	1,231	2,832	833	22	1,902	18	43	61	81	...	1486	1136	38,904	13,176
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
...	..	...	146	14	...	2	157	8	..	148	...	...	...	2	...	...	..	...	...
...	..	..	4	...	...	3	1	1	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	...
...	...	..	23	...	...	...	23	..	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	..	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	..	1	..	...	...	1	...	..	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	1	31	1428	13	...	48	1,389	16	...	1,349	24	1	...	34	..	...	...	...	...
1	..	1	171	.	...	2	170	..	..	157	...	..	...	8	...	...	...	..	...
31	1	32	1774	27	...	55	1,742	30	...	1,379	24	1	..	44	..	...	..	...	...
172	11	183	8987	353	39	2,556	6,686	1,585	77	4,761	47	64	102	215	77	2045	1457	114,700	26,855

II. D.—(A.) (*Continued.*)

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c., &c.						
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 165, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.		...	...	...	...	...	...
1	121 to 130, 505 ...	... Offences against the State	..	...		...	...	...
2	137	...Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	172, 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 288, ...	Offences against public justice	31	79	17	62	..	...
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ...	Do by public servants	15	19	10	9	...	..
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424, ...	False evidence, false complaints and claims ...	39	51	20	17	...	...
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents...	1	1	1	...	...	...
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring ..	1	2	2	...	...	...
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	1	1	...	1	...	..
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray... ...	9	21	2	19	...	...
		Total.....	97	174	52	108	...	...
		Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.						
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	11	26	7	9	...	...
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	11	26	7	9	...	...
		Class III.—Serious Offences against property.						
12	384 to 389	Extortion	4	3	2	1	...	...
		Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.						
13	323	Hurt	66	155	62	90	12	...
14	345	Wrongful confinement	1	3	3	..	..	...
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	197	490	297	188	..	...
		Total.....	264	648	362	278	12	...
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.						
16	417 to 420	Cheating	25	38	26	8	5	...
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	31	51	26	25	138	40
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	13	13	6	5	95	80
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	75	163	58	98	16	16
		Total.....	144	265	110	136	254	136
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.						
20	493 to 498	..Offences relating to marriage	10	6	2	2	...	...
21	298	Offences against religion	1	7	...	7	5	...
22	490 to 492 ...	....Criminal breach of contract of service ..	..	...	...	...	..	..
23	500 to 502 ...	....Defamation	13	11	9	2	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510 ..	....Intimidation and insult...	182	313	120	189	...	...
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	12	8	...	8	...	...
26	... ...	Offences under Chapters XVIII, XX, XXI, and XXII, C. P. C.	3	13	...	13	...	...
27	... ...	Special laws not cognizable by Police ...	87	185	40	142	...	..
		Total.....	308	543	171	363	5	...
		Grand Total....	808	1659	710	695	271	136

b.51

II. D.—(B.) *Comparative Statement of Cognizable Crime with Result of*

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year, columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and			
							Number of persons arrested.		Number of persons received by transfer.	
			1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	
	Class I.—Offences against State, public tranquillity, and Justice.									
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.		...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
1	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467, and 471 ...	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes ...	...	25	...	...	...	52	...	...
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender ...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	...	14	...	...	...	20	...	...
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	...	27	...	...	...	294	...	...
6	140, 170, 171, ...	Personating public servant or soldier	...	4	...	...	...	6	...	...
		Total	...	74	...	...	...	376	...	...
	Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.									
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		„ dacoits ...	...	2	...	...	...	13	...	...
10		„ robbers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		„ poison	...	10	...	...	...	19	...	...
12		Other murders	...	43	...	...	...	153	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	...	20	...	...	...	43	...	...
14	304, 308, ...	Culpable homicide	...	27	...	...	...	51	...	...
15	376	Rape	...	13	..	...	...	14	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	...	34	...	...	...	47	...	...
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	...	47	...	...	...	49	...	...
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt	...	70	...	...	...	159	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	8	...	...	...	14	...	..
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession ...	...	4	...	...	...	18	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ...	...	87	...	..	...	220	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction ...	...	23	...	...	...	77	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	...	14	...	...	...	12	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution.	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ...	...	...	..	...	..	..	...	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	...	57	...	...	..	144	...	...
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	...	459	...	...	...	1034	...	...

Police Operations in the Bangalore District, for the year 1872.

Percentage of Persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and Percentage of Property recovered.			
Total.		Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873
9 b		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	52	...	30	...	9·2	...	33·3	...	1	...	1	...	100
...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	20	...	19	...	60	...	63·2	...	22	...	...	...	...
...	294	...	258	...	67·3	...	76·7	...	...	...	...	..	...
...	6	...	4	...	66·6	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	376	...	315	...	59·6	...	71·1	...	23	...	1	...	4·35
...	...	...	..	....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	13	...	10	...	53·8	...	70·0	...	68	...	8	...	11·7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	19	...	14	...	26·31	...	35·7	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	153	...	93	...	28·7	...	47·3	...	265	...	2,065	...	...
...	43	...	24	...	27·9	...	50·0	...	79	...	...	...	...
...	51	...	35	...	41·1	...	60·0	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	14	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	47	...	40	...	55·3	...	65·0	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	49	...	33	...	44·9	...	66·6	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
...	159	...	111	...	41·5	...	59·4	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	14	...	12	...	57·1	...	66.6	...	24	...	...	...	...
...	18	...	7	...	11·1	...	28·6	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	220	...	131	...	36·	...	60·3	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	77	...	26	...	5·1	...	15·3	...	36	...	36	...	100·0
...	12	...	11	...	41·7	...	45·5	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...
...	144	...	74	...	29·9	...	58·1	...	330	...	26	...	6·8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1034	...	625	...	33·3	..	55·	...	857	...	2,135	...	...

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total Number of cases investigated during the year, columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.		Number of persons received by transfer.	
			1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	
	Class VI Other Offences not specified above.									
48	311, 400, 401 ...	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
49	Chapter XIX, C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ...	...	79	..	...	...	160	...	...
50	295 to 297, ...	Offences against religion ...	..	1	...	...	...	4	...	...
51	Congnizable offences under the Acts in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ...	...	4	...	...	...	23	...	...
52		„ Excise Laws	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	..
53		„ Railway Laws ...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
54		„ Salt and Custom Laws...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		„ Stage Carriage Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		„ Stamp Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294 Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or Local Laws ...	Public and local nuisances ...	...	967	...	...	...	1471	...	1
58	Do do ...	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	...	80	...	...	...	172	...	...
		Total.....	...	1133	...	...	...	1832	...	1
		Grand Total.....	...	5203	...	...	...	9510	...	11

(*Continued.*)

Percentage of Persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and Percentage of property recovered.			
Total.		Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873
9b	10	11	21	13	14	15		16	17	18	19	20	21
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	160	...	157	...	92·5	..	94·3	..	...	...	...	..	...
...	4	...	1	...	...	..	-	...	...	...	...	...	...
..	23	...	23	...	100	..	100	...	...	...	..	...	...
...	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	...	100	..	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	-	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1472	...	1389	...	91·6	...	97·1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	172	...	170	...	90·3	...	92·4	...	...	...	..	...	...
..	1833	...	1742	...	91·6	..	96·4	..	...	...	...	...	...
...	9521	...	6636	...	50·0	...	71·7	...	114,700	...	26,855	...	23·3

II. D.—(C.) *Thuggee and Dacoity, Administration of Poisonous or Stupefying Drugs for Criminal Purposes, and other Professional Crimes in the Province of Mysore for* 1873.

Description of Crime.	Cases.				Persons.						Comparative Return.															Remarks.
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under columns 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under columns 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in columns 2 and 3.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.	No. of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			
												1871	1872	1873	1871	1872	1873	1871	1872	1873	1871	1872	1873	1871	1872	1873	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13			14			15			16			17			18
Thuggee { By strangulation...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
Thuggee { By poison ...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
Dacoity on land	...	46	...	...	..	259	281	51	170	60	...	...	...	259	...	...	281	...	..	51	..	...	15,044	...	...	507	
Dacoity on water ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
Robbery by administration of poisonous or delcterious drugs																											
(*a*) with murder ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(*b*) without murder ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Other professional crimes, *viz*—																											
Kidnapping	...	25	...	..	...	77	77	4	70	3	...	...	...	77	...	...	77	...	...	4	..	...	36	...	...	36	
Cattle theft	...	125	...	...	...	244	248	130	110	8	...	...	...	244	...	...	248	...	...	130	...	...	1,578	...	...	968	

II. D.—(D.) *Statement of Additional Police collected for the protection of persons and property, or quartered as a punitive measure, in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1873.

District.	Part I. Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property.															Part II. Additional Police quartered as a Punitive Measure.						
	No. of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to columns 5 to 8.		Total cost under columns 9 and 10.		Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Strength of additional Police.			Total cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	Remarks.
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To local or private funds.	Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Number of cases.	Officers.	Men.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Mysore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	1	27	1957 11 9	12 months	..	
Hassan ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...		
Bangalore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	13	916 13 4	6 months	1	
Kolar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
Tumkúr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	
Shimoga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
Kadur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
Chitaldroog ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	5	40	2874 9 1	...	1	

II. E. (E.) *Shewing Strength, Cost, Distribution and Employment of Police in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1873.

District.	Sanctioned strength of Police Force.									Cost of Police.									
	Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.							Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.		Pay and travelling allowances of contributing Officers Column (2), and pay and travelling allowances of their Establishment.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (Column 3,) (2)	Other Expenses of Column 3.		Total Pay of Subordinate Officers, Columns 4 and 5. (4)	Total Pay of Constables of all classes (6, 7, and 8,)	Horse and travelling allowances permanent or otherwise not included in Cols. 11, 13, and 14.	Average Pay of—		Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Cols. 11 to 17.
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards. (1)	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100 (1)	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.		Officers.	Men.			Travelling allowances of District and Assistant Superintendents.	Pay and travelling allowances of their Establishments. (3)				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Mysore	...	...	...	101	...	700	...		49	229	...	...	...	...	15,640	62,433	72	...	...	...
Hassan	...	...	...	81	...	460	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	10,884	25,972	...	...	...	...
Bangalore	...	1	4	169	...	691	...		23	135	...	6,000	429	4,518	37,424	69,037	7,056	...	59	12,215
Kolar	...	...	...	20	...	827	...		1	27	...	...	...	...	5,400	49,284	...	...	83	...
Tumkur	...	...	...	8	...	603	...		...	34	...	...	...	...	3,480	39,872	...	...	57	...
Shimoga	...	...	...	83	...	541	...		1	...	...	...	...	...	9,823	36,173	96	...	66	69
Kadur	...	...	...	70	...	495	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	8,900	20,336	...	...	54	...
Chitaldroog	...	...	6	36	...	200	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	24,720	17,400	2,520	...	42	178
Total...	...	1	10	568	...	4,517	...		74	425	...	6,000	429	4,518	116,331	321,007	9,744	...	...	12,462

II. D.—(E.) (*Continued.*)

District.	Cost of Police.			Distribution of Force. In District.								Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	Proportion of Police (Officers and Men.)					
				Guards at District, Central, or Subsidiary Jails.		Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries to or as escort to Prisoners and Treasure.		On other duties.		On Town Municipal or Harbour Duty.	In Cantonments.			To area. (6)			To Population. (7)		
	Total Cost.	Payable from Imperial Revenues.	Payable from other Sources.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.					Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns. (5)	Of Towns. (5)	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns. (5)	Of Towns. (5)
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34		35	36		37
Mysore ...	78,145	52,606	25,539	...	...	12	101	66	621	279	...	4,127½	943,187	1 to 3·7	1 to 5·1	93 to 1	1 to 881	1 to 1,119	1 to 207
Hassan ...	36,856	35,968	888	...	...	11	64	13	440	13	...	3,291	668,417	1 to 6·1	1 to 6·2	...	1 to 1,235	1 to 1,244	1 to 888
Bangalore ...	136,679	106,101	30,578	1	4	7	36	122	454	158	241	2,914	828,354	1 to 2·8	1 to 4·06	15 to 1	1 to 809	1 to 1,099	1 to 357
Kolar ...	54,744	53,076	1,668	...	...	...	74	20	753	28	...	2,577	618,954	1 to 2·9	1 to 3·	...	1 to 707	1 to 719	1 to 354
Túmkúr ...	43,421	43,421	...	...	...	...	32	8	550	21	...	3,606	632,239	1 to 5·9	1 to 6·1	...	1 to 1,033	1 to 1,051	1 to 532
Shimoga ...	46,092	43,162	2,930	...	...	7	56	9	551	35	...	3,797	468,976	1 to 5·7	1 to 6·1	8 to 1	1 to 757	1 to 782	1 to 315
Kadur ...	29,914	29,914	...	...	...	7	42	63	367	12	...	2,294	333,925	1 to 5·2	1 to 4·8	2 to 1	1 to 591	1 to 594	1 to 441
Chitaldroog ...	44,640	44,640	...	...	...	...	...	36	172	...	...	4,471	531,360	1 to 18·5	1 to 18·5	...	1 to 2,554	1 to 2,527	1 to 166
Total...	470,491	408,888	61,603	1	4	44	405	337	3,908	546	241	27,077½	50,55,412	1 to 4·8	1 to 5·6	...	1 to 903	1 to 999	1 to 396

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II. D.—(F.) *Return shewing equipment, discipline, general internal management of the Force in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1873.

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.											Reward.		Education.				Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Number who have left the Force during the year.								Percentage of casetls during the year to total strength of Force.
						Dismissed.		Fined, degraded or suspended by their own departmental Officers.		Punished Judicially by a Magistrate.							Number of Police rewarded during the year.		Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.				Of ten years' service and upwards.	On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (columns VII and VIII.)	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.	Percentage in Hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, 348, Penal Code.		Under Chapter IX of Penal Code.		Other offences.																
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire-arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Mysore ...	115	1,225	26	3	221	10	166	18	102	...	5	...	...	...	3	...	4	...	...	50	212	20	70	60	484	535	...	17	6	174	50	4	19	...	1·4
Hassan ...	81	460	18	113	...	4	80	18	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	62	151	42	135	25	324	192	...	22	24	34	6	...	2	...	0·37
Bangalore ...	196	826	..	..	759	1	19	64	217	...	1	...	..	...	...	1	3	60	1	196	334	26	56	133	883	...	...	10	72	20	15	5	3	23	0·29
Kolar ...	23	891	...	...	...	...	5	...	47	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	8	3	...	15	122	2	196	10	407	468	4	21	2	5	5	3	9	...	1·2
Túmkúr ..	8	753	23	...	...	1	42	2	124	...	5	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	8	64	...	23	18	298	313	...	126	...	43	...	...	14	...	2·
Shimoga ...	10	649	...	...	35	...	25	3	131	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	6	1	...	9	94	...	...	...	121	538	...	22	3	25	1	...	8	...	11·1
Kadur ...	70	495	...	...	...	.	11	3	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	67	...	26	143	343	148	...	30	17	11	48	...	4	...	0·73
Chitaldroog ...	42	200	...	...	...	...	10	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	34	40	...	18	5	148	60	...	...	16	10	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total...	545	5,499	64	116	1,015	16	308	109	637	...	12	...	3	1	3	1	22	66	1	408	1,084	90	524	394	3,008	2,254	4	248	140	322	125	12	59		·97

H. D.—(G.) *Shewing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and men employed in the Police of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1873.

| DISTRICT. | RACE. | | | | | | | | | | | RELIGION OR CASTE. | | | | | | | | | | |

APPENDIX B.

Nomenclature of Police in the District of Bangalore.

I.

GAZETTED APPOINTMENTS.

1.	Inspector General	Nil.
2.	Deputy Inspector General	
3.	Assistant do.	
4.	District Superintendents	
5.	Assistant District Superintendent	1

II.

SUBORDINATE APPOINTMENTS.

Inspectors (including all Officers below the rank of Assistant District Superintendent, and in receipt of Rs. 100 per mensem, or upwards)	5
Chief Constables or Sub-Inspectors.—Officers receiving less than Rs. 100, per mensem, but Rs. 35 per mensem or upwards	27
Head Constables.—Officers receiving less than Rs. 35 per mensem, but more than the highest grade of Constable	164
Constables	826
Total.....	1,023

II. E.—1. *Statement shewing the Strength, Cost and other Particulars of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore in the year* 1873—74.

Arm of Service.	Total Number of Fighting Officers and Men.							Detail of Force at end of the year.							Average Annual Pay and Allowance of each—					Total Cost, including Contingencies.
	Remaining at end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at end of year.	No. of Regiments, Battalions, or Batteries.	No. of Guns.	No. of Men.				Paid Camp Followers and Non-Combatants.	European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.	Camp Followers.	
			In Action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.							
EUROPEAN.																					
Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Infantry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
NATIVE.																					
Cavalry	2,095	79	...	19	19	...	834	1,321	6	...	...	39	151	1,131	45	...	1,522—2—7·5	1,852—14—8·47	538—12—9·6	407—14—11·02	278—7—0·2	837,227—1—4
Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	330—12—0·97	412—9—3·04	317—13—3·12	193—10—1·3		297,356—3—10
Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		126—3—0·56	90—1—7·9	79—12—10·9		
Infantry	2,419	122	...	11	11	...	193	2,337	4	...	...	74	252	2,010	148	...						11,14,583—5—2
Total	4,514	201	...	30	30	...	1027	3,658	10	...	...	113	403	3,141	193	...						

II. E.—2. *Statement shewing Distribution and Employment of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore in the year* 1873-74.

Arm of Service.	Employment on last day of the year.							Employment during the year.						
	Number of Regiments, Batteries, &c., on Active Service.	Number of permanent Cantonments occupied.	Number of Out-Posts occupied.	Average Number of Men at Head Quarters of each Regiment, Battery, &c., not on Active Service.		Average Number of Men of each Regiment, &c., detailed for Out-post Duty.		Average Number of Days spent by each Man on Active Service.	Average Number of Days spent by each Man not on Active Service.			No. of Divisional or Station Parades during the year.	No. of Regimental Parades during the year.	Average Number of Days devoted to Musketry Instruction, &c.
				On Duty.	Off Duty.	On Duty.	Off Duty.		On Duty.	With Corps or Company not on Duty.	On Furlough.			
Cavalry	...	8	53	57	61	54	54	...	152	199	14	...	288	...
Infantry	...	8	80	222	167	225	...	...	263	96	6	...	48	180

II. E.—3. *Statement shewing Religion, Races and Classes of the Native Officers and Men of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore on the last day of the year.*

	Classification according to Religion, Race, &c.	Average Age.	Average Height.	Average Weight.	General Physiognomy and Characteristics of each Race and Caste.
According to Religion.	Muhammadans ...	28·85	5′ 4″	...	
	Hindus ...	30·65	5′ 4″	...	
	Seikhs ...	31	...	...	
	Christians ...	29·37	...	...	
	Parsis, &c. ...	...	...	...	
	&c. ...	...	...	...	
According to Countries and Races.	Hindustanis ...	26·80	...	...	
	Panjabis ...	31	...	...	
	Affghans ...	...	...	...	
	Beluchis ...	...	...	...	
	From Western Himalayas ...	...	...	...	
	From Eastern Himalayas ...	...	...	...	
	Bengalis ...	...	...	...	
	From Mahratta Countries ...	30·14	5′ 5″	...	
	Telingas ...	30·33	5′ 5″	...	
	Kanarese ...	29·41	...	...	
	Tamils ...	30·75	...	...	
	Malabars ...	...	...	...	
Hindus according to Caste.	Brahmans ...	35·13	5′ 4″	...	
	Rajputs ...	27·6	5′ 5″	...	
	Mahrattas ...	30·14	5′ 4″	...	
	Rache ...	35·75	...	...	
	Kunabis ...	29·33	...	...	
	Telingas or Naidus ...	38·5	...	...	
	Alemans ...	27·8	...	...	
	General Average...	30·7	..	...	

III. STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

A. FINANCE.

1. *Account of the Gross and Net Revenues of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1873—74.

Sources of Income.	Gross Receipts.	Refunds and Drawbacks.	Charges against Income.				Net Receipts.	Deficit.
			Charges of Collection including Cost of Salt and Opium and Cost of maintaining Reproductive Works.	Allowances and Assignments payable under Treaties and other Engagements.	Allowances to District and Village Officers and Inamdars and Charitable grants (None brought into books.)	Total.		
Land Revenue including Sayer ...	81,07,150 2 8	4,821 10 4	8,17,355 13 9	25,68,558 2 1	...	33,85,913 15 10	47,16,414 3 6	
Forest	4,89,371 9 7	280 7 4	2,38,924 3 6	...	...	2,38,924 3 6	2,60,166 14 9	
Excise on spirit and drugs ...	11,50,170 9 3½	328 7 2	19,637 0 9	...	...	19,637 0 9	11,30,205 1 4½	
Tributes and contributions from Native States	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	97,56,692 5 6½	5,430 8 10	10,75,917 2 0	25,68,558 2 1	...	36,44,475 4 1	61,06,786 8 7½	
Assessed Taxes	3,82,595 1 0	...	...	...	...	...	3,82,595 1 0	
Salt ... { Duty on imported... / Excise Duty ... / Government Sales }	15,047 4 9	...	...	...	...	...	15,047 4 9	
Opium ... { Export Duty ... / Government Sales }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Stamps	1,92,728 2 1	2,249 11 7	7,115 15 0	...	...	7,115 15 0	1,83,362 7 6	
Post Office	46,666 9 10	...	1,52,805 6 11	...	...	1,52,805 6 11	...	1,06,138 13 1
Electric Telegraph	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Mint	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Law and Justice. { Refunds ... / Real Fines, &c. ... }	2,497 4 2 / 4,21,917 13 6½	... / 11,267 14 2	...	...	...	...	2,497 4 2 / 4,10,649 15 4½	

III. A.—1. (*Continued.*)

Sources of Income.	Gross Receipts.	Refunds and Drawbacks.	Charges against Income.				Net Receipts.	Deficit.
			Charges of collection including Cost of Salt and Opium and Cost of maintaining Reproductive Works.	Allowances and assignments payable under Treaties and other Engagements.	Allowances to District and Village Officers and Inamdars and Charitable grants (None brought into books.)	Total.		
Police { Refunds	715 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	715 8 0	
Police { Real	535 7 7	...	...	...	...	...	535 7 7	
Education	1,24,870 3 1	...	...	...	...	...	1,24,870 3 1	
Interest	1,240 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	1,240 0 0	
Public Works { Refunds ... Sales ... Real ...	16,127 15 4	...	...	...	...	...	16,127 15 4	
Marine. { Refunds ... Real	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Military Refunds, &c. ...	292 13 6	...	...	...	...	...	292 13 6	
Miscellaneous	90,838 18 11½	988 15 3	...	...	...	...	89,849 14 8½	
Total.....	12,96,073 0 10	14,506 9 0	1,59,921 5 11	...	...	1,59,921 5 11	12,27,783 15 0	1,06,138 13 1
Total Revenue...	110,52,765 6 4½	19,937 1 10	12,35,838 7 11	25,68,558 2 1	...	38,04,396 10 0	73,34,570 7 7½	
Local Funds.								
Municipal Fund	1,72,003 10 9	...	...	...	...	...	1,72,003 10 9	
District Fund	3,14,752 1 9½	...	...	...	...	...	3,14,752 1 9½	
One Anna Cess for Local purposes	1,02,815 10 4	...	...	...	...	...	1,02,815 10 4	
One Anna Tank Fund ..	54,102 3 7	...	...	...	...	...	54,102 3 7	
Miscellaneous Local Cess ...	2,65,849 14 6½	...	...	...	...	...	2,65,849 14 6	
Local Fund General ...	40,279 11 4	...	...	...	...	...	40,279 11 4	
Total.....	9,49,803 4 4	...	...	...	...	...	9,49,803 4 4	
Gross Total...	120,02,568 10 8½	19,937 1 10	12,35,838 7 11	25,68,558 2 1	...	38,04,396 10 0	82,84,373 11 11½	

III. A.—2. *Account of Expenditure from the Net Income of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1873—74.

Subject of Expenditure.	Amount. Last year, 1872—73.			Amount. Present year, 1873—74.		
Interest of the Mysore Government Savings' Bank	1,440	4	10	2,428	5	1
Civil and Political Establishments included under Administration, Inam Commission, and Revenue Survey	14,71,161	6	9	14,82,515	6	7
Civil Contingencies	11,898	3	11	7,278	7	4
Minor Departments	17,717	8	7	38,238	10	5
Judicial charges. { Courts, &c.	8,77,432	2	3¼	8,86,567	3	6½
{ Prisons	1,09,560	8	6	1,20,557	5	4
Police charges	4,44,796	13	11	4,13,153	2	6
Military	10,86,529	11	10	11,26,583	11	5
Marine	...			...		
Mint	25,625	0	0	...		
Deficit.—Post Office	1,06,470	7	1	1,06,138	13	1
Superannuation and retired allowances and religious and charitable grants	1,14,583	1	4	1,83,340	2	7½
Agricultural ... { New	1,14,333	0	0	1,84,061	0	0
{ Repairs	1,87,925	0	0	1,59,584	0	0
Military... ... { New	11,345	0	0	15,100	0	0
{ Repairs	5,413	0	0	3,652	0	0
Civil Buildings ... { New	97,950	0	0	1,34,303	0	0
{ Repairs	22,351	0	0	15,364	0	0
Communications ... { New	1,33,364	0	0	2,07,655	0	0
{ Repairs	3,30,910	0	0	2,67,911	0	0
Miscellaneous Public Improvements { New	4,468	0	0	3,656	0	0
{ Repairs	2,129	0	0	...		
Establishments, &c.	5,13,594	11	4	4,91,270	3	2
	14,23,782	11	4	14,82,556	3	2

III. A.—2. (*Continued.*)

Subject of Expenditure.	Amount. Last year, 1872—73.			Present year, 1873—74.		
Education	2,45,728	9	2	2,35,631	3	11
Muzrayi or religious and charitable Institutions	2,76,693	12	8	2,83,465	12	8
Medical services	1,30,264	14	1	1,34,878	14	2
Stationery and Printing	33,373	5	4	61,880	3	2
Miscellaneous	84,094	11	11	84,247	7	5
Total Provincial.....	64,61,153	5	6¼	66,49,461	0	5
Surplus Provincial..... ..	8,65,547	4	9½	6,85,109	7	2½
Local Funds.						
Municipal Expenditure	1,32,892	9	0	1,52,356	10	11
District Roads and Bridges from District Funds	2,19,364	12	11	2,70,877	3	3
One Anna Cess for Local purposes ... Transferred to Education ..	32,383	10	7	22,899	4	1
One Anna Cess for Local purposes ... Do to District Fund ...	1,08,623	13	½	72,514	5	5
One Anna Cess for Local purposes ... Do to Refunds ...	1,017	13	11	...		
One Anna Tank Fund...	...			...		
Miscellaneous Local Cess	2,94,378	11	6	2,73,419	11	9½
Local Fund General	...			64,886	7	4
Total Local Funds.....	7,88,661	6	11½	8,56,953	10	9½
Grand Total.....	72,49,814	12	5¾	75,06,414	11	2½
Local Fund Surplus.....	1,94,561	11	10	92,849	9	6½
Total Surplus.....	10,60,109	0	7½	7,77,959	0	9

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III. A.—3. *Account of Cash Receipts and Disbursements of the Treasuries of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1873—74.

RECEIPTS.	Amount.	DISBURSEMENTS.	Amount.
Treasury Cash Balance of last year	53,84,912 10 11	Expenditure as per Statement No. 2	75,06,414 11 2½
Net Revenue as per Statement, No. 1	82,84,373 11 11½	Loans, Railway and Interest ...	...
Receipts on account of Loans and Railway	9,613 3 3	Mysore Invested Surplus Account	60,359 8 7
Do of Service Funds...	...	Miscellaneous Local Funds ...	1,47,757 15 5
Mysore Invested Surplus Account	1,63,974 12 1	Advances	30,50,590 12 1½
Miscellaneous Local Funds (not of the nature of Revenue) ...	2,01,937 0 3	Repayment of Deposits ...	4,19,931 9 7
Repayment of Advances ...	30,23,847 12 10½	Bills paid	15,01,406 1 8
Deposits	5,19,890 11 2½	Balance of Remittances ...	9,49,417 13 2
Prize Money	...		
Sale of Waste Land ..	...		
Bills drawn	14,77,735 13 2		
Total.....	190,66,285 11 8½	Total.....	136,35,878 7 9
Disbursements.....	136,35,878 7 9		
Treasury Cash Balances at end of year	54,30,407 3 11½		

III. D.—1. *Crops cultivated in Acres, actual or approximate*, 1873—74.

No.	Districts.	Rice.	Wheat.	Other food grains.	Oil seeds.	Sugar-cane.	Cotton.	Opium.	Indigo.	Fibres.	Tobacco.	Tea.	Coffee.	Vegetables.	Cocoanut and arecanut.	Mulberry.	Lac.	Pepper.	Total.
1	Bangalore	37,358	62	455,260	28,836	1,755	...	170	...	20	882	...	...	4,905	8,117	5,295	171	...	542,831
2	Kolar	36,490	186	386,260	12,213	9,750	132	267	...	314	1,088	...	99	4,087	690	998	...	...	452,574
3	Túmkúr	42,256	17	545,567	13,056	386	1,037	...	...	15	2,754	...	...	8,096	19,000	2,073	200	.	634,457
4	Mysore	58,839	5,950	564,908	33,524	244	3,413	...	...	...	1,894	...	528	19,314	14,305	4,476	...	...	707,395
5	Hassan	64,558	338	276,863	21,921	4,443	48	...	...	252	7,947	...	52,889	13,788	13,573	42	...	...	456,662
6	Shimoga	135,000	60	925,000	6,000	...	10,500	...	...	1,500	160	...	5,000	3,000	18,187	...	...	...	1,104,407
7	Kadur	42,646	2,500	70,100	3,000	443	300	5	3	900	6,500	2	54,606	14	7,844	...	...	...	188,863
8	Chitaldroog... ...	45,825	7,573	821,298	99,565	1,942	28,962	...	...	541	2,314	...	...	93,744	14,404	..	...	...	1,116,168
	Total... ...	462,972	16,686	4045,256	218,115	18,963	44,392	442	3	3,542	23,539	2	1,13,122	1,46,948	96,120	12,884	371	...	5,203,357

III. D.—2. *Statement of Stock.*

DISTRICTS.	Cows and Bullocks.	Horses.	Ponies.	Donkeys.	Sheep and Goats.	Pigs.	Carts.	Ploughs.	Boats.
Bangalore	4,18,085	1,093	3,333	11,894	2,48,615	2,131	19,926	75,189	2
Kolar	3,13,639	1,112	2,798	11,924	3,43,387	2,098	30,015	69,592	...
Túmkúr	2,91,989	734	4,270	5,051	3,53,385	7,159	5,600	88,804	...
Mysore	4,39,573	670	2,700	5,861	3,85,349	2,854	8,373	99,411	45
Hassan	4,29,304	169	2,458	4,406	2,79,214	9,358	3,999	97,142	33
Shimoga	3,85,216	921	1,954	1,671	44,399	3,594	12,113	71,583	61
Kadur	2,81,963	520	1,150	2,123	86,205	5,529	5,924	45,700	16
Chitaldroog	3,51,915	2,789	2,788	6,741	3,97,996	2,634	8,962	72,002	4
Total.....	29,11,684	8,008	21,451	49,671	21,38,750	35,357	94,912	6,19,423	161

III. D.—3. *Rates of Rent and Produce for* 1873—74.

| Districts. | Average Rent per Acre, for land suited for— | | |

IV. STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION.

A. ECCLESIASTICAL.

Return of Religious Institutions of Various Denominations in the Province of Mysore for the year ending 31st March 1874.

Profession.	Number of Churches or Institutions.	Number of Ministers or Priests.	Number of Persons attending worship.	Income.			From Fees and Offerings.	Explanatory Remarks.
				Paid by Government.	From endowed Property.			
					In land.	In money.		
Christian. Roman Catholic ...	84	1 Bishop and 25 Priests	26,500	360	93	...	...	
Christian. Church of England ...	6	6	2,113	31,872	...	...	5,491	
Christian. Church of Scotland ...	1	1	400	9,600	...	...	1,465	
Christian. Protestant Dissenters Wesleyans ...	11	9	1,800	...	...	...	...	
Christian. Protestant Dissenters Independents..	2	14	426	...	...	...	1,238	The Mission is sustained chiefly by Funds from England.
Christian. Protestant Dissenters Baptists ...	1	1	90	...	...	...	...	
Christian. Greeks ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Christian. Armenians ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Christian. Unitarians ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Hindu	24,434	16,546	8,98,165	2,39,742	24,430	19,929	23,493	
Muhammadan. Sunî	774	578	64,515	15,429	798	507	480	
Muhammadan. Shiah... ...	1	...	56	...	...	...	...	
Sikh	16	16	5,520	14	...	8	200	
Buddhist or Jain	146	70	10,669	4,287	252	319	1,954	
Total.....	25,476	17,267	10,09,634	301,304	25,573	20,763	34,321	

Scholars attending them, for the official year ending 31st March 1874.

INSTITUTIONS.						AIDED INSTITUTIONS.				
Religious or national classification of Scholars as on 31st March.						Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Scholars on the 31st March learning through—	
Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.			Others.				English.	Vernacular only.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
...	...	13			...	...	...	...	...	...
...	13	3			1	...	...	...	...	...
...	652	34			33	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,462	52			74	5	851	718	851	653
...	239	5			6	7	554	445	534	254
...	...	...			...	..	...	...	...	...
...	15,606	1,633			67	59	3,364	2,681	327	3,267
...	...	...			...	..	...	...	...	...
...	249	3			...	23	1,651	1,226	56	1,641
...	...	...			...	4	380	341	329	51
...	...	...			...	5	271	217	276	...
...	18,221	1,743			181	103	7,071	5,628	2,373	5,866

No. 2.

Class of Institutions.	Aided Institutions. (*Contd.*)					Unaided Institu-		
	Religious or national classification of Scholars as on 31st March.					Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.
	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.		Others.			
	18	19	20	21	22 23	24	25	26
Colleges or Department of Colleges affiliated to the University in—								
Arts								
Law								
Medicine								
Engineering								
Colleges not affiliated to the University—								
Madrasas								
Medical Schools (Vernacular)								
Normal Schools—								
For Masters	...	...	...		...	...	...	...
For Mistresses								
Schools of Art	...	...	...		...	1	25	25
Other Technical Schools ...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...
Schools for Boys—								
Higher Schools (English) ...	...	595	8		248	...	...	...
Middle Schools teaching through... English	...	284	20		250	...	...	...
Middle Schools teaching through... Vernacular only	...	...	...		...	...	...	...
Lower and Primary Schools ...	...	2,034	227		103	1,530	18,733	18,733
Schools for Girls—	...	...	...		...	...	...	...
For Natives of India ...	...	1,431	133		87	5	156	156
For Europeans and others ...	...	51	..		329	...	...	...
Mixed Schools (Boys and Girls)	...	5	...		266	...	...	...
Total.....	...	4,400	1,388		1,283	1,536	18,914	18,914

IV. B.—1 *Result of the Examinations of the University of Madras for the official year ending 31st March 1874.*

Nature of Examination	No. of Institutions sending up candidates.			Number of Candidates sent up.				Number of Candidates passed.				Religious or national classification of passed Candidates.						Remarks.
												Natives of India.					Europeans.	
	Government Institutions.	Private Institutions.	Total.	From Government Institutions.	From private Institutions.	Private students.	Total.	From Government Institutions.	From private Institutions.	Private students.	Total.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans	Coorgs.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Entrance or Matriculation ...	7	6	13	65	72	18	155	23	20	*	43	2	29	...	2	...	10	*Not known
Arts. First Arts ...	3	1	4	14	5	12	31	8	2	*	10	...	9	1	...	...	...	...
Arts. Bachelor of Arts ...																		
Arts. Master of Arts ...																		
Law. Licentiate of Law ...																		
Law. Bachelor of Law ...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	4	4	1	3	...	...	...	...	
Law. Doctor of Law ...																		
Medicine. First L. M. S. ...																		
Medicine. L. M. S. ...																		
Medicine. First B. M. ...																		
Medicine. B. M. ...																		
Medicine. M. D. ...																		
Engineering. First L. C. E. ...																		
Engineering. L. C. E. ...																		
Engineering. B. C. E. ...																		
Engineering. M. C. E. ...																		
Total.....	10	7	17	79	77	34	190	31	22	4	57	3	41	1	2	...	10	

IV. B.—2. *Return of Colleges and Schools and the*

Class of Institutions.	Government				
	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Scholars on the 31st March learning through—	
				English.	Vernacular only.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Colleges or Department of Colleges affiliated to the University in—					
Arts*					
Law					
Medicine					
Engineering					
Colleges not affiliated to the University—					
Madrasas					
Medical Schools (Vernacular) ...					
Normal Schools—					
For Masters	3	13	10	...	13
For Mistresses	...	...	...	...	...
Schools of Art ...	2	17	15	17	...
Other Technical Schools ...	5	719	719	29	690
Schools for Boys— ...					
Higher Schools (English) ...	7	1588	1,316	1,588	1,545
Middle Schools teaching through { English ...	6	250	187	250	250
Middle Schools teaching through { Vernacular only.	..	...	...	...	...
Lower and Primary Schools ...	638	17,306	12,991	...	17,306
Schools for Girls— ...	...	...	...	...	...
For Natives of India	9	252	201	...	252
For Europeans and others ...	...	...	...	...	...
Mixed Schools (Boys and Girls.) ...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	670	20,145	15,439	1,884	20,056

*In those Provinces where Colleges are divided into those teaching Arts and Science.

Province of Mysore for the official year ending 31st March 1874.

Received.							Expended.
Endowments.	Subscriptions.	Municipal Grants.	From Revenues of Native States.	Fees and Fines.	Funds not included in foregoing headings.	Total.	Total.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	12,883	12,883
...	...	...	...	...	...	32,873	32,873
...	...		...	...	...	1,994	1,938
...	...		...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	164	...	762	598
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,595	1,595
..	...	...	...	9,505	...	52,799	43,294
...	3,676	...	...	9,708	7,569	32,888	33,386
...	...	...	...	596	...	8,041	7,445
83	998	...	500	2,216	7,133	15,504	15,555
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	2,990	...	80,359	77,369
561	7,777	...	...	1,854	2,388	24,005	24,382
...	...	...	...	6	...	2,744	2,738
10	6,913	...	...	300	4,197	17,880	17,183
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	391	...	...	5,472	528	11,031	10,550
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
2,891	3,533	...	...	1,556	999	11,319	8,042
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,560	1,560
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..
...	2,199	...	...	...	...	11,435	11,435
...	...	...	...	..	...	15,707	15,707
3,545	25,487	...	500	34,367	22,814	3,35,379	3,18,433

from Public Works Budget.

IV. B.—4. *Distribution of Government Colleges and Schools, and of all Schools and Colleges aided and inspected by Government, in the several Districts under the Government of Mysore and in the States subject to administrative supervision.*

Names of Districts and Native States.	Vernacular spoken.	Area in square miles.	Estimate of Population.	Number of Schools.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average Number of Square Miles to each School.	Percentage of Scholars to Population.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bangalore ...	Kanarese, Tamil, Telugu and Hindustani ...	2,914	828,354	415	13,117	7·02	1·58	
Kolar ...	Kanarese, Telugu and Hindustani ...	2,577	618,954	183	5,204	9·04	·84	
Túmkúr ...	Do ...	3,606	632,239	389	6,224	9·27	·98	
Mysore ...	Kanarese and Hindustani ...	4,127	943,187	334	6,283	12·35	·66	
Hassan ...	Do ...	3,291	668,417	249	3,885	13·21	·58	
Shimoga ...	Kanarese, Mahratti and Hindustani ...	3,797	498,976	178	4,009	21·33	·80	
Kadur ...	Kanarese and Hindustani ...	2,294	333,925	292	2,814	11·94	·84	
Chitaldroog ...	Kanarese, Telugu and Hindustani ...	4,471	531,360	269	4,594	16·62	·86	
Total of all Districts and States.....		27,077	5,055,412	2,309	46,130	11·72	·91	

(Continued.)

TIONS UNDER INSPECTION.							GENERAL TOTAL OF—							
Number of Scholars on the 31st March learning through—		Religious or national classification of Scholars as on 31st March.					Grand Total of Institutions.	Grand Total of Scholars on the 31st March.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.			
English.	Vernacular only.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.		Others.								Others.
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
...	...	...	...	...			...	3	13	...	...	13	...	...	...
...	25	...	25	...			...	3	42	...	38	3	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...			...	5	719	...	652	34	...	...	33
...	...	...	...	...			...	12	2,439	...	2,057	60	...	...	322
...	...	...	...	...			...	13	804	...	523	25	...	...	256
...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
205	20,380	...	18,733	...			...	2,227	39,403	...	36,373	2,860	...	...	170
...	...	...	...	..			...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	177	...	156	...			...	37	2,059	...	1,836	336	...	...	87
...	...	...	...	...			...	4	380	...	51	...	...	...	329
...	...	...	...	...			...	5	271	...	5	...	...	...	266
226	20,582	...	18,914	...				2,309	46,130	...	41,535	3,131	...	...	1,464

IV.—B. 3. *Receipts and Expenditure of Educational Establishments in the*

Nature of Establishments.	Grants from Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.
1	2	3
University	...	...
Direction	12,883	...
Inspection	26,086	6,787
Colleges or Departments of colleges affiliated to the University—		
Arts — Government		
Arts — Aided		
Law		
Medicine		
Engineering		
Colleges or Departments of colleges not affiliated to the University—		
Madrasas		
Medical Schools (Vernacular)		
Normal Schools—		
For Masters — Government	1,938	56
For Masters — Aided	...	...
For Mistresses — Government		
For Mistresses — Aided		
Schools of Arts—		
Other Technical Schools — Government	598	...
Other Technical Schools — Aided	600	995
Schools for Boys—		
Higher Class, English — Government	43,294	...
Higher Class, English — Aided	11,935	...
Middle Class, English — Government	7,445	...
Middle Class, English — Aided	4,560	14
Middle Class, Vernacular — Government	..	...
Middle Class, Vernacular — Aided	...	...
Lower Class and Primary — Government	32,338	45,031
Lower Class and Primary — Aided	11,257	168
Schools for Girls—		
For Natives of India — Government	2,738	...
For Natives of India — Aided	6,460	...
For Europeans and others — Government	...	...
For Europeans and others — Aided	4,640	...
Mixed Schools (boys and girls) — Government	...	...
Mixed Schools (boys and girls) — Aided	2,340	...
Scholarships—		
In Colleges — Government	...	...
In Colleges — Endowed	...	...
In Schools — Government	1,560	...
In Schools — Endowed	...	...
Buildings	* 9,236	...
Miscellaneous	11,783	3,924
Total	1,91,691	56,975

* Rs. 4,118

IV. C.

SCIENTIFIC AND LITERARY SOCIETIES.

IV. C.—1. *Annual Return in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1873—74.

Name.	Objects.	Income.				Members or Visitors.				Registered or not.	When established.
		From Government.	Endowments.	Subscription.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Juvenile.	Total.		
BANGALORE.											
Bangalore Book Society	Literary	...	...	3,200	3,200	77	...	...	77	Not.	1845
Literary and Scientific Institute.	Moral and Intellectual Instruction ...	600	...	995	1,595	82	...	...	82	...	1868
Mutual Improvement Society	Mutual improvement of its members by means of Lectures, discussions, essay readings, library, periodicals, &c.	...	9	202	211	62	...	...	62	...	1867
Mysore Museum ...	To illustrate the products and resources of Mysore...	4,032	...	...	4,032	88,625	35,249	...	123.874	...	1865
St. John's Library for Pensioners	To supply suitable News-papers and Books for residents in St. John's Hill.	...	...	312	312	28	7	2	37	...	1854
MYSORE.											
United Schools Mutual Improvement and Athletic Sports Society	Mental culture and physical exercises.	..	...	141	141	45	...	...	45	...	1867

2.51

THE

IV. C.—2. *Annual Return in the Province*

Name of Press.	Number of Newspapers.						Periodicals.							
	Daily.		Bi or Tri-weekly.		Weekly.		Monthly.		Quarterly		Yearly.		Occasionally.	
	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages
The Government Press ...	...	-	...	...	The Mysore Gazette in English and Kanarese.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Jail Press ...	This Press is entirely employed in printing Forms, Statements, Returns and Reports for Government Offices.													
...ition Press ...	..		...	..	Mysore Vrittanta Bodhini in English and Kanarese. 500		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

PRESS.

of Mysore for the year ending 31st March 1874.

BOOKS PUBLISHED IN THE YEAR.			
English.		Other Languages.	
Names of Books.	No. of Copies.	Names of Books.	No. of Copies.
		Kanarese.	
Annual Report of the Lock Hospital Committee for 1872 ...	50	Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871 ...	100
Memorandum on the Mysore Water supply	15	The Government Savings' Bank Act V of 1873	150
District Fund Budget for 1873-74	80	Railway Act XVIII of 1854 ...	150
Coorg Public Works Progress Report for 1872-73 ...	100	Railway Act XXV of 1871 ...	150
Annual Report on Irrigation Branch for 1873-74 ...	120	The Pension Act XXIII of 1871 ...	150
Mysore Public Works Progress Report for 1872—73	120	Manual of Cattle Disease (in part) finished	2,000
Coorg Public Works Budget for 1874—75	100	Geography (in part finished) ...	5,000
Supplemental District Fund Budget for 1873—74	50	Thacker's Manual of Cattle Disease (in part finished)	900
Accounts of Appropriation and Outlay on Mysore State Railway for 1872—73	8	Amara Kosha (in part finished) ...	5,000
Do do do on Public Works in Coorg for 1872—73	10	First Book	20,000
Do do do on Irrigation Works in Mysore do ...	15	Padyasara (In part)	10,000
Do do do on Roads and Buildings do ...	15	Pampa Ramayana (in part) ...	500
Do do do of District Fund ... do ...	20		
Mysore Irrigation Budget for 1874—75	100		
Mysore Public Works Budget for 1874—75	150		
The Government Savings' Bank Act V of 1873	50		
Railway Act No. XVIII of 1854	200		
Railway Act No. XXV of 1871	200		
Coorg Police Administration Report for 1872—73	370		
Manual of Roads for Mysore	100		
Select Fables in Poetry	1,000		
The Pension Act XXIII of 1871	50		
Annual Report on Public Instruction in Mysore for 1872—73 ...	250		
Coorg Registration Report for 1872—73	100		
Coorg Administration Report for 1872—73	350		
Mysore Registration Report for 1872—73	100		
Coorg Educational Report for 1872—73	250		
Report on the Operations of the Money Order Department for 1872-73	50		
Mysore Administration Report for 1872—73	250		
Mysore Annual Department Reports for 1872—73 (In part) ...	150		
Treatise on Small-Pox in English and Kanarese (In part) ...	1,000		
Mysore Census Report	1,200		
First Book	10,000		
Wesleyan Mission Report for Mysore	250	The story of Jatibhedasu a, a tract ...	2,000
London Mission Report	400	Hand bill No. 12 ...	4,000
St. Andrew's School Report	150	Act XIII of 1871	3,020
Description of Halebid Temple	100	Sermon on the Mount	200
Child's First Book	500	Words of Wisdom	1,000
Annual Report of the Malabar Club	300	Sin of Idolatry	1,000
Bangalore Bank Rules	50	Strictures on Vedantism	2,000
Report of the Bangalore Orphanage	300	Hand bills	44,000
		Wreath of Songs ...	2,000

Name of Press.	Number of Newspapers.						Periodicals.							
	Daily.		Bi or Tri-weekly.		Weekly.		Monthly.		Quarterly		Yearly.		Occasionally.	
	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Language	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages
Caxton Press ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Examiner Press	...	..	Bangalore Examiner.		...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	..
Roman Catholic Press ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Spectator Press	...	..	Bangalore Spectator 494		Mysore Budget 494	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chatur Veda Siddhanta Sabha Press ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Krishnaraj Vilasa Press.	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Karnatik Press ...	...	...	...	...	The Karnataka Prakasika in English and Kanarese.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mysore Book Depôt Press. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Law Journal in Kanarese.	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vichara Darpana Press ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(Continued.)

Books Published in the year.				
English.		Other Languages.		
Names of Books.	No. of Copies.	Names of Books.	No. of Copies.	Remarks.
		Satika Paramartha Gite... ...	2,250	
		Vemanna Sarvagna Samavâda ...	2,000	
		Venkatesa Sataka	2,000	
		Satika Jaimini Bharata	3,000	
		Sarangatarana Kathe	1,000	
		Amara, 1st Part (in Balaband) ..	2,000	
		Nija Linga Sataka	1,000	
		Betala Kathe	2,000	
		Airavata	2,000	
		Anubhavámrita...	3,000	
		Karnárjunara Kálaga	2,000	
		Amara, 1st Part	4,000	
		Jaimini Bharata	8,000	
		Hindustani.		Tries to defend the blame put on Islam by the Christians and shews what benefit Islam has brought on the world.
		Tarikh-i-Hind	500	
		Geography	500	
		Zubdatul Hisab	500	In this year more than a hundred articles on various topics both useful to the people and Government have been published in the Mysore Akhbar.
		Hakhaikál Maujudat	600	
		First Book	2,000	
		Tahkikul Kavanin	1,000	
		Mantakh bi Naho	500	
		Hikaet-i-Latifa	500	
		Misbahu Salat...	500	
		Khutbat	500	
		Khowli Fasil	300	
		Adabin Nisa	500	
		Kitabin Nisa	500	
		Sabilal Jenan	500	
		Talim Namah II part	500	
		Sirrat Shahadat	500	
		Zovajir	500	
		Akhwani Safa	500	
		Karimah	500	
		Amdun	500	
		Ahmed Khan Shirvani	500	
		Chebal Sabak	1,000	
		Khavaidi Bugdadi	1,000	
		Athumd	1,000	
		Alif Lam Mim	1,000	
		Khasim ul Islam	250	

V. STATISTICS OF LIFE.

A. BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES.

Statement shewing the Deaths registered in the Registration Circles and Towns of the Mysore Province during the year 1873.

Number.	Districts.	Deaths registered from different Causes.																										
		Cholera.			Small-pox.			Fevers.			Bowel complaints.			Injuries.											All other Causes.		
														Suicide.			Wounding.			Accident.			Snake bite or killed by wild beasts.					
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1	Bangalore ...	...	1	1	276	266	542	3,013	2,558	5,571	352	239	591	15	23	38	18	3	21	99	70	169	23	15	38	2,346	2,258	4,604
2	Kolar	...	...	...	209	178	387	1,953	1,776	3,729	315	323	638	19	15	34	13	3	16	65	86	151	22	17	39	1 360	1 258	2,618
3	Túmkúr ...	..	1	1	296	252	548	1,567	1,291	2,858	336	286	622	6	8	14	5	5	10	50	42	92	16	7	23	1,012	937	1,949
4	Mysore	...	1	1	228	218	446	3,616	2,475	6,091	611	412	1,023	7	7	14	12	6	18	59	32	91	17	8	25	758	517	1,275
5	Hassan	5	...	5	281	211	492	1,975	1,361	3,336	319	225	544	2	5	7	11	2	13	53	27	80	19	8	27	854	553	1,407
6	Shimoga ...	...	...	...	53	46	99	1,601	1,374	2,975	539	472	1,011	14	13	27	5	5	10	18	13	31	14	6	20	512	572	1,084
7	Kadur	4	...	4	153	102	255	1,178	918	2,096	434	328	762	7	6	13	6	1	7	31	18	49	8	5	13	247	239	486
8	Chitaldroog ...	..	...	...	157	126	283	1,183	1,005	2,188	298	296	594	5	6	11	5	3	8	34	24	58	17	8	25	525	497	1,022
	Total	9	3	12	1,653	1,399	3,052	14,096	12,758	28,854	3,204	2,581	5,785	75	83	158	75	28	103	409	312	721	136	74	210	7,614	6,831	14,445